Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Prepared by:

Finance and Taxation Department

Louise Kallstrom Director, Finance and Taxation

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the County Commissioners Columbia County St. Helens, Oregon

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Columbia County (the County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above presented fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The supplementary and other information, as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CRF) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents and the schedule of federal awards, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 8, 2020 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated January 8, 2020, on our consideration of compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

For Clark Nuber P.S.

Mithe K & force

Bellevue, Washington January 8, 2020

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

As management of Columbia County, we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the County's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 (FY19). We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the financial statements (starting on page 21) as well as in our letter of transmittal (found earlier in this document).

Financial Highlights -

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Columbia County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$50,627,051 (net position). Of this amount, unrestricted assets are negative \$(14,844,437)as shown in the table on page 8. This deficit is attributable to governmental activities and is further discussed in the government-wide financial analysis section of this Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) found on pages 8 to 16.
- The County's total net position increased by \$2,507,816 from last year, a change of more than 5.2 percent.
- County's current assets saw an annual increase of \$5.4 million to end the year at \$27,996,764, a change of 24.1 percent.
- The value of capital assets net of depreciation decreased by \$1,730,137 government-wide, further discussed on on pages 18, 49 and 50.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, Columbia County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$22,156,684, an increase of 24.6% from last year, or \$4,380,829. The Jail Operations Fund, Community Corrections Fund and the Roads Fund account for \$7,851,724 of the total fund balance. Of the County's 20 governmental funds, 14 equaled or grew in fund balance relative last year. The greatest fund balance increase was in the Columbia County Development Agency Fund at \$2,386,652 while the largest fund balance decline was in the Transit Fund at \$433,947.
- At the end of FY19, fund balance, as shown on page 23, for the General Fund is \$4,115,578, a decrease of 7.2% relative to last year. Unassigned fund balance is 90.7% of total General Fund balance at \$3.7 million.
- Total government-wide outstanding debt increased by \$2,536,110 during the year (see page 19), attributable to increase in the County's net pension liability.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The discussion and analysis are intended to serve as introductions to Columbia County's basic financial statements which are comprised of three components:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the financial statements

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

This report contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Columbia County's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of Columbia County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Columbia County is improving or deteriorating. Note, in prior years, "net position" was expressed as "net assets."

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (government activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of Columbia County include general government, public safety, roads and bridges, economic development, health and welfare, and culture and recreation. The Solid Waste Transfer Station is the only business-type activity of the County.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County itself (known as the primary government), but also the legally separate Meadowview Lighting District; the Urban Renewal Agency, the CCDA; and the 4-H & Extension Service District. Though legally separate, the CCDA, Lighting District and the 4-H Extension Service District's governing body is identical to the County's and the County is financially accountable. Because the services of these entities are exclusively for the benefit of the County, their financial data are included as governmental funds and blended component units. Complete financial statements for the CCDA and for the 4-H & Extension Service District may be obtained at the Office of the Finance Director, 230 Strand Street, St. Helens, Oregon 97051.

The government-wide financial statements are found on pages 21 and 22.

Fund Financial Statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Columbia County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Columbia County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Ending fund balance is expressed in the categories of nonspendable (prepaid expenditure and inventory), restricted (determined by law or contractual terms), committed (reserved by the governing body for a specific purpose), assigned (reserved by governing body for specific purpose) and unassigned (unrestricted funds). This reporting structure presumes that proprietary and special revenue funds' ending fund balances will never have unassigned balances as their assets are all restricted for the special purpose of the respective fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the governmentwide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resource, as well as on balances of spendable resources at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and change in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Governmental Activities Column on the Statement of Net Position - The measurement criteria for each statement result in several significant differences between these two statements. Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not included in the fund balance but they are part of net position. Liabilities which will be liquidated more than one year from the balance sheet date are not reported on the balance sheet but are reported on the Statement of net Position. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources, related primarily to reporting the County's defined benefit pension plan, are reported in the Statement of Net Position but not on the Balance Sheet. The full reconciliation can be found on page 24.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to the Governmental Activities Column on Statement of Activities - The fund balances of the County's governmental funds increased by \$4,380,829 during FY19 while the net position of the governmental activities increased by \$1,450,272. The difference between governmental fund balance and net position is due to fiscal year transactions that are reported differently on each statement. Repayments of long-term debt and expenditures for the acquisition of capital assets are not reported as expenses on the Statement of Activities. Instead they are reductions of noncurrent liabilities and additions to capital assets, respectively. Other reconciling items include accrued revenues and expenses and changes in accruals and deferrals that affect net position. The largest item was the difference in the way debt service payments are recognized on the statements. Principal payments are reported only in the governmental fund statements as expenditures, but not as an expense on the Statement of Activities, as it is a use of financial resources, but a reduction of long-term liabilities, in the current period.

As noted, Columbia County maintains 20 individual funds that combine to make up governmental activity. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the government fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, three special revenue funds (the Road Fund, Community Corrections Fund and Jail Operations Fund), with the data from the other 17 governmental funds combined into a single, aggregated presentation (Other Governmental). Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the Supplementary Information section of this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each major fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 23 - 29 of this report.

<u>Proprietary Fund</u> - Since the opening of the Solid Waste Transfer Station in 2006, the County maintains an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses this fund to account for all activity related to the transfer station and solid waste services to county residents.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 30 - 32 of this report.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support County programs.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 33 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements are found from page 34 - 69.

<u>Required Supplementary Information</u> - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's progress in funding its obligations to the citizenry and its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 70 of this report.

Other Supplementary Information - The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds and internal service funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information for major funds. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found starting on page 73 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Government-Wide Net Position Generally, net position serves over time as a useful indictor of a government's financial position. The County's assets exceeded liabilities by \$50,627,051 at the close of the current fiscal year and \$48,119,235 at the close of the prior fiscal year. All categories of net position increased in FY19: the net investment in capital assets decreased \$1.7 million; restricted purpose net position increased \$9.2 million and unrestricted net position deficit of \$4.1 million (details noted in the next table).

	Total Gove	ernment-Wide		
	2019	2018	Change	_% Change
Assets:				
Current and other assets	\$ 27,996,764	\$ 22,566,072	\$ 5.430.692	
Capital assets (net of depreciation)	44,077,796	45,807,933	-,.50,032	24.1%
		+5,007,533	(1,730,137)	-3.8%
Total Assets	72,074,560	68,374,005	3,700,555	5.4%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	6,018,370	3,879,592	2,138,778	55.1%
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities	2,675,336	2,526,797	140.530	
Net pension liability	13,825,912	10,805,399	148,539	5.9%
Long-term outstanding liabilities	9,673,789		3,020,513	28.0%
3		10,184,955	(511,166)	-5.0%
Total Liabilities	26,175,037	23,517,151	2,657,886	11.3%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,290,842	617,211	673,631	109.1%
Net Position:				
Net investment in capital assets	42,051,082	/2 EC1 002	(4.540.004)	
Restricted for debt services	+2,031,002	43,561,083 25,065	(1,510,001)	-3.5%
Restricted for system development	2	1,046,015	(25,065)	-100.0%
Restricted purpose: grant, contract,		1,040,015	(1,046,015)	-100.0%
fund pol, ORS	23,420,406	14,190,656	9,229,750	65.0%
Unrestricted surplus (deficit)	(14,844,437)	(10,703,584)	(4,140,853)	38.7%
* . I.v			(1,210,000)	36.770
Total Net Position	\$ 50,627,051	\$ 48,119,235	\$ 2,507,816	5.2%

The total governmental unrestricted deficit decreased by 3.5% compared to last year to \$10.7 million. The increase in unrestricted net position is primarily driven by the impact of a decrease in the net pension liability.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

The largest portion of Columbia County's net position at \$42,051,082, representing 83% of governmentwide net position, is net investment in capital assets (e.g. infrastructure, land, buildings, machinery and equipment, reduced by related debt). Columbia County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. These assets are not available for future spending.

This year, the value of net investment in capital assets decreased \$1.5 million. Information on capital asset investment and debt levels can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements beginning on page 49.

Business Type Activity - At the end of the current fiscal year, a positive and increasing net position for the government's business-type activity, the Solid Waste Transfer Station, is seen. Cash holdings have increased due to the continued positive revenue to expenditure relationship this year. The decline in capital assets is due to depreciation expense offset by one capital equipment acquisition.

See page 50 in the Notes to the Financial Statements for more details on capital assets specific to the business-type activity Solid Waste Transfer Station Fund.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Long-term debt liability declined at a constant rate of \$251,911. Details on the long term debt are found in the Notes to the Financial Statements on page 54.

		Business-	Туре	Activities			
		2019		201	.8	Change	% Change
Assets:						criange	% Change
Current and other assets Other noncurrent assets Capital assets (net of depreciation)	\$	3,163,878 - 3,806,225	\$	2,249,874 338 3,890,4 11	3	\$ 914,004 (338) (84,186)	40.6% -100.0%
Total Assets		6,970,103		6,140,623		829,480	-2.2% 13.5%
Deferred Outflows of Resources		40,311		26,524		13,787	52.0%
Liabilities:							
Current liabilities Net OPEB liability Net pension liability Long-term outstanding liabilities		436,775 4,049 98,441 1,191,749		421,810 5,236 78,850 1,443,660		14,965 (1,187) 19,591 (251,911)	3.5% -22.7% 24.8% 17.4%
Total Liabilities	1	,731,014		1,949,556		(218,542)	-11.2%
Deferred Inflows of Resources		8,701		4,436		4,265	96.1%
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets Restricted purpose: grant, contract,	2	,362,566		2,167,675		194,891	9.0%
fund pol, ORS Unrestricted surplus (deficit)		.256,465 .348,332)		700,000 1,345,480		4,556,465 (3,693,812)	650.9%
Total Net Position	\$ 5,	270,699	\$	4,213,155	\$	1,057,544	-274.5% 25.1%

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Governmental Activity - The deficit in governmental unrestricted of \$12,496,105 is primarily due to the net pension liability (discussed previously). Total net position in governmental activities increased by \$1.5 million, or 3.3 percent, in FY19.

	Governmenta			0/ Chango
	2019	2018	Change	% Change
Assets: Current and other assets Other noncurrent assets Capital assets (net of depreciation)	\$ 24,832,886 112,583 40,158,988	\$ 20,316,198 39,903 41,877,281	\$ 4,516,688 72,680 (1,718,293)	22.2% 182.1% -4.1%
Total Assets	65,104,457	62,233,382	2,871,075	4.6%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,978,059	3,853,068	2,124,991	55.2%
Liabilities: Current liabilities Net pension liability	2,238,561 13,727,471 8,477,991_	2,104,987 10,726,549 8,736,059	133,574 3,000,922 (258,068)	6.3% 28.0% -3.0%
Long-term outstanding liabilities Total Liabilities	24,444,023	21,567,595	2,876,428	13.3%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,282,141	612,775	669,366	109.2%
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service Restricted for system development	39,688,516	41,393,408 25,065 1,046,015	(1,704,892) (25,065) (1,046,015)	-4.1% -100.0% -100.0%
Restricted for system development Restricted purpose: grant, contract, fund pol, ORS Unrestricted surplus (deficit)	18,163,941 (12,496,105)	13,490,656 (12,049,064)	4,673,285 (447,041)	34.6%
Total Net Position	\$ 45,356,352	\$ 43,906,080	\$ 1,450,272	3.3%

Statement of Activities - The tables on the following pages detail governmental activities, business-type activities and government-wide activities in the Revenue and Expense Statement perspective. It also clearly shows the change in net position for the year (located near the foot of each table).

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Government-Wide - The increase of \$2.5 million in governmental-wide activity net position is a 5.2% increase to last year's net position.

Revenue:	Total Gov 2019	ernment-Wide 2018	Total Change Increase/ (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Program revenues-				
Charges for services				
	\$ 13,627,985	' '	\$ 532,597	4.1%
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	11,120,529	11,203,222	(82,693)	-0.7%
General revenues-	1,972,123	3,620,919	(1,648,796)	-45.5%
Property taxes				
	13,283,942	13,583,851	(299,909)	-2.2%
Franchise and public service taxes	80,674	187,294	(106,620)	-56.9%
Mineral, royalties and timber revenue	2,131,010	1,315,356	815,654	62.0%
Investment earnings	454,379	247,985	206,394	83.2%
Other revenue	324,116	1,198,501	(874,385)	-73.0%
Total Revenue	42,994,758	44,452,516	(1,457,758)	-3.3%
Expenses:				
General government	11,992,914	10.055.627		
Roads and bridges	6,430,337	10,955,627	1,037,287	9.5%
Public safety	14,669,414	7,375,845	(945,508)	-12.8%
Health and welfare	1,459,045	13,469,977	1,199,437	8.9%
Culture and recreation	1,074,714	997,175	461,870	46.3%
Economic development	1,766,835	1,150,499	(75,785)	-6.6%
Interest on long-term debt	583,536	1,976,470	(209,635)	-10.6%
Business-type activities	2,510,147	655,597	(72,061)	-11.0%
	2,310,147	2,508,263	1,884	0.1%
Total Expenses	40,486,942	39,089,453	1,397,489	3.6%
Revenue Over/(Under) Expenses	2,507,816	5,363,063	(2,855,247)	-53.2%
Change in Net Position	2,507,816	5,363,063	(2,855,247)	-53.2%
Net position, beginning of period	48,119,235	42,756,172	5,363,063	12.5%
Net Position, End of Period	\$ 50,627,051	\$ 48,119,235	\$ 2,507,816	5.2%

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Total revenues decreased by 4.1 percent - nearly \$1.7 million - while expenses increased by 3.8 percent over last year's level. This dynamic explains both the ending net position increase as well as the positive trend in the change in net position metric. The \$1.4 million increase in expenses was led by increases in general government, roads and bridges, public safety, and health and welfare, but offset by decreases in culture and recreation, economic development, and interest on long-term debt.

Governmental Activity - The change in net position for FY19 of \$1.5 million in governmental-wide activity net position is nearly \$6.3 million lower than last year's change in net position.

	Governmental Activities 2019 2018					Increase/ (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Revenue:							
Program revenues-			4	0.742.045	\$	318,560	3.3%
Charges for services	\$	10,062,505	\$	9,743,945	Þ	(82,693)	-0.7%
Operating grants and contributions		11,120,529		11,203,222 3,620,919		(1,648,796)	-45.5%
Capital grants and contributions		1,972,123		3,620,919		(1,048,750)	43.370
General revenues-		12 202 042		13,583,851		(299,909)	-2.2%
Property taxes		13,283,942		187,294		(106,620)	-56.9%
Franchise and public service taxes		80,674 2,131,010		1,315,356		815,654	62.0%
Mineral, royalties and timber revenue		408,093		221,952		186,141	83.9%
Investment earnings		324,116		1,198,501		(874,385)	-73.0%
Other revenue	-	324,110	_	1,150,501	_		
Total Revenue		39,382,992		41,075,040		(1,692,048)	-4.1%
Expenses:							9.5%
General government		11,992,914		10,955,627		1,037,287	9.5% -12.8%
Roads and bridges		6,430,337		7,375,845		(945,508)	-12.8% 8.9%
Public safety		14,669,414		13,469,977		1,199,437	46.3%
Health and welfare		1,459,045		997,175		461,870	-6.6%
Culture and recreation		1,074,714		1,150,499		(75,785) (209,635)	-10.6%
Economic development		1,766,835		1,976,470		(209,633)	-11.0%
Interest on long-term debt		583,536	_	655,597		(72,001)	11.070
Total Expenses	_	37,976,795	_	36,581,190		1,395,605	3.8%
Revenue Over/(Under) Expenses		1,406,197		4,493,850		(3,087,653)	-68.7%
Transfers		44,075	_	36,003		8,072	22.4%
Change in Net Position		1,450,272		4,529,853		(3,079,581)	-68.0%
Net position, beginning of period		43,906,080		39,376,227		4,529,853	11.5%
Net Position, End of Period	_\$	45,356,352	_\$	43,906,080	\$	1,450,272	3.3%

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

Discussion of the revenue and expense implications for governmental activity due to the reporting and operational changes mentioned on the previous page is found on pages 13 - 16.

Business Type Activity - The change in net position for the Transfer Station, the County's only business-type activity, was slightly higher than the previous year. At \$1,057,544, the FY19 increase in net position is larger than the FY18 number by almost \$224,334.

						Total Change		
	Business-Type					Increase/	Percentage	
		2019		2018		(Decrease)	Change	
Revenue:								
Program revenues-								
Charges for services	\$	3,565,480	\$	3,351,443	\$	214,037	6.4%	
General revenues-				-,,	*	211,037	0.470	
Investment earnings		46,286		26,033		20,253	77.8%	
Total Revenue		3,611,766		3,377,476		234,290	6.9%	
Expenses:								
Business-type activity	-	2,510,147		2,508,263		1,884	0.1%	
Total Expenses		2,510,147		2,508,263		1,884	0.1%	
Revenue Over/(Under) Expenses		1,101,619		869,213		232,406	26.7%	
Transfers		(44,075)		(36,003)		(8,072)	22.4%	
Change in Net Position		1,057,544		833,210		224,334	26.9%	
Net position, beginning of period		4,213,155		3,379,945		833,210	24.7%	
Net Position, End of Period	\$	5,270,699	\$	4,213,155	\$	1,057,544	25.1%	

Increased revenues are due to growth in disposals and are an indication of the generalized economic recovery that is being felt now in our more rural section of the greater Portland metro area. The increase in expense is related to the additional disposals that must be processed.

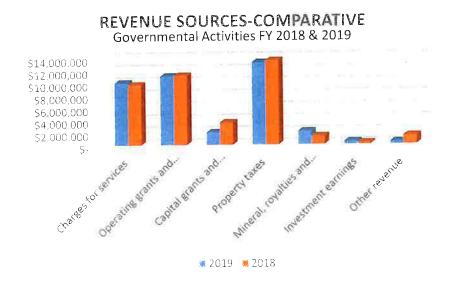
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

FY19 Revenue - Relative to last fiscal year, revenue decreased for the government-wide entity by 3.3% to \$42,994,758 (\$1,457,758 less than FY18). Governmental activity revenue decreased by \$1,692,048 and business-type revenue was up \$234,290. The pie graph focuses on the governmental activities portion of the Statement of Activities by revenue source.



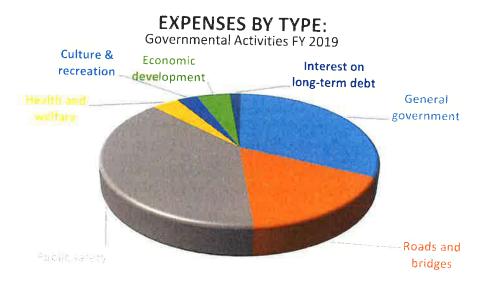
The chart below shows a year-to-year comparison of revenues by source.



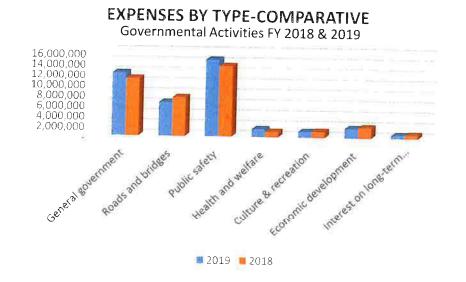
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS (Continued)

FY19 Expenses - The chart below graphs the County's expenses by public services activities. Only governmental activities are considered. Four activities experienced increases relative to the prior year, and the remaining three saw decreases in expenditure levels. Interest on long-term debt declined due to amortization tables that have lower interest rate components over time and the lack of new debt issued in the year.



The chart below shows a year-to-year comparison of expenses by type:



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Fund Balance Change and Make Up - County major funds in FY19 include the General Fund, Road Fund, Jail Operations Fund, and Community Corrections Fund (the funds with the largest expenditure totals for the year). Information on these funds can be found in the Fund Financial statements as well as in their individual Major Funds statements in the Financial Section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The make-up of the major funds frequently changes in Columbia County due predominantly to federal grants for nonrecurring projects such as investments in capital assets or recovery from federally declared disasters. This year one additional major fund was identified as compared to FY18. The four FY19 major funds experienced increases in ending fund balance.

The Community Corrections Fund total fund balance increased by \$398 thousand. This increase is partially due to increased revenues over budgeted amounts and also \$1.7 million less in actual expenditures.

The Road Fund's total fund balance increased by \$411 thousand. The increase was partially due to increases in the state motor vehicle apportionment. Expenditures also increased due to additional capital outlay and other costs associated with constructing and maintaining the County's roads and bridges.

The Jail Operations Fund balance increased by \$287 thousand. Even though the revenues trailed expenditures during the fiscal year, other financing sources (predominantly transfers in from other funds) more than made up this current year deficit.

The General Fund's fund balance increased by \$278 thousand, driven by a current year revenue over expense deficit.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$3,733,801 as compared with \$3,026,587 at the end of FY18. The unassigned balance is 23% higher than the prior year but it continues to exceed the two month operating expense policy for unrestricted ending fund balance based on FY19 actual Personnel plus Materials and Services expenditures. Meeting the County's ending fund balance mark was achieved through the continuing efforts to (1) contain costs due to upward pressure on payroll expense largely due to retirement and health insurance outlays that exceed the inflation rate as well as (2) manage continuing unrestricted revenue uncertainty in future years.

Supplemental budgets were enacted during FY19 to create several new internal service funds to allow for better program management, reallocating reserves originally kept in the General Fund and interfund transfers between Public Health and Land Development Services.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets - Columbia County's FY19 investment in capital assets government-wide amounts to \$43,965,213 (net of accumulated depreciation). Net capital assets decreased by 3.9% for the County relative the prior fiscal year. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery and equipment. The decrease reflects investments in infrastructure, vehicles and equipment.

		rnmental civities		ess-Type ivities	Total			
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Land and land improvements Construction in progress Buildings Infrastructure Furniture and equipment	\$ 5,996,632 61,932 14,843,664 16,838,833 2,417,927	\$ 5,996,632 408,202 14,466,469 18,431,032 2,574,946	\$ 637,483 3,109,621 59,121	\$ 637,483 3,229,470 23,458	\$ 6,634,115 61,932 17,953,285 16,838,833 2,477,048	\$ 6,634,115 408,202 17,695,939 18,431,032 2,598,404		
	\$ 40,158,988	\$ 41,877,281	\$ 3,806,225	\$ 3,890,411	\$ 43,965,213	\$ 45,767,692		

Among the additions and improvements to County infrastructure which took place in FY19 are the following:

- Improvements to the Diblee Point (parks and recreation)
- Vehicles for Sheriff's patrol office, the Jail, Transit and the Roads department
- Security updates for the Jail
- Purchase of mail screener for the Jail
- Annual technology investments in Assessor's system and county-wide IT assets
- Construction completion in a new Transit bus station in Rainier

The capital equipment purchase addition started in FY2017-2018 was completed for business-type activity in FY2018-2019.

Additional details on capital assets for governmental and business type activities can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements on pages 49 and 50.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (Continued)

Long-Term Debt - At the end of the current fiscal year, Columbia County had total long-term debt outstanding of \$24,333,681 while in the prior year the balance was \$21,797,571, an increase of 11.6%. No new debt in the form of bonds or loans was incurred in FY19.

	2019	 2018	 otal Change	Percentage Change
Limited Tax Bond - PERS UAL Bond Road improvement loan - Rainer Long-term notes - OECDD business-type	\$ 6,407,625 156,015	\$ 6,669,870 174,586	\$ (262,245) (18,571)	-3.9% -10.6%
activity	1,443,659	1,723,074	(279,415)	-16.2%
Note - City of St. Helens, transitional housing	44,674	49,896	(5,222) (77,796)	-10.5% -32.1%
Note - Energy efficient courthouse Compensated absences	164,575 1,561,823	242,371 1,451,784	110,039	7.6%
Net OPEB obligation Net pension liability	624,190 13,825,912	623,668 10,805,399	522 3,020,513	0.1% 28.0%
Leases payable	 105,208	 56,923	 48,285	84.8%
	\$ 24,333,681	\$ 21,797,571	\$ 2,536,110	11.6%

Further information on the County's long-term debt is found in the Notes to the Financial Statements on pages 51-54.

KEY ECONOMIC FACTORS AND BUDGET INFORMATION FOR THE FUTURE

Budget Information - The County remains cautiously optimistic about the ability to stabilize general fund services and personnel levels for FY20 and beyond. Now that it is clearer that the federal timber revenues will not be coming back in a significant way, the County will undergo a strategic planning process that looks at recurring revenue trends, service mandates and Board funding priorities to assure a more stable budget process moving forward for the County.

The most significant positive for the future is the November 2016 renewal by county voters of the Jail Operations levy for four years. The new funding commitment will provide stable revenues and service delivery at the jail until FY21.

One of the bigger challenges facing the County will be its CC Rider Transportation Fund. The Fund has had to borrow money from the General Fund for a number of years to continue to operate, and expenditures continue to increase at a significantly faster rate than revenues. Cuts to services will likely be needed in order to keep any parts of the bus system operating.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

KEY ECONOMIC FACTORS AND BUDGET INFORMATION FOR THE FUTURE (Continued)

Looking beyond the FY20 budget year, staff costs will grow with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) as a significant personnel cost driver. OPERS has an unfunded liability that translates into a retirement rate environment for the FY21/FY22 and FY23/FY24 rate cycles that will be challenging to manage.

Columbia County elected leaders and professional staff will continue to balance the revenue available to the service obligations to the community and make the choices necessary to balance its budget and maintain a prudent level of reserves available for future needs.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Columbia County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 230 Strand Street, St. Helens, OR 97051.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
	Activities	Activities	
Assets:			
Current assets- Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,658,047	\$ 2,811,288	\$ 24,469,335
Receivables:			
Accounts receivable	229,558	351,773	581,331
Property taxes receivable	790,608	.50	790,608
Due from other governments	1,778,070	5.3	1,778,070
Prepaids	259,603	817	260,420
Inventories	117,000	-	117,000
Total current assets	24,832,886	3,163,878	27,996,764
Noncurrent assets-	112 503		112,583
Net OPEB asset	112,583		112,363
Capital assets:	C 059 564	637,483	6,696,047
Nondepreciable	6,058,564 34,100,424	3,168,742	37,269,166
Depreciable, net		3,806,225	44,077,796
Total noncurrent assets	40,271,571	6,970,103	72,074,560
Total Assets	65,104,457	0,570,103	72,074,500
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	400.044	044	120.000
Net OPEB related deferred outflows	129,244	844	130,088 5,888,282
Net pension related deferred outflows	5,848,815	39,467	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,978,059	40,311	6,018,370
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities-	50 044	142.011	1,696,952
Accounts payable and payroll liabilities	1,553,941	143,011 41,854	80,854
Interest payable	39,000	41,854	63,550
Deposits	63,550		130,122
Current portion of accrued compensated absences	130,122 29,434		29,434
Current portion of capital leases	422,514	251,910	674,424
Current portion of long-term obligations			-
Total current liabilities	2,238,561	436,775	2,675,336
Noncurrent liabilities-	1,431,701		1,431,701
Accrued compensated absences	620,141	4,049	624,190
Net OPEB liability	75,774		75,774
Noncurrent portion of capital leases	6,350,375	1,191,749	7,542,124
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations Proportionate share of net pension liability	13,727,471	98,441	13,825,912
Total noncurrent liabilities	22,205,462	1,294,239	23,499,701
	24,444,023	1,731,014	26,175,037
Total Liabilities			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	1,088,770	7,438	1,096,208
Net pension related deferred inflows	193,371	1,263	194,634
Net OPEB related deferred inflows	1,282,141	8,701	1,290,842
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,202,141	0,	_,,
Net Position:	39,688,516	2,362,566	42,051,082
Net investment in capital assets	18,163,941	5,256,465	23,420,406
Restricted special purposes: grants, contract, fund policy and ORS	(12,496,105)	(2,348,332)	(14,844,437
Unrestricted	-		\$ 50,627,051
Total Net Position	\$ 45,356,352	5 5,270,699	150,027,051 د

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 Statement of Activities

		Program Revenues		Net Revenue Changes N	Net Revenue (Expenses) and Changes Net Position
Functions/Programs	Charges Expenses for Services	Operating S Grants and S Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Typ Activitie
Governmental Activities:					
General government	\$ 11 907 914 \$	٠,			
Roads and bridges	F 750,277	Λ	· ·	\$ (7,687,258)	\$
Public safety	_		1,549,869	424,443	
Health and welfare		'n	9,790	(6,678,857)	
Culture and recreation		71 897	700 76	(347,936)	
Economic development		1,1	10,325 396 139	(185,448)	
יייני ביני סון יסוול-ובוון מבחו	583,536			(583.536)	
Total Governmental Activities	37,976,795 10,062,505	11.120.529	1 972 173	(903 100 11)	
Business-Type Activities:			674.6.6	(14,021,035)	
Transfer station	2,510,147 3,565,480	5,246,168			
Total Business-Type Activities	2.510.147 3.555.400			X-	1,055,333
Total Primary Government	1		•		1,055,333
	\$ 40,486,942 \$ 13,627,985	\$ 11,120,529	\$ 1,972,123	\$ (14,821,638)	\$ 1,055,333
General Revenues:					
Property taxes					
Payments in lieu of taxes				\$ 13,283,942	⟨}
Franchise fees				30,339	
Mineral royalties and timber				50,335	
Interest and investment earnings				2,131,010	
Special payments				408,093	46,286
Miscellaneous income				20,200	
Total General Revenues				303,916	
Transfers				16,227,835	46,286
Change in Not Decision				44,075	(44,075)
				1 450 222	1 057
Net position, beginning of year				7/7/004/7	1,057,544

Total

Business-Type Activities 424,443 (6,678,857) (347,936) (185,448) 236,954

(7,687,258)

ς,

(583,536)

(14,821,638)

1,055,333 1,055,333 \$ (13,766,305)

2,131,010 454,379

20,200

303,916

16,274,121

2,507,816 48,119,235 \$ 50,627,051

1,057,544 4,213,155

1,450,272 43,906,080 5,270,699

\$ 45,356,352

30,339 50,335

\$ 13,283,942

See accompanying notes.

Net Position, End of Year

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

		General Fund	_	Jail Operations Fund	_	Road Fund		Community Corrections Fund	G	Other overnmental	_	Total
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,168,085	\$	3,285,579	\$	1,668,657	\$	2,196,752	\$	9,867,646	\$	21,186,719
Receivables-						66.240		750		142,833		229,558
Accounts receivable		19,756		460.771		66,219		/30		190,150		790,608
Property taxes receivable		436,687		163,771		814,304		847		286,722		1,778,070
Due from other governments		442,267		233,930		3,478		3,216		32,421		259,603
Prepaid		172,429		48,059		117,000		3,210		32,122		117,000
nventories	_		-		-	117,000	_	AND DESCRIPTION			_	
Total Assets	\$	5,239,224	\$	3,731,339	\$ =	2,669,658	\$	2,201,565	<u>\$</u>	10,519,772	<u>\$</u>	24,361,558
iabilities, Deferred Inflows of												
Resources and Fund Balances:												
Liabilities-			_	435,000	\$	462,206	Ś	13,774	\$	178,655		1,407,761
Accounts payable	\$	627,117	\$	126,009	\$	462,200	ڔ	13,774	ڔ	170,033		135,504
Other liabilities		135,504				25,000				2,550		63,550
Deposits and bail	_	36,000	_		_	23,000			_	2,000	_	
Total liabilities	_	798,621	_	126,009		487,206	_	13,774	-	181,205	-	1,606,815
Deferred inflows of resources-										149,185		598,059
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	-	325,025	-	123,849	-		,		-	143,103	_	330,033
Total deferred inflows of recourses		325,025	_	123,849	_		-		_	149,185	_	598, 059
Fund balances-								2.246		32,421		376,603
Nonspendable		172,429		48,059		120,478		3,216		8,986,706		16,554,406
Restricted		42,729		3,278,422		2,061,974		2,184,575		49,869		49,869
Committed		~		-		-		-		1,238,047		1,559,660
Assigned		166,619		155,000		-				(117,661)		3,616,140
Unassigned	_	3,733,801	_		_		-		_	(117,001)	-	5,010,140
Total fund balances		4,115,578	_	3,481,481	_	2,182,452	_	2,187,791	_	10,189,382	_	22,156,68
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								2,201,565		10,519,772		\$ 24,361,55

Reconciliation of Balance Sheet of Governmental Fund to Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position. Fund Balances-Governmental Funds \$ 22,156,684 Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to the pension plan include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, differences between projects and actual earning, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date. Deferred inflows (1.088.770)Deferred outflows 5,848,815 Net pension related deferrals 4,760,045 Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to the other post employment benefits include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, differences between projects and actual earning, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date. Deferred outflows 129,244 Deferred inflows (193,371)Net OPEB related deferrals (64,127)The net pension asset (liability) is the difference between the total pension liability and the assets set aside to pay benefits earned to past and current employees and beneficiaries. Pension liability (13,727,471)The cost of capital assets (land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress) is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. The statement of net position includes those capital assets among the assets of the net position includes those capital assets among the assets of the County as a whole. Governmental capital assets 291,959,398 Less accumulated depreciation (251,800,410) 40,158,988 Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position. Accrued compensated absences (1,561,823)Interest payable (39,000)Bonds payable (6,407,625)Leases payable (105,208)Notes payable (365, 264)(8,478,920)The net OPEB liability is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds. (507,558)Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of activities to individual funds. Net position of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities, net. 460,652 Deferred revenue represents amounts that were not available to fund current expenditures and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. 598,059 45,356,352

See accompanying notes.

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Jail		Community		
			Road	Corrections	Other	
		Operations	Fund	Fund	Governmental	Total
	General Fund	Fund	Funu	Talla	GOVERNMENT	
Revenues:	A 7.047.00F	\$ 2,990,758	\$	\$ =	\$ 3,482,934	\$ 13,691,017
Property tax collected by County	\$ 7,217,325	\$ 2,990,758	Ş	Y .	221,232	678,299
Public services tax collected by State	457,067	2.460.605	6,299,564	2,451,945	3,500,009	17,950,445
Intergovernmental grants	3,229,322	2,469,605	6,299,304	2,431,545	-	20,200
Special payment from component units	20,200	(로)) 1월 1	CD CD2		504,607	674,291
Licenses and permits	108,992		60,692	5,669	317,280	2,472,344
Charges for services	2,037,062	25,342	86,991		1,374,597	1,955,728
Fines, fees and forfeitures	404,210		1,933	174,988	1,374,337	50,335
Franchise fees	50,335	250		47.703	172 420	408,093
Interest on investments	103,588	64,044	20,241	47,792	172,428	1,456,719
Mineral royalties and timber revenue	372,861	151,207	500,668	(*)	431,983	
Payments in lieu of taxes	30,339		*			30,339
Miscellaneous	120,471	E		(/4)	183,445	303,916
Total Revenues	14,151,772	5,700,956	6,970,089	2,680,394	10,188,515	39,691,726
- 10						
Expenditures:						
Current-	6,424,544			2	2,738,864	9,163,408
General government	0,424,544	_	6,104,217	*	-	6,104,217
Roads and bridges	E EO4 193	5,778,809	0,10 1,21	1,723,877	116,495	13,213,363
Public safety	5,594,182	3,776,803		_,,	97,527	1,402,817
Health and welfare	1,305,290	<u> </u>			1,046,600	1,046,600
Culture and recreation		3			1,727,476	1,727,476
Economic development	•		110 110		569,928	1,147,490
Capital outlay	126,117	333,027	118,418		303/323	.,,,
Debt services-				- 3	2	363,834
Principal payments	363,834	-	15	6.750		586, 511
Interest	579, 752			6,759		500,511
Total Expenditures	14,393,719	6,111,836	6,222,635	1,730,636	6,296,890	34,755,716
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues		(440,000)	747 454	949,758	3,891,625	4,936,010
Over (Under) Expenditures	(241,947)	(410,880)	747,454	343,738	3,051,023	.,,
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						44,075
Transfer in from business-type fund, net	44,075				. 010 570	,
Transfers in	5,369,607	1,346,370	61,297	12	1,010,630	7,787,904
Transfers out	(4,435,831)	(598,563)	(384,857)	(517,763)	(1,872,971)	(7,809,985
Transfers out to internal service funds	(457,641)	(49,547)	(12,502)	(23,844)	(33,641)	(577,175
Total Other Financing Sources	520,210	698,260	(336,062)	(541,607)	(895,982)	(555,18
Net Change in Fund Balances	278,263	287,380	411,392	408,151	2,995,643	4,380,82
9	2 027 215	3,194,101	1,771,060	1,779,640	7,193,739	17,775,85
Fund balances, beginning of year	3,837,315	3,134,101				

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities. Net Change in Fund Balance 4,380,829 Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period. Capital asset additions 1,147,490 Less current year depreciation (2,811,135)Add loss on disposal of capital assets (54,648)(1,718,293)In the Statement of Activities, the contributions to the Post Retirement Health Benefits Program in excess of the actuarially determined contribution amount increased the net OPEB obligation. In the governmental funds, the entire contribution is recognized as an expenditure. This is the amount by which the net OPEB obligation decreased. 70,971 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds. Change in deferred inflows associated with property taxes (407.075)Change in deferred inflows/outflows associated with OPEB activities (64,127)Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, however repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Change in accrued compensation absences (110,039)Change in interest payable 2,975 Change in bonds payable 262,245 Change in notes payable 101,589 Change in leases payable (48, 285)208,485 Net income of internal service funds reported with governmental activities, net 460,652 The pension expense represents the changes in net pension asset (liability) from year to year due to changes in total pension liability and the fair value of pension plan net position available to pay pension benefits. (1,481,170)Change in Net Position \$ 1,450,272

General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget - Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Ori	ginal Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ariance With Final Budget
Revenues:	72		<u>,</u>	C 024 412	\$	7,217,325	\$	382,913
Property tax collected by County	\$	6,834,412	\$	6,834,412	Ş	457,067	Y	(256,306)
Public services tax collected by State		958,520		713,373		3,229,322		432,969
ntergovernmental grants		3,114,694		2,796,353		20,200		(40,550)
Special payment from component units		60,750		60,750		108,992		18,242
icenses and permits				90,750		2,037,062		522,802
Charges for services		1,539,260		1,514,260		404,210		(1,226,550)
ines, fees and forfeitures		1,721,509		1,630,760		50,335		50,335
Franchise fees		¥		15.500		103,588		56,980
interest on investments		46,608		46,608				(52,139)
Mineral royalties and timber revenue		425,000		425,000		372,861		1,339
Payments in lieu of taxes		29,000		29,000		30,339		120,471
Miscellaneous	,		_			120,471		120,471
Total Revenues		14,729,753		14,141,266		14,151,772		10,506
Expenditures:						- FF0 664		639,040
General government		7,872,888		7,189,701		6,550,661		· ·
Public safety		6,130,508		6,181,977		5,594,182		587,795
Health and welfare		1,374,814		1,555,470		1,305,290		250,180
Economic development		170,365		7.5		-		F36
Debt services		948,287		944,112		943,586		526
Contingency	-	1,181,462	_	470,321	-		-	470,321
Total Expenditures	_	17,678,324	_	16,341,581	_	14,393,719	_	1,947,862
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,948,571)		(2,200,315)		(241,947)		1,958,368
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				F 255 F21		5,413,682		58,151
Transfers in		5,634,253		5,355,531		(4,893,472)		(106,794
Transfers out	_	(4,069,383)	-	(4,786,678)		[4,695,472]	_	1100,73
Total Other Financing Sources	-	1,564,870	_	568,853	-	520,210	_	(48,643
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,383,701)		(1,631,462))	278,263		1,909,725
Fund balances, beginning of year	_	2,883,701		3,131,462		3,837,315	_	705,853
Fund Balances, End of Year		1,500,000		\$ 1,500,000		\$ 4,115,578		2,615,578

Jail Operations Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget - Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues:	Original Budge	t Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Property tax collected by County	\$ 2,821,500	\$ 2,821.500	ć 3.000 = =0	1
Intergovernmental grants	57,000	. , ,	\$ 2,990,758	\$ 169,258
Charges for services	1,837,000	,	2,469,605	2,412,605
Fines, fees and forfeitures	5,000	1,837,000	25,342	(1,811,658)
Interest on investments	18,000	5,000		(5,000)
Mineral royalties and timber revenue		18,000	64,044 151,207	46,044 151,207
Total Revenues	4,738,500	4,738,500	5,700,956	962,456
Expenditures:				
Personal services	3,700,100	3,700,100	3,921,464	(221.264)
Materials and services	1,954,023	1,954,023	1,857,345	(221,364) 96,678
Debt service	60,000	60,000	1,057,545	·
Capital outlays	205,000	205,000	333,027	60,000 (128,027)
Contingency	1,938,965	1,938,965	333,027	1,938,965
Total Expenditures	7,858,088	7,858,088	6,111,836	1,746,252
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over				
(Under) Expenditures	(3,119,588)	(3,119,588)	(410,880)	2,708,708
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in	1,344,565	1,344,565	1,346,370	1,805
Transfers out	(635,114)	(635,114)	(648,110)	(12,996)
Total Other Financing Sources	709,451	709,451	698,260	(11,191)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,410,137)	(2,410,137)	287,380	2,697,517
Fund balances, beginning of year	2,410,137	2,410,137	3,194,101	783,964
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ -	\$	\$ 3,481,481	\$ 3,481,481

Road Fund
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget - Budgetary Basis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Ori	ginal Budget		Final Budget		Actual		riance With inal Budget
Revenues: Intergovernmental grants	<u> </u>	9,560,522	\$	9,560,522	\$	6,299,564	\$	(3,260,958)
Licenses and permits	•	*		-		60,692		60,692
Charges for services		2		550		86,991		86,991
Fines, fees and forfeitures		390,000		390,000		1,933		(388,067)
Interest on investments		6,000		6,000		20,241		14,241
Mineral royalties and timber revenue	_	3,000	_	3,000		500,668		497,668
Total Revenues		9,959,522		9,959,522		6,970,089		(2,989,433)
Expenditures:						2 224 547		175,692
Personal services		2,400,239		2,400,239		2,224,547		1,409,170
Materials and services		5,288,840		5,288,840		3,879,670		2,416,582
Capital outlay		2,535,000		2,535,000		118,418		1,586,765
Contingency	-	1,586,765		1,586,765	-			1,380,703
Total Expenditures		11,810,844	_	11,810,844	_	6,222,635		5,588,209
Excess (Deficit) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,851,322)		(1,851,322)		747,454		2,598,776
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		F 10 000		540,000		61,297		(478,703)
Transfers in		540,000		(448,856)		(397,359)		51,497
Transfers out	1	(448,856)	_	(446,630)	-	(337,333)	-	
Total Other Financing Sources	_	91,144	_	91,144	_	(336,062)		(427,206
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,760,178)		(1,760,178)		411,392		2,171,570
Fund balances, beginning of year		1,760,178	_	1,760,178	_	1,771,060	_	10,882
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	(=)	\$	<u>.</u>	\$	2,182,452	\$	2,182,452

Community Corrections Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget - Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Variance With
Revenues:	Original Budget	Final Budge	t Actual	Final Budget
Intergovernmental grants	\$ 2,349,599	ć 3340.500		
Charges for services	95,000	\$ 2,349,599	, , , , , , , , ,	\$ 102,346
Fines, fees and forfeitures	129,100	95,000	5,669	(89,331)
Interest on investments	· ·	129,100	174,988	45,888
Miscellaneous	12,000 2,000	12,000	47,792	35,792
	2,000	2,000	• ———	(2,000)
Total Revenues	2,587,699	2,587,699	2,680,394	92,695
Expenditures:				
Personal services	1,787,914	1,787,914	1 504 000	200 045
Material and services	311,893	311,893	1,504,999	282,915
Debt services	6,680	6,680	218,878	93,015
Contingency	1,342,136	1,342,136	6,759	(79)
		1)0 (2)150		1,342,136
Total Expenditures	3,448,623	3,448,623	1,730,636	1,717,987
Excess of Revenues Over			,	
(Under) Expenditures	(860,924)	(860,924)	949,758	1,810,682
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers out	(548,594)	(540 504)	V±121105_2550	
	(346,334)	(548,594)	(541,607)	6,987
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(548,594)	(548,594)	(541,607)	6,987
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,409,518)	(1,409,518)	408,151	1,817,669
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,409,518	1,409,518	1,779,640	370,122
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -	\$	\$ 2,187,791	\$ 2,187,791

Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds	Go	overnmental Activities
	Transfer Station Fund	Inte	ernal Service Funds
Assets: Current assets- Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Prepaids	\$ 2,811,288 351,773 817 3,163,878	\$	471,328 471,328
Total current assets	3,103,070		., _,
Noncurrent assets- Nondepreciable capital assets Capital assets, net	637,483 3,168,742		
Total noncurrent assets	3,806,225	-	
Total Assets	6,970,103		471,328
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Net OPEB related deferred outflows Net pension related deferred outflows	844 39,467		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	40,311	=	174 220
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows	\$ 7,010,414	\$	471,328
Liabilities: Current liabilities- Accounts payable Interest payable Current portion of long-term obligations	\$ 143,011 41,854 251,910 436,775	\$	10,676 - - 10,676
Total current liabilities	430,773		10,070
Noncurrent liabilities- Net OPEB obligation Noncurrent portion of long term obligations Proportionate share of net pension liability	4,049 1,191,749 98,441		50 Se 1
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,294,239		40.676
Total Liabilities	1,731,014		10,676
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Net OPEB related deferred inflows Net pension related deferred inflows	1,263 7,438		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,701		-
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted for special purposes by fund policy Unrestricted	2,362,566 5,256,465 (2,348,332	<u> </u>	460,652
Total Net Position	5,270,699		460,652
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Net Position	\$ 7,010,414	= <u>\$</u>	471,328

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019

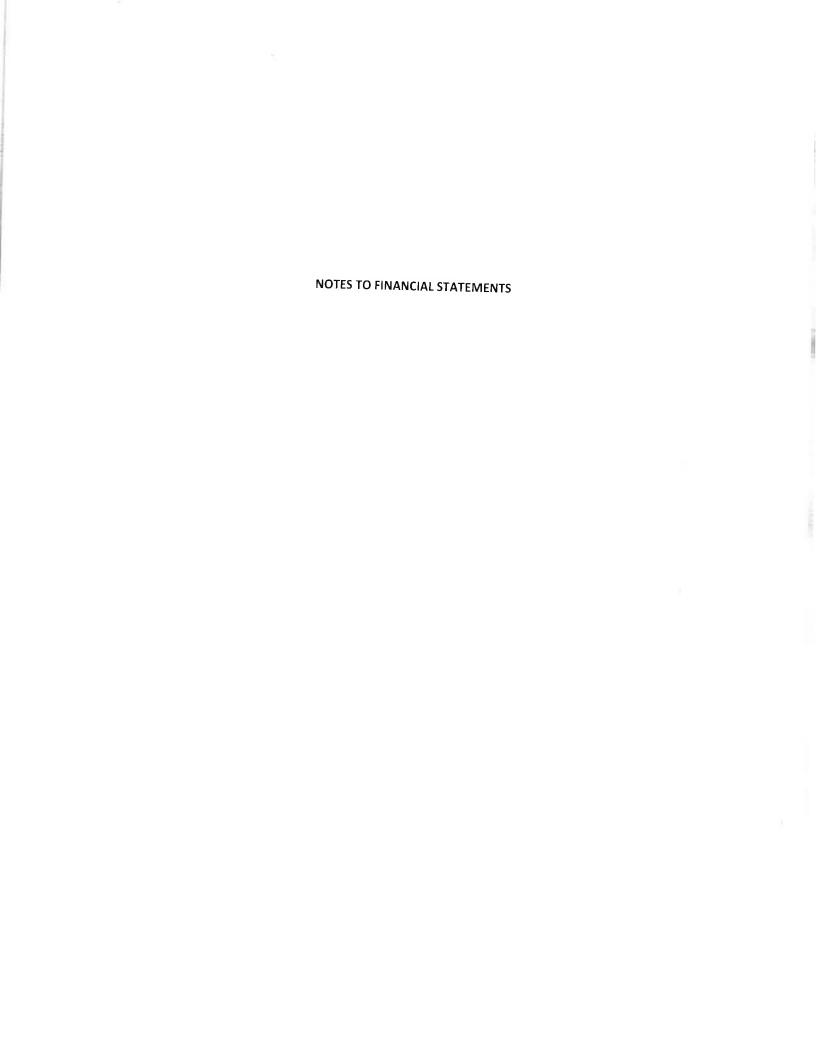
	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds	Governmental
	Enterprise runus	Activities
	Transfer Station Fund	Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues:	- Turid	
Tipping fees	\$ 3,463,397	ė.
Grant revenue	\$ 5,465,397	\$ =
Charges for services	(-	65,500
Miscellaneous	(E)	28,113
Miscellaneous	102,083	
Total Operating Revenues	3,565,480	93,613
Operating Expenses:		
Payroll cost		
Nonpayroll expenses	124,694	
	2,190,127	236,945
Depreciation	135,036	
Total Operating Expenses	2,449,857	236,945
Income (Loss) From Operations	1,115,623	(143,332)
N		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):		
Interest income	46,286	4,728
Interest expense	(60,290)	= 1
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(14,004)	4.720
Chpenses,	(14,004)	4,728
Transfers:		
Transfer in	1,409	599,256
Transfer out	(45,484)	333,230
	(43,464)	
Total Transfers	(44,075)	599,256
	-	
Change in Net Position	1,057,544	460,652
Net position, beginning of year	4,213,155	•
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 5,270,699	\$ 460,652

Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds June 30, 2019

		Business-Type Activities erprise Funds	G0	overnmental Activities
	Tra	ansfer Station Fund	Inte	ernal Service Funds
Operating Activities: Cash received from customers Cash paid to suppliers and others Cash paid to employees and others for salaries and benefits Cash prepaid for expenses	\$	3,536,303 (2,182,377) (115,827) (817)	\$	93,613 (226,269) - -
Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		1,237,282		(132,656)
Noncapital and Related Financing Activities: Transfers, net		(44,075)		599,256
Net Cash Flows Provided (Used) by Noncapital and Related Financing Activities		(44,075)		599,256
Capital and Related Financing Activities: Purchase of capital assets Loan payments Interest expense		(50,849) (279,415) (25,572) (355,836)		-
Net Cash Flows Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(555,055)		
Investing Activities: Interest received		46,286		4,728
Net Cash Flows From Investing Activities		46,286		4,728
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		883,657		471,328
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		1,927,278		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	2,810,935	\$	471,328
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Operating income (loss)	\$	1,115,623	\$	(143,332)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net- Depreciation Increase in accounts receivable Increase in prepaids		135,036 (29,178) (817)		- - -
Decrease in net OPEB related items Increase in net pension related items Increase in accounts payable		(872) 9,739 7,751		10,676
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	1,237,282	\$	(132,656

Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2019

	Agency Fund
Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	ć 1.10C.004
Accounts receivable	\$ 1,186,004
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	179
Total Assets	\$ 1,186,183
Liabilities:	
Due to other governments	
par to other Posetilisetif?	_\$ 1,186, 183
Total Liabilities	7
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,186,183



Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Description of Reporting Entity - Columbia County, Oregon (the County) was incorporated in 1854 under the name of "Columbia County." County voters elect the Management, composed of a three-member Board of Commissioners. Other elected officials providing services for the County include Sheriff, Clerk, Assessor, Treasurer, District Attorney, and Justice of the Peace.

The County is a primary government. A primary government is a financial reporting entity, which has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. As required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), these financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities are, in substance, part of the County's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Discretely presented component units, on the other hand, are reported in a separate column in the combined financial statement to emphasize it is legally separate from the government. The County has no discretely presented component units and has three blended component units described below. The blended component units are reported as special revenue funds.

Blended Component Units - The component units listed below provide services to County residents that live within the boundaries of each district. These distinct districts are reported as blended component units because the County's Board of Commissioners acts as the districts' governing body, approving budgets and setting rates.

Meadowview Service District - The District provides street lighting for the Meadowview District.

<u>Columbia County 4-H and Extension Service District</u> - The District provides educational services primarily in agriculture and home economics for County residents. In addition, the District oversees the 4-H program.

<u>Columbia County Development Agency</u> - The Agency was formed to plan, direct, and manage the Port Westward Urban Renewal Agency.

Complete financial statements for each component unit may be obtained at the Office of the Finance Director, 230 Strand Street, St. Helens, Oregon 97051-0100.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements -

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the County as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities.

Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and (c) Pension expense. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 - Continued

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - These statements display information at the individual fund level. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Funds are classified and summarized as governmental, proprietary, or fiduciary. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The County reports the following major governmental funds: General Fund, Road Fund, Jail Operations Fund, and Community Corrections Fund. Non-major funds are consolidated into a single column in the financial section of the basic financial statements and are detailed in the supplemental information.

Governmental Funds -

The County reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the financial resources of the County that are not accounted for in any other fund. Principal sources of revenue are property taxes, franchise fees, grants, and state shared revenues. Primary expenditures are for public safety, corrections, judicial, economic development, and general administration.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - These funds account for revenues derived from specific taxes or other earmarked revenue sources, including state gas tax and state revenue sharing entitlements, which are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Funds included in this fund category are:

<u>Jail Operations Fund</u> - This fund was established in fiscal year 2014-15, the first year for the local option levy to support jail operations. Revenues for the fund come from property tax, jail rental fees, general fund transfers and other miscellaneous fees and grants. The monies are used to operate the Columbia County Jail.

Road Fund - This fund was established as a requirement of ORS 366.542(4). Monies received from the State of Oregon (State Highway funds, gasoline tax apportionment and grants) make up the majority of the fund's revenue base with small additional contributions from fees charged to the public, federal grants and transfers from other funds for goods and services. These monies are to be used for the construction and expansion, operations and maintenance, repair and preservation of County roads, streets and bridges.

<u>Community Corrections Fund</u> - This fund was established under the Senate Bill 1145 and 156 in 1995 to account for the activities of the adult parole and probation program for the County. The fund receives its revenue from state programs and from supervision fees.

Additionally, there are the following non-major funds:

Special Revenue Funds -

<u>Fair Board Fund</u> - This fund was established as a requirement of ORS 565.325. This fund receives monies from state lottery, rentals and concessions. Admission fees from the County fair augment these revenues. The Fair Board is charged with the responsibility to maintain, repair and preserve the County fair grounds and buildings and support agriculture oriented programs such as the 4-H and hold one annual county fair.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 - Continued

<u>Direct Pass Through Grant Fund</u> - This fund was set up to receive, control and disburse funds that the County receives for other entities under contract with the State of Oregon. The County has an oversight and fiduciary responsibility to the State.

<u>Corner Preservation Fund</u> - The Public Land Corner Preservation Fund was established under County Ordinance No. 89-16. Revenues are derived from fees charged by the County Clerk when recording instruments under ORS 205.130(2) and ORS 203.148. These fees were established to pay expenses incurred in the establishment and maintenance of corners of government survey under ORS 209.070 (5 and 6).

<u>Inmate Benefits Expense Fund</u> - This fund was established to account for profits generated from products and services sold and supplied to inmates of the County jail. These revenues are to be used exclusively in a manner benefiting the population of the jail.

<u>Courthouse Security Fund</u> - This fund accounts for revenues received from cities and courts that are a percentage of fines paid to the cities and courts. The disbursement of the funds is determined by the Courthouse Security Committee, which is made up of the presiding Judge, Sheriff, Jail manager, Commissioner and manager of building services.

<u>Law Library Fund</u> - This fund was established under authority of ORS 9.840 and 9.850. Revenues are received per schedule detailed in ORS 21.350 from the State Court Administrator. The revenue is to be used exclusively to maintain a law library at the county seat, and be available for use by litigants and attorneys without additional fees.

<u>Economic Development Fund</u> - Accounts for shared revenues received from the Oregon State Lottery Fund to be used for economic development activities. State video lottery payments are the principal source of revenue.

<u>Public Works Capital Fund</u> - This fund was updated in FY16. As before, it provides for the operations and capital improvements needs of the County's bike paths with revenue that consists primarily from one percent of the County's state gasoline tax. It now also includes the System Development Charge (SDC) revenue stream that is restricted for capital upgrades for county roads and parks in the corresponding districts within the jurisdiction.

<u>County Park Fund</u> - This fund was created by County ordinance No 94-9 in December 1994. It was established to operate and maintain and expand the County Park system. The fund receives monies from the State Highway Fund, from grants, and logging revenue from County forests.

<u>CC Rider Transportation Fund</u> - The Columbia County Rider Transportation Fund was established to provide transportation for Columbia County citizens. It is funded by state and federal grants and by local public entities' support. Additional revenue is generated by rider fares and Medicaid payment for senior transportation.

<u>Building Services Fund</u> - Per ORS 455.210.3C, building fee revenue can only be used for the operations of the Building Department. In order to accommodate this requirement, the building services fees and expenses are tracked in a stand-alone fund.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 - Continued

<u>Strategic Investment Program Fund</u> - This fund consists of the revenues from the County's Strategic Investment Program (SIP) agreement with Portland General Electric (PGE) which will last 15 years through FY30. Funds are distributed to jurisdictions in the Port Westward area and a portion is retained by the county as described in the intergovernmental agreement signed by the relevant taxing districts.

PERS Reserve Fund - This fund was established in fiscal year 2014-15 to collect the internal payroll contributions to a PERS Reserve fund. An internal rate of 4.4% percent of PERS-eligible employees began being imposed in FY2013-14. This rate is the amount the County's PERS rate was reduced by the Oregon legislature starting in July 2013. The first year of collection the funds were held in each participating fund. The Board opted to create the reserve fund in the second year to add transparency in the financial statements. Funds collected, which have varied between the original 4.4% to 0% in any given fiscal year, will be used to address PERS rate increases in future.

Additionally, a budgetary comparison schedule is presented for the following blended component units, which are considered to be non-major governmental funds:

Meadowview Service District Fund - This fund is the general fund for this special district. Under ORS 451.490, a local option tax is assessed against the property owners in this lighting district. Revenues received from this local option tax are used to pay the utilities for the street lights and the administration of this fund. The Board of Commissioners is the governing body of this special district.

<u>4-H Extension Service District Fund</u> - The Columbia County 4-H & Extension Service District (the 4-H District) was formed in May of 1988 under provisions of the ORS 451 and provides agricultural education and other services to County residents. This fund serves to collect the revenue for the 4-H District and to distribute the revenue to and for the administration of the 4-H District, which is supervised by the Oregon State University Agricultural Division. The Board of Commissioners is the governing body of this special district.

<u>Columbia County Development Agency Fund (CCDA)</u> - CCDA was established to account for the revenues and expenditures of the Urban Renewal District. CCDA receives its revenues from tax increments, interest, loan proceeds, and royalties. The Board of Commissioners is the governing body of this special district.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 - Continued

Proprietary Funds - These funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The proprietary fund measurement focus is on the flow of economic resources. Operating revenues include tipping fees and other revenues. Operating expenses include personnel services, operation and maintenance, as well as depreciation. All revenues and expenses, including capital contributions and transfers, not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The intent of the governing body is that the cost of providing the services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed primarily through user charges. The County reports the following major proprietary fund:

<u>County Transfer Station Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the operations of the County's Solid Waste Transfer Station facility in which the County has a long-term intergovernmental agreement with its cities to process all waste generated in the County. It also provides recycling and household hazardous waste services. The fund receives its revenues primarily from tipping fees.

Internal Service Funds - The County maintains two internal service funds; the Risk Management Fund and the Support Major Projects Fund. The purpose of these funds is to provide services to other departments and funds within the County. For financial reporting purposes, these funds are blended into governmental activities for entity wide presentation.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary Funds reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets the County holds in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and other funds. The County's only fiduciary funds are agency funds. Agency funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurement of results of operations. The agency fund of the County is:

<u>Treasurer Fund</u> - This fund accounts for assets held by the County Treasurer for the benefit of other districts and governments in the County.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recorded with the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, long-term compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 - Continued

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

A deferred revenue liability arises in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet when potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. This unavailable deferred revenue consists solely of uncollected property taxes and assessments not deemed available to finance operations of the current period. In the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position, with a full accrual basis of accounting, revenue must be recognized as soon as it is earned regardless of its availability. Thus, the liability created on Governmental Fund Balance Sheet for unavailable deferred revenue is eliminated. Note that deferred revenues also arise outside the scope of measurement focus and bases of accounting, such as when the County receives resources before it has a legal claim to them. For instance, when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures.

Similar to the way its revenues are recorded, governmental funds only record those expenditures that affect current financial resources. Principal and interest on general long-term debt are recorded as fund liabilities only when due, or when amounts have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payments to be made early in the following year. Vested compensated absences are recorded as expenditures only to the extent that they are expected to be liquidated with expendable financial resources. In the government-wide financial statements, however, with a full accrual basis of accounting, all expenses affecting the economic resource status of the government must be recognized. Thus, the expense and related accrued liability for long-term portions of debt and compensated absences must be included.

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements, reconciliation is necessary to explain the adjustments needed to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental column of the governmental-wide presentation. This reconciliation is part of the financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services, and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Transfer Station Fund are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and overhead, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Agency funds are unlike all other fund types, reporting only assets and liabilities; therefore, agency funds do not have a measurement focus. The agency funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting to recognize receivables and payables.

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Receivables - Receivables are recorded on the combined balance sheet in accordance with the policies enumerated above. Management believes that any uncollectible accounts included in the receivable balances are not significant, and therefore no provision for uncollectible accounts has been made.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 - Continued

Supply Inventories and Prepaids - Inventories are valued at cost using first-in/first-out (FIFO) method, with the exception of the Roads Fund, which uses the specific identification method. Since the consumption method is used, costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Prepaid services are accounted for in the same manner.

Capital Assets and Depreciation - Capital assets include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, quarries, etc.). Capital assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds statements, capital assets are charged to expenditures as purchased. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available.

Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, and having useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Additions or improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation of exhaustible assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position and is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Building and improvements	7 - 50 years
Infrastructure	20 - 40 years
Equipment	5 - 10 years

Monthly depreciation is taken in the year the assets are acquired or retired. Gains or losses from sales or retirements of capital assets are included in operations of the current period.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net positions that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government has two balances that qualify as a deferred outflows: contributions after OPEB measurement date and contributions after the pension measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. The item unavailable revenue, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and special assessments. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Additionally, deferred inflows of resources related to the pension plan and OPEB include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, differences between projects and actual earning, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 - Continued

Interfund Transactions - Payments among funds - reimbursements when one fund incurs a cost and then charges the appropriate benefiting fund - are considered transfers in and transfers out respectively.

Payments among the County's component units are budgeted as special payments and on the financial statements are treated as a transfer as they are offsetting payments.

Long-Term Debt - In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are treated as period costs in the year of issue and are shown as other financial uses.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as revenue.

Compensated Absences - All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

Funds used to liquidate accrued compensated absences included the General Fund, Jail Operations Fund, Road Fund, County Park Fund, Community Corrections Fund, Corner Preservation Fund, Inmate Benefit Fund, 4H Extension Service Fund, CC Rider Fund, Building Services Fund, and Transfer Station Fund.

The annual compensated absence cost estimate is based on average of two most current year's actual payout for compensated absences. In the case of known actions which would skew the number (planned layoffs, for example), appropriate adjustment to the estimate will be made.

Retirement Plans - Substantially all of the County's employees are participants in the State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about fiduciary net position of PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires that management make estimates and assumptions which affect the reporting amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimated.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 - Continued

Net Position - Net position is comprised of the various net earnings from operations, nonoperating revenues, expenses and contributions of capital. Net position is classified in the following three categories:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> - Consists of all capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by any outstanding balances of any bonds or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

<u>Restricted</u> - Consists of external constraints placed on asset use by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. A portion of Net Position is restricted for Debt Service and for System Development.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - Consists of all other assets that are not included in the other categories previously mentioned.

Use of Restricted Resources - When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

Fund Balance - The County classifies governmental fund balance as follows:

- Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that are not in a spendable form. The nonspendable fund balance represents inventories and prepaid items.
- Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose (such as debt covenants, grant requirements, donor requirements, or other governments) or are restricted by law (constitutionally or by enabling legislation).
- Committed fund balance represents funds formally set aside by the governing body for a particular purpose. The use of committed funds would be approved by resolution.
- Assigned fund balance represents amounts that are constrained by the expressed intent to use resources for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body or by an official to whom that authority has been given by the governing body. To date, the Board has not delegated that authority to any other government officials.
- Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General Fund may report a
 positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds would report any negative residual fund balance as
 unassigned.

The governing body vested with the above noted fund balance authorities for the County is the Board of County Commissioners. The County's fund balance policy was established by Board Order No. 38-2011.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 - Continued

The governing body has approved the following order of spending regarding fund balance categories: Restricted resources are spent first when both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available for expenditures. When unrestricted resources are spent, the order of spending is committed (if applicable), assigned (if applicable) and unassigned.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budget Requirements, Compliance and Accountability - A budget is required to be prepared and legally adopted for each fund in accordance with Oregon Local Budget Law. The budget is prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The budgeting process begins by appointing Budget Committee members in early fall. Budget recommendations are developed by management through spring, with the Budget Committee meeting and approving the budget document in late spring. Public notices of the budget hearing are generally published in May or June, and the hearing is held in June. The budget is adopted, appropriations are made and the tax levy is declared no later than June 30.

The County budgets for all funds, except the Fiduciary Funds. Governmental Funds are budgeted on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The board order or resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations. Total expenditures by department for the General Fund, and personal services, materials and services, capital outlay and debt service for all other funds, are the levels of control established by Board order or resolution.

Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget and appropriation resolution. Supplemental budgets less than 10% of the fund's original budget may be adopted by the Board of Commissioners at a regular meeting. A supplemental budget greater than 10% of the fund's original budget requires hearings before the public, publication in newspapers and approval by the Board. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriation transfers between the levels of control (major function levels). Such transfers require approval by the Board. Budget amounts shown in the basic financial statements include the original budget amounts, plus appropriation transfers and appropriation increases. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

The County adopted resolutions for appropriation transfers which adjusted the fiscal year 2018 - 2019 original budget.

Expenditures of the various funds were within authorized appropriations with the following exceptions: Jail Operations Fund, personal services category \$221,364, capital outlays category \$128,027 and transfers out category \$12,996; Community Corrections Fund, debt services \$79; County Park Fund, materials and services category \$129,223; Fair Board Fund, material and services category \$7,895 and transfers out category \$1,034; Transfer Station Fund, debt service \$16,044; Corner Preservation Fund, transfers out category \$679; Law Library Fund, materials and services category \$5,738 and transfers out category \$130; Economic Development Fund, materials and services \$40,500 and transfers out category \$24,233; CC Rider Transportation Fund, transfers out category \$2,797; Building Services Fund, materials and services category \$2,214; 4-H Extension Services District, materials and services \$91,838; Meadowview Service District, transfers out category \$750; Columbia County Development Agency, materials and services category \$4,485.

There are no differences, other than those noted in the section above, between the budgetary basis and GAAP basis of accounting.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 3 - Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash management policies are governed by state statutes. A cash pool is maintained that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is reported on the combined balance sheet as Cash and Cash Equivalents. Cash and Investments (recorded at cost) consisted of:

Deposits with financial institutions:

Cash on hand Deposits with financial institutions Investments	\$	24,471 3,373,997 22,256,871
Total Cash and Cash Investments	\$	25,655,339
Government-wide financial statements Fiduciary funds financial statements	\$ —	24,469,335 1,186,004
Total Cash and Cash Investments	\$	25,655,339

Deposits - Deposits with financial institutions include bank demand deposits. Oregon Revised Statutes require deposits to be adequately covered by federal depository insurance or deposited at an approved depository as identified by the Treasury.

<u>Credit Risk</u> - In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. Bank deposits at June 30, 2019 were \$3,587,834, of which only \$250,000 are covered by FDIC as they are in government agency, no interest-bearing accounts; however, state law requires depository banks to collateralize local government deposits 100%. The rest were held at an approved depository as identified by Oregon State Treasury within the depository limits established.

Fair Value Inputs and Methodologies and Hierarchy - Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Observable inputs are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. The classification of securities within the fair value hierarchy is based on the activity level in the market for the security type and the inputs used to determine their fair value, as follows:

<u>Level 1</u> - Unadjustable price quotations in active market/exchanges for identical assets or liabilities that each Fund has the ability to access.

<u>Level 2</u> - Other observable inputs including, but not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, loss severities, credit risks and default rates) or other market-corroborated inputs).

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 3 - Continued

<u>Level 3</u> - Unobservable inputs based on the best information available in the circumstances, to the extent observable inputs are not available (including each fund's own assumptions used in determining the fair value of investments).

Investments - State statutes authorize investment primarily in general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, certain commercial papers among others. Investments are valued at fair value as required by GASB 31 & 72.

As of June 30, 2019, the following investments and maturities are reported at fair value:

			nvestment	Mat	urities
Investment Type	 Fair Value	1 Year or Less		1 Year or More	
US Agencies US Treasuries US Obligations	\$ 1,993,024 996,797 5,080,110	\$	ê	\$	1,993,024 996,797 5,080, 110
	\$ 8,069,931	\$		\$	8,069,931

Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are included in the Oregon Short-Term Fund, which is an external investment pool that is not a 2a-7-like external investment pool, and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Fair value of the LGIP is calculated at the same value as the number of pool shares owned. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. Investments in the Short-Term Fund are governed by ORS 294.135, Oregon Investment Council, and portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board, which establish diversification percentages and specify the types and maturities of investments. The portfolio guidelines permit securities lending transactions as well as investments in repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements. The fund appears to be in compliance with all portfolio guidelines at June 30, 2019. The LGIP seeks to exchange shares at \$1.00 per share; an investment in the LGIP is neither insured nor guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency. Although the LGIP seeks to maintain the value of share investments at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the pool. The County measures these investments at book value since it approximates fair value and does not meet criteria established by GASB 79 to report at amortized cost. The pool is comprised of a variety of investments. At June 30, 2019, the fair value of the County's position in the pool is the same as the value of pool shares, which approximates cost. Amounts in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are not required to be collateralized.

The County's holdings in United States Government Agency securities, treasuries, corporate bonds and municipal bonds with maturities greater than one-year since purchase date had a net unrealized fair value loss of \$73,279 under cost as of June 30, 2019. Because this loss is immaterial, the schedule of investments valued at fair value differs from the value of investment funds listed in the schedule of deposits at institutions as well as the cash and cash equivalents amount noted in the Statement of Net Position by this amount.

Interest Rate Risk - The County's investment policy limits the maximum weighted average maturity of investments to two years, with a minimum of 10% of the investment portfolio maturing under 30 days and 25% maturing in under one year. The County has a maximum maturity of five years. As of June 30, 2019, the County's average maturity of investments was 0.57 years.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 3 - Continued

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the value of the investment will not be able to be recovered by collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The LGIP is administered by the Oregon State Treasury with the advice of other state agencies and is not rated or registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. The LGIP is an open-ended no-load diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision, or public corporation of the state that by law is made the custodian of, or has control of any public funds. The LGIP is commingled with the State's short-term funds. In seeking to best serve local governments of Oregon, the Oregon Legislature established the Oregon Short Term Fund Board. The purpose of the Board is to advise the Oregon State Treasury in the management and investment of the LGIP.

The Board has established portfolio diversification percentages based on the types and maturities of investments. The LGIP must manage and invest its funds as a prudent investor would, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution. Professional standards indicate that the investments in external investment pools are not subject to custodial risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Nevertheless, management does not believe that there is any substantial custodial risk related to investments in the LGIP. A copy of the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report may be obtained at: http://www.oregon.gov/DAS/CFO/SARS/Pages/index.aspx.

The County's investment policy requires that the custodial agent for the County's Fixed Income investments provide confirmation evidence for all securities transactions and make a copy of its Statement on Standards for Attestation Engagements (SSAE) No. 16 available.

Credit Risk - The County's investment policy has restrictive limits on investments in commercial paper and are required to have a A1+ credit rating or better by Standards and Poors, or P1 by Moody's at the time of purchase, more restrictive than what is allowed by State Law. As of June 30, 2019, the County did not hold any commercial paper. State and local government securities are required by the County's investment policy to have an AA- credit rating or better by Standard and Poors, or Aa3 by Moody's at the time of purchase. As of June 30, 2019 the County did not hold any municipal obligations. The County may also invest in Corporate Bonds which hold an AA- credit rating or better by Standard and Poors, or Aa3 by Moody's at the time of purchase. As of June 30, 2019, the County owned no corporate bonds.

The County's investment policy also limits credit risk by restricting the amount invested in any class of security. The maximum percentage amount of the total investment portfolio that can be invested in US treasuries is 100%; US government agency primary securities 100%; LGIP 100% (subject to the ORS imposed maximum dollar amount); corporate bonds and bank time deposits/savings accounts are limited to 25%. State of Oregon and local government securities and certificates of deposit are limited to 20%. US government agency secondary securities, bankers acceptance and commercial paper are limited to 10% of the total portfolio.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The County's investment policy limits the amount that may be invested with any one issuer or institution. Commercial paper and corporate bonds may have no more than 5% of the total portfolio from a single issuer. Certificates of deposit may have no more than 10% of the total portfolio invested with any one institution. No more than 10% of the total portfolio may be invested in one entity's state or local government security. Individual US Government agency primary securities may be no more than 35% of the total portfolio. Individual US Government agency secondary securities may be no more than 10% of the total portfolio. There is no limit on the percent of the portfolio that may be invested in US treasuries. At June 30, 2019, the County was in-compliance with all percentage restrictions.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 3 - Continued

With regard to funds held in the State Treasurer's investment pool, to avoid incurring unreasonable risks inherent to over-investing in specific instruments or in individual financial institutions, the LGIP investment policy sets maximum limits on the percentage of the portfolio that can be invested in any one type of security. Amounts in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are not required by law to be collateralized.

Note 4 - Property Taxes

The County makes assessments of property value, and levies and collects the taxes for the County and all other taxing districts within the County. Assessments of property values are as of January 1. Taxes levied are a lien on the properties as of July 1 of each year. Taxes are due November 15 and a 3% discount is allowed for payment at this time. Uncollected taxes, including delinquent amounts, are deemed to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens.

Note 5 - Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are used to pay administrative services provided by the General Fund, provide funds for debt service, and contribute to the cost of capital projects. Transfers to and from other funds for the year ended June 30, 2019, are as follows:

		Transfer In		Transfer Out
General Fund Jail Operations Fund Road Fund Community Corrections Fund	\$	5,413,682 1,346,370 61,297	\$	(4,893,472) (648,110) (397,359)
Community Corrections Fund Non-Major Governmental Fund		1,010,630		(541,607) (1,906,612)
Proprietary Fund	7	600,665	_	(45,484)
	<u>\$</u>	8,432,644	\$	(8,432,644)

Transfers among component units are recorded as "special payments" on the transfer in side and as the relevant expenditure category on the transfer out side.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Nondepreciable-					\$ 5,777,932
Land	\$ 5,777,932	\$	\$ =	\$	\$ 5,777,932 218,700
4-H Land	218,700	(3)	=	(2.46.270)	
Construction in progress	408,202			(346,270)	61,932
Nondepreciable capital assets	6,404,834	(1) (G) (優日	-	(346,270)	6,058,564
Depreciable-					
Buildings and improvement	25,538,915	589,686	-	346,270	26,474,871
4-H buildings and improvement	362,882	(m)	5.	*	362,882
4-H equipment	8,663	10,614	(5)	120	19,277
Infrastructure	247,339,233	(=)		•	247,339,233
Equipment	11,481,652	547,190	(324,271)		11,704,571
Depreciable capital assets	284,731,345	1,147,490	(324,271)	346,270	285,900,834
Accumulate depreciation-					
Buildings and improvement	(11,316,152)	(551,505)	-	100	(11,867,657)
4-H buildings and improvement	(119,176)	(7,258)	-	-	(126,434)
4-H equipment	(8,663)	(303)	•	-	(8,966)
Infrastructure	(228,908,201)	(1,592,199)		•	(230,500,400)
Equipment	(8,906,706)	(659,870)	269,623		(9,296,953)
Total accumulated depreciation	(249,258,898)	(2,811,135)	269,623	0)	(251,800,410)
Net Depreciable Capital Assets	35,472,447	(1,663,645)	(54,648)	346,270	34,100,424
Net Capital Assets	\$ 41,877,281	\$ (1,663,645)	\$ (54,648)	\$ -	\$ 40,158,988

Depreciation expense for governmental activities is charged to functions as follows:

Total Governmental Activities Depreciation	\$	2,811,135
Economic development	12	39,359
Culture and recreation		28,114
Health and welfare		56,228
Public safety		1,456,051
Roads and bridges		326,120
General government	\$	905,263

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 6 - Continued

Capital asset activity for business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Nondepreciable-				
Land	\$ 637,483	\$ =	\$ -	\$ 637,483
Nondepreciable capital assets	637,483		:-	637,483
Depreciable-				
Buildings and improvement	4,803,279		: e	4,803,279
Equipment	190,171	50,849	321	241,020
Depreciable capital assets	4,993,450	50,849		5,044,299
Accumulate depreciation-				
Buildings and improvement	(1,573,808)	(119,850)	-	(1,693,658)
Equipment	(166,713)	(15,186)		(181,899)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,740,521)	(135,036)		(1,875,557)
Net Depreciable Capital Assets	3,252,929	(84,187)		3,168,742
Net Capital Assets	\$ 3,890,412	\$ (84,187)	\$ -	\$ 3,806,225

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 7 - Long-Term Debt

Governmental Activities

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities - Long-term liability activity of the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	 Additions	 Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
Bonds payable Notes payable	\$ ——	6,669,870 466,853	\$ <u> </u>	\$ (262,245) (101,589)	\$ —	6,407,625 365,264	\$ —	312,625 109,889
Total		7,136,723	90	(363,834)		6,772,889		422,514
Leases payable Net pension liability Net OPEB obligation Accrued compensated	į	56,923 10,805,399 623,668	125,577 2,922,072	(77,292) - (3,527)		105,208 13,727,471 620,141		30,840 = =
absences		1,451,784	 1,543,773	 (1,433,734)		1,561,823	_	130,122
Total Debt	\$	20,074,497	\$ 4,591,422	\$ (1,878,387)	\$	22,787,532	\$	583,476

Advanced Refunding - On November 21, 2006, the County advance refunded a portion of the Series 1999 General Obligation Bonds by issuing \$8,365,000 General Obligation Refunding Bonds. These resources were used to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for all future debt services payments of the refunded debt. As a result, the refunded portion of the obligations is considered defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column from the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$120,000. The deferred loss is being netted and amortized over the life of the new debt, which is equal to the life of the refunded debt. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next 12 years by \$383,560 and resulted in an economic gain of \$312,046.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 7 - Continued

Notes Payable -

On April 20, 2011, the County received proceeds of \$713,000 loan from US Bank in order to pay for energy efficiency renovations at the County Courthouse building. The loan has an annual interest rate of 3.75% and a ten year term which may be paid off early without penalty after April 20, 2014. The project is expected to substantially reduce the electric and gas utility needs and cost in the Courthouse.

\$ 164,575

The City of St. Helens loaned \$100,000 to Columbia County for a joint housing project between the Community Action Team (CAT) and Columbia County Community Corrections (CCCC). This housing project will benefit people in transition from detention. CAT and CCCC located grants and this loan to build affordable housing for these citizens. The loan will be repaid over the next twenty years from rent revenue.

44,674

On April 12, 2000, the County received a loan in the amount of \$410,000 from the Oregon Economic Development Special Public Works Fund (SPWF) for the West Rainier project. The loan carries a 5.2269% interest rate over 25 years.

156,015

Total Notes Payable

\$ 365,264

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for notes payable are as follows:

For the Year Ending June 30,	-	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2020	\$	109,889	\$ 15,467	\$ 125,356
2021		113,352	10,502	123,854
2022		29,910	7,060	36,970
2023		30,319	5,526	35,845
2024		35,746	3,974	39,720
2025 - 2028		46,048	 2,420	 48,468
	<u>\$</u>	365,264	\$ 44,949	\$ 410,213

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 7 - Continued

Bonds Payable -

In March 2002, the County issued Limited Tax Pension Obligations, Series 2002A and Series 2002B totaling \$4,394,484. The Series 2002 A are deferred interest obligations, while the Series 2002B are current interest obligations. The 2002A Obligations were issued as deferred interest obligations, with interest payable only at maturity, and compounded semiannually at June 1 and December 1. The 2002B obligations were issued as current interest obligations, with interest payable on December 1 of each year until maturity or earlier prepayment. The bonds carry interest rates varying from 2.0 to 7.41% with an average yield of about 7%. Interest rates are set at different levels throughout the life of the bond. On September 23, 2005, the County issued additional Limited Tax Pension Obligations in the amount of \$3,860,000 with interest rates varying from 4.79 to 5%. Interest rates are set at different levels throughout the life of the bond. These series 2005 bonds were issued as current interest obligations, with interest payable on June 1 and December 1 of each year until maturity. The proceeds from these limited tax bonds were used to finance the estimated unfunded actuarial liability with the Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS).

\$ 6,407,625

Total Bonds Payable

\$ 6,407,625

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds payable are as follows:

For the Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2020	\$ 312,625	\$ 552,755	\$ 865,380
2021	540,000	367,536	907,536
2022	615,000	335,063	950,063
2023	690,000	298,017	988,017
2024	785,000	256,383	1,041,383
2025 - 2028	3,465,000	 496,710	3,961,710
	\$ 6,407,625	\$ 2,306,464	\$ 8,714,089

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 7 - Continued

Leases - As of June 30, 2019, capital leases had the following balance:

Beginning				Ending	Due Within
Balance	-	Additions	 Reductions	Balance	One Year
\$ 56,923	\$	125,577	\$ (77,292)	\$ 105,208	\$ 29,434

Business-Type Activities

Changes in Long-Term liabilities - Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	-	Beginning Balance	Additions	 Reductions	_	Ending Balance	19-	Due Within One Year
Net pension liability Net OPEB obligation Notes payable	\$	78,850 5,236 1,723,074	\$ 19,591	\$ (1,187) (279,415)	\$	98,441 4,049 1,443,659	\$	251,910
Total Debt	\$	1,807,160	\$ 19,591	\$ (280,602)	\$	1,546,149	\$	251,910

Notes Payable -

On March 17, 2004, the County received financing in the amount of \$4,435,000 at 4.97% from the Oregon Economic and Community Development Department for the construction of a new solid waste transfer station. Annual principal and interest payments of \$323,660 are due for the next 25 years.

\$ 1,443,659 \$ 1,443,659

Total Note Payable

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for note payable is as follows:

For the Year Ending June 30,	-	Principal		Interest	 Total
2020	\$	251,910	\$	71,750	\$ 323,660
2021		264,430		59,230	323,660
2022		27 7,572		46,088	323,660
2023		291,368		32,292	323,660
2024		305,849		17,811	323,660
2025 - 2028	-	52,530	-	2,611	55,141
	\$	1,443,659	\$	229,782	\$ 1,673,441

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 8 - Pension Plan

Plan Description - The Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) consists of a single cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. All benefits of the system are established by the legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found at: https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/Financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.

If the link is expired please contact Oregon PERS for this information.

- a. PERS Pension (Chapter 238). The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
 - i. Pension Benefits The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, and 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefits results.
 - ii. <u>Death Benefits</u> Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided on or more of the following contributions are met:
 - Member was employed by PERS employer at the time of death;
 - Member died within 120 days after termination of PERS covered employment;
 - Member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job; or
 - Member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.
 - iii. <u>Disability Benefits</u> A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a jobincurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.
 - iv. <u>Benefit Changes After Retirement</u> Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cap on the COLA will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 8 - Continued

- b. OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB). The ORS Chapter 238A Defined Benefit Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
 - i. <u>Pension Benefits</u> This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

Police and Fire - 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

General Service - 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

- ii. <u>Death Benefits</u> Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.
- iii. <u>Disability Benefits</u> A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.
- iv. <u>Benefit Changes</u> After Retirement. Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cap on the COLA will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit.

Contributions - PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation, which became effective July 1, 2017. The State of Oregon and certain schools, community colleges, and political subdivision have made unfunded actuarial liability payments and their rates have been reduced. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019 were \$1,195,571, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 8 - Continued

Pension Asset or Liability - At June 30, 2019, the County reported a net pension liability of \$13,825,912 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016 rolled forward to that date. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At December 31, 2016, the County's proportion was 0.09 percent.

	_	Deferred Outflow of Resources	 Deferred Inflow of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	470,316	\$.T.
Changes in assumptions		3,214,498	387
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments Changes in proportionate share		1,007,897	613,949 227,294
Changes in proportion and differences between County contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-	254,965
County contributions subsequent to measuring date		1,195,571	
,	\$	5,888,282	\$ 1,096,208

Amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflow of resources related to pension, excluding contributions subsequent to measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Year Ending June 30,

2020		\$ 1,754,996
2021		1,312,032
2022		45,636
2023		364,987
2024		 118,852
		\$ 3,596,503

All assumptions, methods and plan provisions used in these calculations are described in the Oregon PERS system-wide GASB 68 reporting summary dated November 30, 2018. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited CAFR which can be found at: https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/CAFR/2018-CAFR.pdf.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 8 - Continued

Actuarial Valuations - The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2019, were set using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial liabilities being amortized over 20 years.

For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an actuarially determined amount for funding a disability benefit component, and (c) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions -

Valuation Date	December 31, 2016 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 measurement date.
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Experience Study Report	2014, Published September 2015.
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Actuaria	l Cost Method	Entry Age	Normal.

Amortization Method Amortized as a level percentage of payroll as layered amortization bases over a

closed period; Tier One/Tier Two UAL is amortized over 20 years and OPSRP

pension UAL is amortized over 16 years.

Asset Valuation Method Market value of assets.

Inflation Rate 2.5 percent.

Investment Rate of Return 7.2 percent.

Projected Salary Increase 3.5 percent overall payroll growth; salaries for individuals are assumed to grow at

3.5 percent plus assumed rates of merit/longevity increases based on service.

Cost of Living Adjustment Blend of 2.0 percent COLA and graded COLA (1.25/0.15 percent) in accordance with

Moro decision, blend based on service.

Mortality Healthy retirees and beneficiaries: RP-2000 Sex-distinct, generational per Scale BB,

with collar adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.

Active members: Mortality rates are a percentage of healthy retiree rates that vary

by group, as described in the valuation.

Disabled retirees: Mortality rates are a percentage (70% for males, 95% for females) of the RP-2000 Sex-distinct, generational per Scale BB, disabled mortality table.

Notes to Financial Statements
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 8 - Continued

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The method and assumptions shown are based on the 2014 Experience Study which is reviewed for the four-year period ending December 31, 2014.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.2 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from the plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.2 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.2 percent) than the current rate.

6 70/

7 2%

8 2%

	6.2%	7.2%	0.270
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 23,105,711	\$ 13,825,912	\$ 6,166,197
Assumed Asset Allocation -			
Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range	OIC Target
Cash	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Debt securities	15.0%	25.0%	20.0%
Public equity	32.5%	42.5%	37.5%
Real estate	9.5%	15.5%	12.5%
Private equity	13.5%	21.5%	17.5%
Alternative equity	0.0%	12.5%	12.5%
Opportunity portfolio	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
			100.0%

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 8 - Continued

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return - To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in July 2013 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

Asset Class	Target	Compound Annual Return
	Target	(Geometric)
Core Fixed Income	8.00%	3.49%
Short-Term Bonds	8.00%	3.38%
Bank/Leveraged Loans	3.00%	5.09%
High Yield Bonds	1.00%	6.45%
Large/Mid Cap US Equities	15.75%	6.30%
Small Cap US Equities	1.31%	6.69%
Micro Cap US Equities	1.31%	6.80%
Developed Foreign Equities	13.13%	6.71%
Emerging Market Equities	4.13%	7.45%
Non-US Small Cap Equities	1.88%	7.01%
Private Equity	17.50%	7.82%
Real Estate (Property)	10.00%	5.51%
Real Estate (REITS)	2.50%	6.37%
Hedge Fund of Funds - Diversified	2.50%	4.09%
Hedge Fund - Event-driven	0.63%	5.86%
Timber	1.88%	5.62%
Farmland	1.88%	6.15%
Infrastructure	3.75%	6.60%
Commodities	1.88%	3.84%
Assumed Inflation	3	2.50%

As described above, GASB 67 and GASB 68 require the Total Pension Liability to be determined based on the benefit terms in effect at the Measurement Date. Any changes to benefit terms that occurs after that date are reflected in amounts reported for the subsequent Measurement Date. However, Paragraph 80f of GASB 68 requires employers to briefly describe any changes between the Measurement Date and the employer's reporting date that are expected to have a significant effect on the employer's share of the collective Net Pension Liability, along with an estimate of the resulting change, if available.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 8 - Continued

A deferred compensation plan is available to employees wherein they may execute an individual agreement with the District for amounts earned by them to not be paid until a future date when certain circumstances are met. These circumstances are: termination by reason of death, disability, resignation, or retirement. Payment to the employee will be made over a period not to exceed 15 years. The deferred compensation plan is one which is authorized under IRC Section 457 and has been approved in its specifics by a private ruling from the Internal Revenue Service. The assets of the plan are held by the administrator for the sole benefit of the plan participants and are not considered assets or liabilities of the County.

Individual Account Program - In the 2003 legislative session, the Oregon Legislative Assembly created a successor plan for OPERS. The Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP) is effective for all new employees hired on or after August 29, 2003, and applies to any inactive OPERS members who return to employment following a six month or greater break in service. The new plan consists of the defined benefit pension plans and a defined contribution pension plan (the Individual Account Program or IAP). Beginning January 1, 2004, all OPERS member contributions go into the IAP portion of OPSRP. OPERS' members retain their existing OPERS accounts, but any future member contributions are deposited into the member's IAP, not the member's OPERS account. Those employees who had established an OPERS membership prior to the creation of OPSRP will be members of both the OPERS and OPSRP system as long as they remain in covered employment. Members of OPERS and OPSRP are required to contribute six percent of their salary covered under the plan that is invested in the IAP. The County makes this contribution on behalf of its employees.

Additional disclosures related to Oregon PERS not applicable to specific employers are available online, or by contacting PERS at the following address: PO BOX 23700 Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

Note 9 - Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

OPEB activity and balances as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Category	 RHIA	Insurance Subsidy	-	Total
OPEB liability Net OPEB assets Deferred outflows Deferred inflows OPEB expenses	\$ 113,318 762 25,226 (66,040)	\$ 624,190 - 24,901 169,408 47,355	\$	624,190 113,318 25,663 194,634 (18,685)

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 9 - Continued

The following table shows the changes in the County's total OPEB liability for its two OPEB plans:

	-	RHIA	-	Insurance Subsidy	8	Total
OPEB Liability (Asset), June 30, 2018	\$	(40,241)	\$	623,668	\$	583,427
Changes for the year- Service cost Interest Changes of benefit terms Benefit payments		- - - (73,077)		57,973 23,636 (37,859) (42,493)	-	57,973 23,636 (37,859) (115,570)
OPEB Liability (Asset) Ending balance, June 30, 2019	\$	(113,318)	\$	624,925	\$	511,607

Post-Employment Health Insurance Subsidy Plan

Plan Description - The County operates a single-employer retiree benefit plan that provides postemployment health, dental, and vision insurance benefits to eligible employees and their spouses. There are active and retired members in the plan. Benefits and eligibility for members are established through the collective bargaining agreements.

The Post Employment Health Insurance Subsidy plan (the Insurance Subsidy plan) was established in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 243.303. ORS stipulated that for the purpose of establishing healthcare premiums, the rate must be based on all plan members, including both active employees and retirees. The difference between retiree claims cost, which because of the effect of age is generally higher in comparison to all plan members, and the amount of retiree healthcare premiums, represents the implicit employer contribution. The County did not establish an irrevocable trust (or equivalent arrangement) to account for the plan.

Benefits Provided - The benefits from this program are paid by the retired employees on a self-pay basis and the required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you go financing requirements. There is no obligation to fund these benefits in advance.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

17 5
3
178

Total OPEB Liability - The County's total OPEB liability of \$624,190 was measured as of June 30, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 9 - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs - The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50 percent.
Salaries Increases	3.50 percent, average, including inflation.
Discount Rate	3.87 percent.
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	RP-2000 healthy white collar male and female mortality tables, set back one year for males. Mortality is projected on a generational basis using Scale BB for males and females.
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal.

Sensitivity Analysis - The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (3.87 percent decreasing to 2.87 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.87 percent increasing to 4.87 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
	-4.87%			-3.87%		-2.87%	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	678,133	\$	624,190	\$	574,756	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$66,040. At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions of other inputs	\$	169,408	\$	104,425
	\$	169,408	\$	104,425

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 9 - Continued

Net amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For the Year Ending June 30,

2020	\$	9,353
2021		9,353
2022		9,353
2023		9,353
2024		9,353
Thereafter		18,218
	<u>\$</u>	64,983

Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA)

Plan Description - As a member of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) the County contributes to the Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit, other postemployment benefit plan administered by OPERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution (currently \$60 per month) toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible retirees. Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 238.420 established this trust fund. Authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of RHIA reside with the Oregon Legislature. The Plan is closed to new entrants after January 1, 2004. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700. The reports and other related schedules including plan assumptions, methods and plan provisions may also be found on the PERS website at https://www.oregon.gov/pers/EMP/Pages/GASB.aspx.

Funding Policy - Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60, or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the Retirement Health Insurance Account established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in PERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in PERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in a PERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased PERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from PERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 9 - Continued

Contributions - Participating public employers are contractually required to contribute to RHIA at a rate assessed each biennium by OPERS. For fiscal year 2019 the rate is 0.50% of annual covered payroll for Tier I /Tier 2 employees and 0.43% for OPSRP employees. The OPERS sets the net-retiree healthcare rate based on the estimated OPEB expense of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The OPEB expense represents the annual cost allocated to the current year (normal cost) and the amortization of any unfunded accrued liabilities of the plan (UAL cost). The unfunded accrued liabilities are amortized over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining lives of all employees that are provided with OPEB through the OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees). The County's contributions to RHIA were consistent with the net-retiree healthcare rate as charged by OPERS. Amounts paid for RHIA were included with the payments for the retirement plan described above.

Total OPEB Liability - The County's RHIA total OPEB asset of \$113,318 was measured as of June 30, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs - Actuarial methods and assumptions for the RHIA plan mirror those of the PERS retirement system itself. Healthcare cost trends are not applicable to this plan. The County's proportionate share of the RHIA plan for fiscal year 2019 is 0.10151453%. The proportionate share for each employer participating in the Plan was determined by the actuaries based upon each employer's contribution to the RHIA program during the measurement period.

Sensitivity Analysis - The following presents the total RHIA OPEB asset of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (7.20 percent decreasing to 6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.20 percent increasing to 8.20 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease -6.20%		Di	scount Rate -7.20%	1% Decrease -8.20%
Total OPEB (Asset) Liability	\$	(65,979)	\$	(113,318)	\$ (153,612)

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB - At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	O	Deferred Inflows f Resources	of	Deferred Outflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Changes in proportionate share	\$	6,422 360 795	\$	762
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments		24,431		
	\$	32,008	\$	762

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 9 - Continued

Net amounts reported as deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

For the Year Ending June 30,

2020	\$ 10,181
2021	10,315
2022	8,322
2023	2,428
2024	
Thereafter	-
	\$ 31,246

Note 10 - Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to: torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. Except for unemployment compensation, the County purchases commercial insurance to minimize its exposure to these risks. There has been no significant reduction in commercial insurance coverage from fiscal year 2018 to 2019. Workers compensation claims are insured through incurred loss retrospective policies. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage for any of the past three years.

Note 11 - Litigation

Management of the County believes that the total amount of liability, if any, which may arise from claims and lawsuits pending against Columbia County beyond that, which is covered by insurance, would not have a material effect of the County's financial statement.

Note 12 - Contingencies

A number of federally assisted grant programs are participated in. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Compliance with grant requirements will be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although such amounts are expected by management to be immaterial.

Note 13 - Commitments

The Columbia County Development Agency has pledged tax increment revenues to repay a loan from the Oregon Economic and Community Development Department (OECDD) incurred by the Port of St. Helens to build a water intake and discharge system in the plan area. The loan is a construction loan with a 25 year term, 5% interest, in the amount of \$8,095,122. This loan is in second position for debt commitments for the CCDA; annual debt service will be paid as long as sufficient tax increment revenues are available.

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 14 - Fund Balance

The specific purposes for each of the categories of fund balance as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	General Fund	Jail Operations Fund	Road Fund	Community Corrections Fund	Other Governmental	Total
Nonspendable: Prepaid and inventory	\$ 172,429	\$ 48,059	\$ 120,478	\$ 3,216	\$ 32,421	\$ 376,603
Total Nonspendable	172,429	48,059	120,478	3,216	32,421	376,603
Restricted:						40.440
Clerk's office	40,418	20	3	-	-	40,418
District Attorney	2,311	•		-	766 	2,311
Bicycle and footpath		•	=======================================	-	575,076	575,076
SDC roads	•	-	2	9	924,912	924,912
SDC parks	2	320	8	×	213,852	213,852
Roads	2:	-	2,061,974	8		2,061,974
Parks	25	160		*	270,216	270,216
Community corrections	2	(e)		2,184,575	5	2,184,575
Direct pass through	*	(in)			39,786	39,786
Corner preservation	8	(*)	37.		236,728	236,728
Inmate benefit	-		50	-	388,202	388,202
Courthouse security		-		-	212,448	212,448
Law library			121	2	66,323	66,323
Economic development		2			318,317	318,317
Transit		-	4.	-	57,926	57,926
Building services	2	=			251,298	251,298
Strategic investment	_				129,429	129,429
Jail Operations Fund		3,278,422	*	-	9	3,278,422
Development Agency*				-	4,552,760	4,552,760
4-H Extension Services*			-	-	746,659	746,659
Meadowview lighting district*) <u>=</u>	2,774	2,774
Total Restricted	42,729	3,278,422	2,061,974	2,184,575	8,986,706	16,554,406
Committed to:						
Fair facilities	<u> </u>			191	49,869	49,869
Total Committed	<u> </u>				49,869	49,869
Assigned:						
Public Health	97,806	-	5		•	97,806
Emergency Services	68,813			1.75	•	68,813
Building repairs		155,000	5		-	155,000
PERS Reserve	- 20				1,238,047	1,238,047
Total Assigned	166,619	155,000			1,238,047	1,559,666
Unassigned	3,733,801	- 2			(117,661)	3,616,140
Total Fund Balances	\$ 4,115,578	\$ 3,481,481	\$ 2,182,452	\$ 2,187,791	\$ 10,189,382	\$ 22,156,684

^{*} Component units

Notes to Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 15 - Tax Abatements

As of June 30, 2019, Columbia County provides tax abatements through two programs: Enterprise Zone and Strategic Investment.

Enterprise Zone (ORS 285C.175) - The Oregon Enterprise Zone program is a State of Oregon economic development program established, that allows for property tax exemptions for up to five years. In exchange for receiving property tax exemption, participating firms are required to meet the program requirements set by state statute and the local sponsor.

The Enterprise Zone program allows industrial firms that will be making a substantial new capital investment a waiver of 100% of the amount of real property taxes attributable to the new investment for a 5-year period after completion. Land or existing machinery or equipment is not tax exempt; therefore, there is no loss of current property tax levies to local taxing jurisdiction.

Strategic Investment (ORS 285C.600) - The purpose of the Strategic Investment program is to improve employment in areas where eligible projects are to be located and urges business firms that will benefit from an eligible project to hire employees from the region in which the eligible project is to be located whenever practicable.

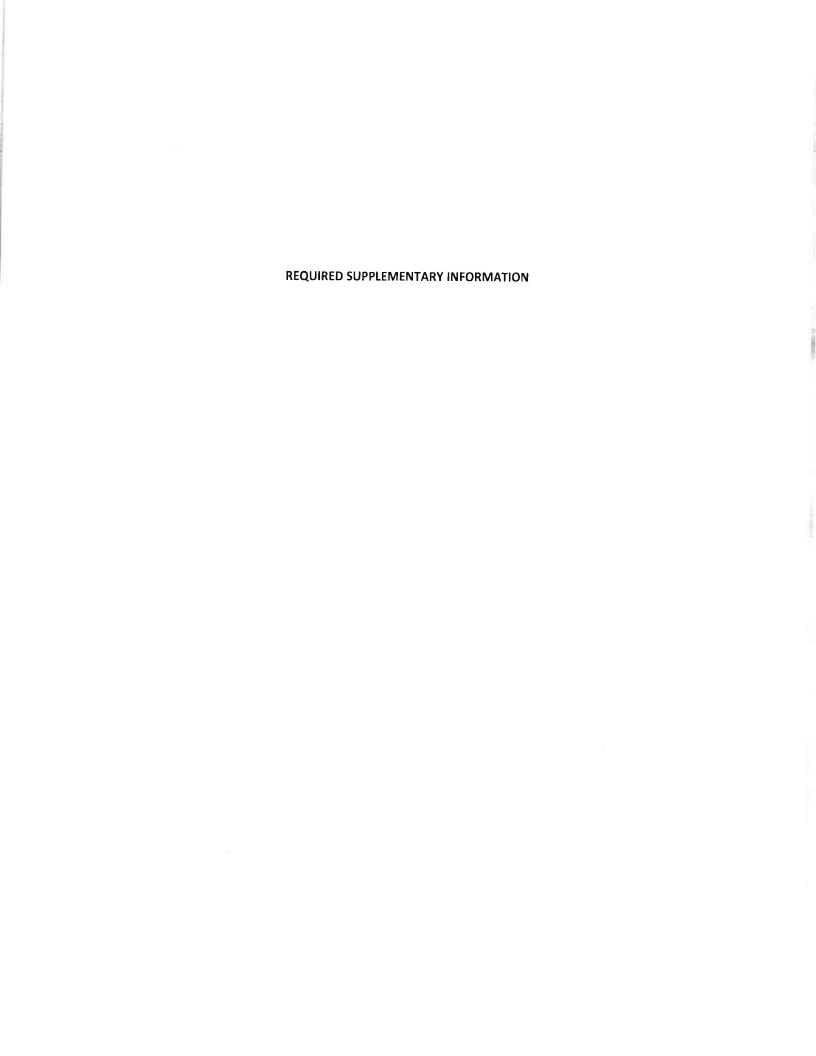
In order to be eligible for the SIP exemption:

- The project must be an eligible project;
- Benefit a traded sector industry as defined in ORS 285B.280; and
- The total cost of the project equals or exceeds:
 - a. \$100 million; or
 - b. \$25 million, for rural areas

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the County abated property taxes totaling \$1,386,660 under these programs.

	Amount of
	Taxes Abated
	During the
Total Abatement Program	 Fiscal Year
Enterprise zone (ORS 285C.175) Strategic Investment Program (ORS 285C.600)	\$ 210,916 1,175,744
	\$ 1,386,660

The County entered into tax abatement agreements that affected other governments, taxing districts to which the County passes through property taxes. Information regarding abatement for other governments can be found at: http://www.co.columbia.or.us/files/assessor/2018_Data/GASB77_Report_2017.pdf.



Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

							iscal Year Er	Fiscal Year Ending June 30				
		2019	П	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
Total OPEB Liability (in 1,000s)												
Service cost	v	28	Υ	62	N/A	A/N	N/A	A/N	N/A	N/A	N/A	A/N
John Present on total OPFB liability		24		19	A/N	N/A	N/A	A/N	A/N	N/A	N/A	N/A
Effect of changes to henefit terms		(*)			N/A	A/N	A/N	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	A/N
Effect of economic/demographic gains or (losses)		119		ı	A/N	N/A	A/N	A/N	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Effect of assumption changes or inputs		(157)		(41)	A/N	A/N	A/N	N/A	A/N	N/A	A/N	N/A
Benefit navments		(43)		(20)	N/A	A/N	A/N	A/N	A/N	A/Z	N/A	N/A
Net change in total OPEB liability		` 		(30)	N/A	N/A	N/A	A/N	N/A	A/N	N/A	N/A
Total OPEB liability, beginning		624		653	N/A	N/A	A/N	N/A	N/A	A/N	N/A	N/A
Total OPEB liability, ending		625		624	653	N/A	N/A	A/N	N/A	A/N	N/A	N/A

Schedule of OPEB Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

							Ĭ
	Actuarially						Contribution
	Determined	•	Actual	Contribution		Employer's	as a Percentage
	Employer	Em	Employer	Deficiency		Covered	of Covered
Entity Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019	Contribution	Contribution	ution	(Excess)		Payroll	Payroll
Post Employment Health Insurance Subsidy	❖	\$	ž	\$	↔	12,020,439	%0
Retiree Health Insurance Account	\$	\$	Œ	\$	❖	12,020,439	%0

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Contributions For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

For the Year Ended June 30,	Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (NPL)	County's Covered Payroll	NPL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2019	0.0912681%	\$ 13,825,912	\$ 12,020,439	115%	82%
2018	0.0801585%	10,805,399	11,037,687	98%	83%
2017	0.7843200%	11,774,406	10,707,205	110%	81%
2016	0.8448485%	4,850,665	10,420,148	47%	92%
2015	0.9418482%	(2,134,901)	9,841,982	-22%	104%

Amounts presented are for the measurement period reported during the fiscal year, which for fiscal year 2019 is July 1, 2017 - June 30, 2018.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

				Contributions n Relation to				Contributions
		Statutorily	th	ne Statutorily	(Contribution	Employer's	as a Percent
		Required		Required		Deficiency	Covered	of Covered
For the Year Ended June 30,	_	Contribution		Contribution		(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
2019	\$	1,195,571	\$	1,195,571	\$	5	\$ 12,936,238	9%
2018		1,114,686		1,114,686		*	12,020,439	9%
2017		774,462		774,462		2	11,037,687	7%
2016		746,762		746,762		2	10,707,205	7%
2015		760,450		760,450		-	10,420,148	7%

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.



Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

		Fair Board Fund		Direct Pass Through Fund	-	Corner Preservation Fund
Assets:	ė.	/21 271)	\$	4C 113	\$	236,817
Cash and investment	\$	(21,371)	>	46,112	Ş	230,017
Property taxes receivable Accounts receivable		€		≅		¥
Due from other governments						-
Prepaids		30,890				
Total Assets	\$	9,519	\$	46,112	\$	236,817
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	4,114	\$	6,326	\$	89
Deposits			8	(2)	-	-
Total Liabilities		4,114		6,326		89
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	3					
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		(-)		-		-
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		30,890		:e;		226 728
Restricted		=		39,786		236,728
Committed				-		-
Assigned		(25,485)		(5-		-
Unassigned		(25,465)			-	
Total Fund Balances		5,405		39,786		236,728
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				40.445		225.047
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	9,519	<u>\$</u>	46,112	\$	236,817

-	Inmate Benefit Expenses Fund		Courthouse Security Fund		Law Library Fund		Economic Development Fund) -	Public Works Capital Fund
\$	393,435	\$	205,814	\$	66,801	\$	226,020	\$	1,759,382
	12,874		8		:=:		=		8
	12,074	*00	6,634		20		329 =		4,327
	*				250				4,327
\$	406,309	\$	212,448	\$	66,801	\$	226,349	\$	1,763,709
\$	18,107	\$		٨	170	ı			
<i>پ</i>	18,107	Ş	*	\$	478	\$	208	\$	3
	18,107		3		478		208	217	
			-		-		*		•
	9		· E		-:		2		_
	388,202		212,448		66,323		226,141		1,713,840
	-		*		-		=		49,869
	- 2						· ·		-
	388,202		212,448		66,323		226,141		1,763,709
\$	406,309	\$	212,448	\$	66,801	\$	226,349	\$	1,763,709

Combining Balance Sheet (Continued) Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

		County Park Fund	Tra	CC Rider ansportation Fund		Building Services Fund
Assets:	\$	267,709	\$	(81,192)	\$	257,536
Cash and investment	Ş	207,703	Y	(01,132)	*	/8
Property taxes receivable		-		131		(€:
Accounts receivable		34,978		240,783		12
Due from other governments Prepaids		150				
Total Assets	\$	302,837	\$	159,722	\$	257,536
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances						
Liabilities:				=0.5		6 330
Accounts payable	\$	29,921	\$	101,796	\$	6,238
Deposits	12-	2,550				
Total Liabilities		32,471		101,796		6,238
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes				-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-				•
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		150		57.026		251,298
Restricted		270,216		57,926		251,296
Committed		7.		-		-
Assigned		(#)		\$		-
Unassigned					-	
Total Fund Balances	-	270,366		57,926		251,298
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				159,722		257,536

Tota		4-H Extension Service District Fund	_	lumbia County Development Agency	Col	Meadowview Services District Fund	-	PERS Reserve Fund	_	Strategic Investment Program Fund	F
9,867,646	\$	747,239	\$	4,522,494	\$	2,803	\$	1,238,047	\$		\$
190,150		16,282		173,868		-		560		290	
142,833				=		70		7/20		129,429	
286,722		(=)		*		*		(/5/		•	
32,421	_	1,381					-		-		
10,519,772	\$	764,902	<u>\$</u>	4,696,362	<u>\$</u>	2,873	\$	1,238,047	\$	129,429	\$
178,655	\$	580	\$	10,699	\$	99	\$	12.5	\$	-	\$
2,550				181		17/				= =	
181,205		580		10,699		99		-			
149,185		16,282	7	132,903						-	
149,185		16,282		132,903		i.				•	
32,421		1,381				9		_		-	
8,894,530		746,659		4,552,760		2,774		-		129,429	
49,869		*		-		-		1 220 047			
1,238,047 (25,485)		-		2 2		-		1,238,047			
10,189,382		748,040		4,552,760		2,774		1,238,047		129,429	
10,519,772	\$	764,902	\$	4,696,362	\$	2,873	\$	1,238,047	\$	129,429	

COLUMBIA COUNTY, OREGON Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance and Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	1	Fair Board Fund	9	Direct Pass Through Fund	N	Corner Preservation Fund
Revenues:						
Property tax collected by County	\$		\$	20.626	\$:#::
Public service tax collected by State		53,167		38,636		-
Intergovernmental grants		113,270		40,668		170
Special payment from component units		2/				188
Licenses and permits		44.026		25.000		-
Charges for services		11,826		35,980		04.066
Fines, fees and forfeitures		301,618		440		84,066
Interest on investments		(290)		110		4,870
Mineral royalties and timber revenue		0.4.000		-		
Miscellaneous	-	31,869	-			
Total Revenues		511,460		115,394		88,936
Expenditures:						
Personal services		32		-		70,597
Material and services		455,651		97,527		1,670
Capital outlay		37,530				-
Debt service-						
Principal payments		-		-		-
Interest				-	1	-
Special payments		,e			-	
Total Expenditures		493,181		97,527	-	72,267
Excess of Revenues Over (Under Expenditures)		18,279		17,867		16,669
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		42,000		21,919		-
Transfers out	-	(56,793)			-	(18,798)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(14,793)		21,919	_	(18,798
Net Change in Fund Balance		3,486		39,786		(2,129)
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,919	_		_	238,857
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	5,405	\$	39,786	\$	236,728

	Inmate	Courthouse		Law		Economic	Public Work
	Benefit	Security	1	Library		Development	Capita
	Expenses Fund	Fund		Fund		Fund	Eapita Func
\$		<u>م</u>					
Ą	-	\$ -	\$	•	\$:=11	\$
	105,749			-		17	12
	103,743	15		-		426,258	
						¥	5.7
	53,573	ì		(*)		8	47,977
	33,373	44.445		-		5	-
	959	41,145		41,168		(16)	88,170
	233	4,002		2,050		2,662	34,503
		-		*		•	9
		0E		<u> </u>	8	671	
	160,281	45,147		43,218		429,591	170,650
	-						
	49,787	2		66,708		- 157,441	
		¥		995		137,441	-
		2					
		12				-	-
		=					
	49,787			67,703	18	157,441	_
	110,494	45,147		(24,485)		272,150	170,650
		15,351				404	
	(750)	(32,000)		(3,362)		184,352	-
		, , , , , , , ,	-	(3,302)		(230,361)	 27,480
	(750)	(16,649)		(3,362)		(46,009)	27,480
	109,744	28,498		(27,847)		226,141	198,130
	278,458	183,950		94,170		Ŧ	1,565,579
	388,202 \$	212,448	\$	66,323	\$	226,141	\$ 1,763,709

Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued) Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance and Budget and Actual (Budgetary Basis) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			oc n: -l-	_	Building
		County	CC Ride		Services
		Park	Transportation		Fund
	===	Fund	Fund		Tuna
Revenues:			\$	\$	
Property tax collected by County	\$	570	Ç.	. Y	
Public service tax collected by State		25.055	1,363,319	1	51,961
ntergovernmental grants		35,055	1,303,312		(2)
Special payment from component units		1.10.010			312,812
icenses and permits		143,818	213,312)	512,022
Charges for services		2,341	215,512	<u>-</u>	468,567
Fines, fees and forfeitures		349,863	(8,359	= 1	7,745
Interest on investments		3,258	(0,55)	- -	,,,
Mineral royalties and timber revenue		255,849	120 E7	-)	
Miscellaneous		11,333	139,57	_ :	
Total Revenues		801,517	1,707,84	4	841,085
Expenditures:			276,92	C	783,678
Personal services		190,985			37,720
Material and services		399,964	1,293,10		37,720
Capital outlay		26,523	513,38	2	
Debt service-					9
Principal payments		-		5	_
Interest		7.5			-
Special payments	-				
Total Expenditures		617,472	2,083,41		821,398
Excess of Revenues Over (Under Expenditures)		184,045	(375,57	73)	19,687
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			CC0 11	20	
Transfers in			660,1		(133,565
Transfers out	((78,757)	(513,8	12)	(155,505
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(78,757)	146,3	27	(133,56
Net Change in Fund Balance		105,288	(229,2	46)	(113,878
Fund balance, beginning of year		165,078	287,1	72	365,17
Fund Balance, End of Year	Ś	270,366	\$ 57,9	26 \$	251,29

	Strategic Investment Program Fund	_	PERS Reserve Fund	_	Meadowview Services District Fund	C.	olumbia County Development Agency		4-H Extension Service District Fund	: 3 	Total
\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,269	\$	3,194,848	\$	284,817	\$	3,482,934
	129,429			•	===	*	3,23 1,0 78	Ψ.	204,017	Ą	221,232
	1,363,729		5		(a)						3,500,009
	-		-		-				2		3,300,003
			-		*		-		2		504,607
	-		-						248		317,280
	-		<u> </u>		-		=		:(e)		1,374,597
	÷.		27,075		62		79,085		14,696		172,428
	-		-		8		161,655		14,471		431,983
_		_		_)#X				183,445
	1,493,158		27,075		3,339		3,435,588		314,232		10,188,515
	9		-		-						1,322,186
	788,527				1,829		66,626		217,838		3,634,397
	4,923		-		-		=		-		583,353
							202 040				
					:•:		382,313		-		382,313
	-				-		374,641		700		374,641
-		-				-		-	700		700
	793,450				1,829		823,580		218,538		6,297,590
	699,708		27,075		1,510		2,612,008		95,694		3,890,925
	/EZO 2ZO)		(402.450)		(===)				4,923		928,684
	(570,279)	8	(193,469)	-	(750)		(18,750)				(1,823,966)
	(570,279)	-	(193,469)		(750)		(18,750)		4,923		(895,282)
	129,429		(166,394)		760		2,593,258		100,617		2,995,643
			1,404,441		2,014		1,959,502		647,423		7,193,739
Ś	129,429	¢	1 229 047	¢	2 774		4 553 760		740.040	_	40.400
\$ ——	123,423	<u>\$</u>	1,238,047	\$	2,774	<u>\$</u>	4,552,760	<u>\$</u>	748,040	<u>\$</u>	10,189,382

Fair Board Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget - Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Origi Budį		Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues: Intergovernmental grants Public service tax collected by State Charges for services Fines, fees and forfeitures Interest on investments	\$ 89,00 13,00 421,20	00	89,000 13,000 421,200 50	\$ 113,270 53,167 11,826 301,618 (290)	\$ 24,270 53,167 (1,174) (119,582) (340) 31,869
Total Revenues	523,2	<u> </u>	523,250	31,869 511,460	(11,790)
Expenditures: Material and services Capital outlay	409,7 65,0		447,756 65,000	455,651 37,530	(7,895)
Total Expenditures	474,7	23	512,756	493,181	19,575
Excess of Revenues Over (Under Expenditures)	48,5	27	10,494	18,279	7 ,7 85
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out	5,0 (56,7		42,000 (55,759)	42,000 (56,793)	(1,034)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(51,7	92)	(13,759)	(14,793)	(1,034)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,2	65)	(3,265)	3,486	6,751
Fund balance, beginning of year	3,2	65	3,265	1,919	(1,346)
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	- \$	-	\$ 5,405	\$ 5,405

Direct Pass Through Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget - Budgetary Basis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues:	Original Budget	-	Final Budget	¥	Actual	W <u></u>	Variance With Final Budget
Public service tax collected by State Charges for service Intergovernmental grants Interest on investments	\$ 55,000 -	\$	55,000 - - -	\$	38,636 35,980 40,668 110	\$	(16,364) 35,980 40,668 110
Total Revenues	55,000		55,000		115,394		60,394
Expenditure: Material and services Total Expenditure	 55,000		151,266		97,527	•	53,739
	55,000	-	151,266		97,527		53,739
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	•		(96,266)		17,867		114,133
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	 		96,266		21,919		(74,347)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 		96,266		21,919		(74,347)
Net Change in Fund Balance			-		39,786		39,786
Fund balance, beginning of year							
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 	\$		\$	39,786	\$	39,786

Corner Preservation Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget - Budgetary Basis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues: Fines, fees and forfeitures Interest on investments	\$ 105,000	\$ 105,000	\$ 84,066 4,870	\$ (20,934) 4,870
Total Revenues	105,000	105,000	88,936	(16,064)
Expenditures: Personal services Materials and services Capital outlay Contingency	75,849 13,948 5,000 225,987	75,849 14,575 5,000 225,987	70,597 1,670	5,252 12,905 5,000 225,987
Total Expenditures	320,784	321,411	72,267	249,144
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(215,784)	(216,411)	16,669	233,080
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out	(18,746)	(18,119)	(18,798)	(679)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(18,746)	(18,119)	(18,798)	(679)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(234,530)	(234,530)	(2,129)	232,401
Fund balance, beginning of year	234,530	234,530	238,857	4,327
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -	\$	\$ 236,728	\$ 236,728

Inmate Benefit Expense Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget - Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues:	Origir Budg		Final Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Intergovernmental grants Charges for services Interest on investments	\$ 111,72 50		111,720 500	\$	105,749 53,573 959	\$ 105,749 (58,147) 459
Total Revenues	112,220)	112,220		160,281	48,061
Expenditure: Materials and services Contingency	65,000 220,22 <u>9</u>		65,000 220,229		49,787 	15,213 220,229
Total Expenditure	285,229		285,229	_	49,787	235,442
Excess of Revenues Over (Under Expenditures)	(173,009)	(173,009)		110,494	283,503
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out	(15,750)	(15,750)		(750)	 15,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(15,750)		(15,750)		(750)	15,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(188,759)		(188,759)		109,744	298,503
Fund balance, beginning of year	188,759		188,759		278,458	89,699
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -	\$		\$	388,202	\$ 388,202

Courthouse Security Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget - Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Variance
	Original	Final	A -41	With Final Budget
-	Budget	Budget	Actual	Buuget
Revenues:			-	\$ (22,257)
Intergovernmental grants	\$ 22,257	\$ 22,257	\$	\$ (22,257) 41,145
Fines, fees and forfeitures	*	15	41,145	3,002
Interest on investments	1,000	1,000	4,002	3,002
Total Revenues	23,257	23,257	45,147	21,890
Expenditures:				2 500
Materials and services	3,500	3,500	12	3,500 10,000
Capital outlay	10,000	10,000	0=	146,855
Contingency	146,855	146,855		140,655
Total Expenditures	160,355	160,355	<u> </u>	160,355
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(137,098)	(137,098)	45,147	182,245
Other Financing Sources (Uses):	13,200	13,200	15,351	(2,151)
Transfers in	(33,773)	(33,773)	(32,000)	(1,773)
Transfers out	(33,773)	(55,775)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(20,573)	(20,573)	(16,649)	(3,924)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(157,671)	(157,671)	28,498	186,169
Fund balance, beginning of year	157,671	157,671	183,950	26,279
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -	\$	\$ 212,448	\$ 212,448

Law Library Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget - Budgetary Basis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues:				
Fines, fees and forfeitures Interest on investments	\$ 41,168 1,200	\$ 41,168 1,200	\$ 41,168 2,050	\$ - 850
Total Revenues	42,368	42,368	43,218	850
Expenditures:				
Material and services	60,840	60,970	66,708	(5,738)
Capital outlay	8,000	8,000	, 995	7,005
Contingency	53,695	53,695		53,695
Total Expenditures	122,535	122,665	67,703	54,962
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(80,167)	(80,297)	(24,485)	55,812
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers out	(3,362)	(3,232)	(3,362)	(130)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(3,362)	(3,232)	(3,362)	(130)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(83,529)	(83,529)	(27,847)	55,682
Fund balance, beginning of year	83,529	83,529	94,170	10,641
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 66,323	\$ 66,323

Economic Development Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget - Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Original Budget		Final Budget	1	Actual		Variance With Final Budget
Revenues: Intergovernmental grants Interest on investments Miscellaneous	\$	5 5	\$	245,144	\$	426,258 2,662 671	\$	181,114 2,662 171
Total Revenues		<u>z</u>		245,644		429,591		183,947
Expenditures: Materials and services				171,684	·	157,441		14,243
Total Expenditures				171,684		157,441		14,243
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		=		73,960		272,150		198,190
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out				92,173 (166,133)	=	184,352 (230,361)	-	92,179 (64,228)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	·		-	(73,960)	_	(46,009)		27,951
Net Change in Fund Balance		•		-		226,141		226,141
Fund balance, beginning of year		*	_					
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$		\$		\$	226,141	\$	226,141

Public Works Capital Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget - Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

D	Original Budget		Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues: Licenses and permits Fines, fees and forfeitures Interest on investments	\$ 48,000 125,500 9,000	\$ 48,000 125,500 9,000	\$ 47,977 88,170 34,503	\$ (23) (37,330) 25,503
Total Revenues	182,500	182,500	170,650	(11,850)
Expenditures: Materials and services Contingency Total Expenditures	1,226,806 1,226,806	12,500 1,226,806 1,239,306		12,500 1,226,806 1,239,306
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,044,306)	(1,056,806)	170,650	1,227,456
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out	(417,562)	(442,062)	27,480	469,542
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(417,562)	(442,062)	27,480	469,542
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,461,868)	(1,498,868)	198,130	1,696,998
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,461,868	1,498,868	1,565,579	66,711
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,763,709	\$ 1,763,709

County Park Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget - Budgetary Basis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Original		Final				Variance With Final
140		Budget	_	Budget		Actual		Budget
Revenues: Intergovernmental grants	\$	195,400	\$	195,400	\$	35,055	\$	(160,345)
Licenses and permits	7	155, 166	Ψ	==	,	143,818		143,818
Charges for services		_		-		2,341		2,341
Fines, fees and forfeitures		275,000		275,000		349,863		74,863
Mineral royalties and timber revenue		273,000		100		255,849		255,849
Interest on investments		2		121		3,258		3,258
Miscellaneous						11,333		11,333
Total Revenues		470,400		470,400		801,517		331,117
Expenditures:								
Personal services		278,785		278,785		190,985		87,800
Materials and services		268,343		270,741		399,964		(129,223)
Capital outlay		70,000		70,000		26,523		43,477
Contingency		212,494	_	212,494			_	212,494
Total Expenditures	_	829,622	_	832,020	_	617,472	_	214,548
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(359,222)		(361,620)		184,045		545,665
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers in		25,000		25,000		-		(25,000)
Transfers out		(90,847)	_	(88,449)		(78,757)		9,692
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(65,847)	_	(63,449)	_	(78,757)	_	(15,308)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(425,069)		(425,069)		105,288		530,357
Fund balance, beginning of year		425,069		425,069		165,078		(259,991)
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$		3	<u>-</u>	\$	270,366	\$	270,366

CC Rider Transportation Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget - Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget		Variance With Final Budget
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental grants	\$ 2,345,759	\$ 1,820,759	\$ 1,363,319	\$ (457,440)
Charges for services	204,000	204,000	213,312	9,312
Fines, fees and forfeitures	315,000	315,000		(315,000)
Interest on investments	(2,000)	(2,000)	(8,359)	(6,359)
Miscellaneous		14	139,572	139,572
Total Revenues	2,862,759	2,337,759	1,707,844	(629,915)
Expenditures:				
Personal services	275,406	330,545	376.036	-a
Materials and services	1,291,239	1,295,342	276,926	53,619
Capital outlay	990,880	990,880	1,293,109 513,382	2,233
·	330,000		313,362	477,498
Total Expenditures	2,557,525	2,616,767	2,083,417	533,350
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	305,234	(279,008)	(375,573)	(96,565)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		19		
Transfers in	178,853	758,992	660,139	(00.053)
Transfers out	(515,118)	(511,015)	(513,812)	(98,853)
	(313,110)	(511,015)	(313,612)	(2,797)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(336,265)	247,977	146,327	(101,650)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(31,031)	(31,031)	(229,246)	(198,215)
Fund balance, beginning of year	31,031	31,031	287,172	256,141
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 57,926	\$ 57,926

Building Services Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget - Budgetary Basis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Original Budget		Final Budget	,	Actual		Variance With Final Budget
Revenues: Fines, fees and forfeitures Intergovernmental grants Interest on investments	\$	901,676	\$	901,676	\$	781,379 51,961 7,745	\$	(120,297) 51,961 5,245
Total Revenues		904,176		904,176		841,085		(63,091)
Expenditures: Personal services Materials and services Contingency	-	914,669 31,313 100,126	-	914,669 35,506 100,126 1,050,301		783,678 37,720 821,398		130,991 (2,214) 100,126
Total Expenditures	-							9
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(141,932)		(146,125)		19,687		165,812
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out		11,000 (138,191)		11,000 (133,998)		(133,565)	_	(11,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(127,191)	_	(122,998)	-	(133,565)	_	(10,567)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(269,123)		(269,123)		(113,878)		155,245
Fund balance, beginning of year		269,123		269,123	-	365,176		96,053
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	-	\$		\$	251,298	<u>\$</u>	251,298

Strategic Investment Program Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget - Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	-	Original Budget	: 	Final Budget	2	Actual	·	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues: Intergovernmental grants	\$	50,000	\$	F0 000	,			1
Public service tax collected by State Fines, fees and forfeitures		1,363,729	, 	50,000 1,363,729	\$	129,429 1,363,729	\$	(50,000) =
Total Revenues		1,413,729		1,413,729		1,493,158		(50,000)
Expenditures:								
Materials and services		829,437		829,437		788,527		40,910
Special payments		5,178		5,178		4,923		255
Total Expenditures		834,615		834,615	_	793,450	_	41,165
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		579,114		579,114		699,708		120,594
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out		(579,114)		(579,114)		(570,279)		8,835
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(579,114)		(579,114)		(570,279)		8,835
Net Change in Fund Balance		\.				129,429		129,429
Fund balance, beginning of year								
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$		\$		\$	129,429	\$	129,429

PERS Reserve Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget - Budgetary Basis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		iginal udget	-	Final Budget		Actual		Variance With Final Budget
Revenues: Interest on investments	\$ 2	,000_	\$	2,000	\$	27,075	\$	25,075
Total Revenues	2	,000		2,000		27,075		25,075
Expenditures: Materials and services Contingency	1,205 	5,000 7,591		1,205,000 7,591		<u>.</u>		1,205,000 7,591
Total Expenditures	1,212	2,591		1,212,591			_	1,212,591
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,210) <u>,591)</u>		(1,210,591)	_	27,075	_	1,237,666
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out	(210	0,000)		(210,000)	11 <u></u>	(193,469)		16,531
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(210	0,000)	_	(210,000)		(193,469)		16,531
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,420	0,591)		(1,420,591)		(166,394)		1,254,197
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,42	0,591	_	1,420,591	_	1,404,441	_	(16,150)
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$		\$	-	\$	1,238,047	\$	1,238,047

Meadowview Services District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget - Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues:	Origi Budį		Final udget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Property tax collected by County	\$ 3,16	-1 ¢ 2	151		
Mineral royalties and timber revenue	\$ 3,16	54 \$ 3	,164 \$	3,269	\$ 105
Interest on investments	1	.5	15	8	8
	-			62	47
Total Revenues	3,17	9 3,	179	3,339	160
Expenditures:					
Materials and services	2,10	0 2.	100	1,829	271
Special payments	75	,	750	1,025	750
Contingency	80		800	_	800
		<u> </u>		-	
Total Expenditures	3,65	0 3,	650	1,829	1,821
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(47	1) (471)	1,510	1,981
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out	a		2 0	(750)	· (750)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		•		(750)	(750)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(47:	L) (4	171)	760	1,231
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,27	1,2	271	2,014	743_
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 800	\$ 8	\$00 \$	2,774	\$ 1,974

Columbia County Development Agency Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget - Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Original		Final				Variance With Final
	_	Budget		Budget		Actual		Budget
Revenues:	۲,	2 700 166	\$	2,708,166	\$	3,194,848	\$	486,682
Property tax collected by County	\$	2,708,166 10,000	Ş	10,000	ڔ	79,085	Y	69,085
Interest on investments		10,000		10,000		161,655		151,655
Mineral royalties and timber revenue	_	10,000	_	10,000	-			
Total Revenues		2,728,166		2,728,166		3,435,588		707,422
Expenditures:								/4.405\
Materials and services		62,141		62,141		66,626		(4,485)
Debt service		956,955		956,955		756,954		200,001 80,000
Special payments		80,000		80,000 3,399,850		-		3,399,850
Contingency	_	3,399,850	_	3,399,830	-		-	3,555,655
Total Expenditures		4,498,946	_	4,498,946	_	823,580	_	3,675,366
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(1,770,780)		(1,770,780)		2,612,008		4,382,788
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						(18,750)		(18,750)
Transfers out			_		-	(10).00)	-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			_		_	(18,750)		(18,750)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,770,780)		(1,770,780)		2,593,258		4,364,038
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,770,780	_	1,770,780	_	1,959,502	-	188,722
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$		\$	-	\$	4,552,760	\$	4,552,760

4-H Extension Service District
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget - Budgetary Basis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	_	Original Budget		Final Budget	_	Actual	(i)——	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$	285,000	\$	285,000	\$	284,817	\$	(183)
Special payment from component units		20,000		20,000)(6 5		(20,000)
Charges for services		18,000		18,000		248		(17,752)
Interest on investments		4,000		4,000		14,696		10,696
Mineral royalties and timber revenue						14,471		14,471
Total Revenues		327,000		327,000		314,232		(12,768)
Expenditures:								
Personal services		153,000		153,000		20		153,000
Materials and services		126,000		126,000		217,838		(91,838)
Capital outlay		10,000		10,000		217,030		10,000
Special payments		20,000		20,000		700		19,300
Contingency		225,518		225,518				225,518
			-					
Total Expenditures		534,518		534,518		218,538		315,980
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(207,518)		(207,518)		95,694		303,212
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in				5		4.022		4.022
						4,923		4,923
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_					4,923	_	4,923
Net Change in Fund Balance		(207,518)		(207,518)		100,617		308,135
Fund balance, beginning of year		642,518		642,518		647,423		4,905
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	435,000	\$	435,000	\$	748,040	\$	313,040

Transfer Station Fund
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget - Budgetary Basis
For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues: Charges for services Interest on investments Miscellaneous Total Revenues Expenditures: Personal services Materials and services Capital outlay Debt service Contingency Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over (Under Expenditures) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Fund balance, beginning of year Fund Balance, End of Year Reconciliation to Ending Net Position: Add capital assets Deduct long term debt Pension and OPEB adjustments- Net pension liability	Final Budget		Variance With Final
Charges for services Interest on investments Miscellaneous Total Revenues Expenditures: Personal services Materials and services Capital outlay Debt service Contingency Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over (Under Expenditures) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance Fund balance, beginning of year Fund Balance, End of Year Reconciliation to Ending Net Position: Add capital assets Deduct long term debt Pension and OPEB adjustments-		Actual	Budget
Interest on investments Miscellaneous Total Revenues Sa,195,000 Expenditures: Personal services Personal services Atterials and services Capital outlay Debt service Contingency Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over (Under Expenditures) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance, beginning of year Reconciliation to Ending Net Position: Add capital assets Deduct long term debt Pension and OPEB adjustments-		A 2.452.207	ć 200.207
Miscellaneous Total Revenues Sa,195,000 Expenditures: Personal services Materials and services Capital outlay Debt service Contingency Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over (Under Expenditures) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance Fund balance, beginning of year Reconciliation to Ending Net Position: Add capital assets Deduct long term debt Pension and OPEB adjustments-	3,183,000	\$ 3,463,397	\$ 280,397
Expenditures: Personal services Materials and services Capital outlay Debt service Contingency Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over (Under Expenditures) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance, beginning of year Fund Balance, End of Year A,195,000 181,950 423,660 1,907,260 4,731,438 (1,536,438) (1,536,438) Char Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers out (46,327) (46,327) 1,582,765 Fund Balance, End of Year Add capital assets Deduct long term debt Pension and OPEB adjustments-	12,000	46,286	34,286 102,083
Expenditures: Personal services Materials and services Capital outlay Debt service Contingency Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over (Under Expenditures) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance Fund balance, beginning of year Fund Balance, End of Year Reconciliation to Ending Net Position: Add capital assets Deduct long term debt Pension and OPEB adjustments-		102,083	102,083
Personal services Materials and services Capital outlay Debt service Contingency Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over (Under Expenditures) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out (46,327) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance Fund balance, beginning of year Fund Balance, End of Year Reconciliation to Ending Net Position: Add capital assets Deduct long term debt Pension and OPEB adjustments-	3,195,000	3,611,766	416,766
Materials and services Capital outlay Debt service Contingency Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over (Under Expenditures) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance Fund balance, beginning of year Fund Balance, End of Year Reconciliation to Ending Net Position: Add capital assets Deduct long term debt Pension and OPEB adjustments-		40.4.50.4	57.256
Capital outlay Debt service Contingency Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over (Under Expenditures) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out (46,327) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance Fund balance, beginning of year Fund Balance, End of Year Reconciliation to Ending Net Position: Add capital assets Deduct long term debt Pension and OPEB adjustments-	181,950	124,694	57,256
Debt service Contingency Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over (Under Expenditures) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance, beginning of year Fund Balance, End of Year Reconciliation to Ending Net Position: Add capital assets Deduct long term debt Pension and OPEB adjustments-	2,391,476	2,180,909	210,567
Contingency 1,907,260 Total Expenditures 4,731,438 Excess of Revenues Over (Under Expenditures) (1,536,438) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out (46,327) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (46,327) Net Change in Fund Balance (1,582,765) Fund balance, beginning of year 1,582,765 Fund Balance, End of Year \$ - \$ Reconciliation to Ending Net Position: Add capital assets Deduct long term debt Pension and OPEB adjustments-	1,200,000	50,849	1,149,151 (16,044)
Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over (Under Expenditures) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance Fund balance, beginning of year Fund Balance, End of Year Reconciliation to Ending Net Position: Add capital assets Deduct long term debt Pension and OPEB adjustments-	323,660	339,704	1,347,442
Excess of Revenues Over (Under Expenditures) Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance Fund balance, beginning of year Fund Balance, End of Year Reconciliation to Ending Net Position: Add capital assets Deduct long term debt Pension and OPEB adjustments-	1,347,442		1,347,442
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance Fund balance, beginning of year Fund Balance, End of Year Reconciliation to Ending Net Position: Add capital assets Deduct long term debt Pension and OPEB adjustments-	5,444,528	2,696,156	2,748,372
Transfers out (46,327) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (46,327) Net Change in Fund Balance (1,582,765) Fund balance, beginning of year 1,582,765 Fund Balance, End of Year \$ - \$ Reconciliation to Ending Net Position: Add capital assets Deduct long term debt Pension and OPEB adjustments-	(2,249,528)	915,610	3,165,138
Transfers out (46,327) Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (46,327) Net Change in Fund Balance (1,582,765) Fund balance, beginning of year 1,582,765 Fund Balance, End of Year \$ - \$ Reconciliation to Ending Net Position: Add capital assets Deduct long term debt Pension and OPEB adjustments-			4.400
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance (1,582,765) Fund balance, beginning of year 1,582,765 Fund Balance, End of Year \$ - \$ Reconciliation to Ending Net Position: Add capital assets Deduct long term debt Pension and OPEB adjustments-	×	1,409	1,409
Net Change in Fund Balance (1,582,765) Fund balance, beginning of year 1,582,765 Fund Balance, End of Year \$ - \$ Reconciliation to Ending Net Position: Add capital assets Deduct long term debt Pension and OPEB adjustments-	(46,472)	(45,484)	988
Fund balance, beginning of year Fund Balance, End of Year \$ - \$ Reconciliation to Ending Net Position: Add capital assets Deduct long term debt Pension and OPEB adjustments-	(46,472)	(44,075)	2,397
Fund Balance, End of Year \$ - \$ Reconciliation to Ending Net Position: Add capital assets Deduct long term debt Pension and OPEB adjustments-	(2,296,000)	871,535	3,167,535
Reconciliation to Ending Net Position: Add capital assets Deduct long term debt Pension and OPEB adjustments-	2,296,000	2,107,478	(188,522)
Add capital assets Deduct long term debt Pension and OPEB adjustments-	*	\$ 2,979,013	\$ 2,979,013
Add capital assets Deduct long term debt Pension and OPEB adjustments-			
Deduct long term debt Pension and OPEB adjustments-		\$ 3,806,225	
		(1,443,659)	
Net pension liability			
		(98,441)	
Net OPEB obligation		(4,049)	
Deferred outflow		40,311	
Deferred inflow		(8,701)	
Total Net Position			

Combining Balance Sheet Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Risk Suppor			pport Major	
	Management Projects				
		Fund		Fund	Totals
Assets:					
Cash and investment	\$	8,002	\$	463,326	\$ 471,328
Tabel Access					_
Total Assets	\$ 	8,002	<u>\$</u>	463,326	\$ 471,328
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	305	\$	10,371	\$ 10,676
Total Liabilities		305		10,371	10,676
Fund Balances:					
Restricted		7,697		452,955	460,652
Total Fund Balances		7,697		452,955	460,652
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	8,002	\$	463,326	\$ 471,328

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Internal Service Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Risk Management Fund	Totals	
Revenues: Intergovernmental grants Interest on investments Charges for services	\$	\$ 65,500 5,085 28,113	\$ 65,500 5,085 28,113
Total Revenues	im	98,698	98,698
Expenditures: Material and services Capital outlay	141,185	71,079 25,038	212,264 25,038
Total Expenditures	141,185	96,117	237,302
Excess of Revenues Over (Under Expenditures)	(141,185)	2,581	(138,604)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in	148,882	450,374	599,256
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	148,882	450,374	599,256
Net Change in Fund Balance	7,697	452,955	460,652
Fund balance, beginning of year	<u> </u>		V=
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 7,697	\$ 452,955	\$ 460,652

Risk Management Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget - Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	3	Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	 Variance With Final Budget
Expenditures:					
Materials and services	\$		\$ 148,882	\$ 141,185	\$ 7,697
Total Expenditures			 148,882	141,185	7,697
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-	(148,882)	(141,185)	7,697
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in		÷	 148,882	 148,882	 •
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		*	148,882	148,882	<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balance			*	7,697	7,697
Fund balance, beginning of year		¥:	<u> </u>	 	2
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$		\$ 	\$ 7,697	\$ 7,697

Support Major Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Actual and Budget - Budgetary Basis For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
Revenues: Intergovernmental grants Charges for services Interest on investments	\$ =	\$ 218,300	\$ 65,500 28,113 5,085	\$ (152,800) 28,113 5,085
Total Revenues	1	218,300	98,698	(119,602)
Expenditures: Materials and services Capital outlay		296,200 382,474	71,079 25,038	225,121 357,436
Total Expenditures		678,674	96,117	582,557
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(460,374)	2,581	462,955
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in		460,374	450,374	(10,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		460,374	450,374	(10,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	452,955	452,955
Fund balance, beginning of year	-		-	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 452,955	\$ 452,955

Fiduciary Fund Combining Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Treasurer Fund
Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,186,004
Accounts receivable	179
Total Assets	\$ 1,186,183
Liabilities:	
Due to other governments	\$ 1,186,183
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,186,183

Fiduciary Fund Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

A Fundo	Balance 	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2019
Assets: Cash Property taxes receivable Accounts receivable	\$ 866,113 4,667,927	\$ 76,111,199 75,367,643 179	\$ (75,791,308) (80,035,570)	\$ 1,186,004 - 179
Total Assets	\$ 5,534,040	\$ 151,479,021	\$ (155,826,878)	\$ 1,186,183
Liabilities: Due to other governments	\$ 5,534,040	\$ 151,479,021	\$ (155,826,878)	\$ 1,186,183
Total Liabilities	\$ 5,534,040	\$ 151,479,021	\$ (155,826,878)	\$ 1,186,183

General Fund by Department Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Original Budget	Final Budget	V	Actual	V	ariance With Final Budget
Expenditures:							
Board of Commissioners-							
Personal services	\$	569,018	\$ 569,018	\$	572,738	\$	(3,720)
Materials and services		51,335	61,335	·	41,930	•	19,405
Transfer		205,284	 205,284		206,816		(1,532)
Total Board of Commissioners		825,637	835,637		821,484		14,153
Assessor's Office-							
Personal services		1,238,002	1,238,002		1,207,492		20 510
Materials and services		69,994	69,994		49,728		30,510
Capital outlay		82,000	82,000		70,543		20,266
Transfer		349,767	349,767		351,306		11,457 (1,539)
Total Assessor's Office		1,739,763	1,739,763		1,679,069		60,694
Tax Collector-							
Personal services		214,872	214,872		156 472		FO 200
Materials and services		59,750	59,750		156,473 79,847		58,399
Transfer		106,499	106,499		104,679		(20,097) 1,820
Total Tax Collector		381,121	381,121		340,999		40,122
Clerk's Office-							
Personal services		228,007	228,007		222,544		F 4C2
Materials and services		44,047	44,047		30,671		5,463
Capital outlay		10,000	10,000		30,071		13,376 10,000
Transfer		102,695	 102,695		103,610		(915)
Total Clerk's Office		384,749	384,749		356,825		27,924
Elections-							
Personal services		77,183	77,183		80,720		(3,537)
Materials and services		52,550	97,550		88,968		8,582
Capital outlay		6,749	6,749		-		6,749
Transfer	-	69,666	69,666		70,027		(361)
otal Elections		206,148	251,148		239,715		11,433
heriff's Office-							
Personal services	2	2,123,966	2,123,966		1,865,099		258,867
Materials and services		520,917	520,917		539,761		(18,844)
Capital outlay		5,000	5,000		. =		5,000
Debt service		20,000	20,000		-		20,000
Transfer	_	580,424	580,424		564,328		16,096
otal Sheriff's Office	3	,250,307	3,250,307		2,969,188		281,119
ee independent auditor's report.					, ,		
·		00					

General Fund by Department Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance With Final Budget
County Jail- Transfer	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	(F)
Total County Jail	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	320
Economic Development Office-				
Personal services	53,424	#	1.5	•
Materials and services	116,941	*	191	-
Transfer	113,952	<u></u>	92,176	(92,176)
Total Economic Development Office	284,317	-	92,176	(92,176)
County Surveyor-				
Personal services	148,245	148,245	152 ,22 6	(3,981)
Materials and services	7,633	9,633	5,551	4,082
Transfer	32,767	32,767	33,136	(369)
Total County Surveyor	188,645	190,645	190,913	(268)
District Attorney-				
Personal services	1,543,006	1,543,006	1,486,552	56,454
Materials and services	68,570	68,570	45,004	23,566
Transfer	402,296	402,296	405,719	(3,423)
Total District Attorney	2,013,872	2,013,872	1,937,275	76,597
Justice Court- Clatskanie/Vernonia-				
Personal services	274,629	274,629	223,994	50,635
Materials and services	309,602	309,602	309,117	485
Transfer	102,319	102,319	103,366	(1,047)
Total Justice Court- Clatskanie/Vernonia	686,550	686,550	636,477	50,073
Columbia County Firing Range-				
Materials and services	4,264	5,764	5,702	62
Transfer	4,255	4,255	4,255	
Total Columbia County Firing Range	8,519	10,019	9,957	62
Juvenile Department-				
Personal services	740,289	740,289	639,013	101,276
Materials and services	217,207	217,207	119,181	98,026
Transfer	228,287	228,287	227,236	1,051
Total Juvenile Department	1,185,783	1,185,783	985,430	200,353

General Fund by Department Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original	Final		Variance With
	Budget	Budget	Actual	Final Budget
County Counsel-		-))	
Personal services	ECC 400	F.C. 400	1242 Emiliaria	
Materials and services	566,400	566,400	487,535	78,865
Transfer	24,900 18,676	24,900	16,999	7,901
	18,076	18,676	17,807	869
Total County Counsel	609,976	609,976	522,341	87,635
Veteran's Service Office-				
Materials and services	136,895	156,502	156 502	
Transfer	5,005	5,005	156,502	-
		3,003	5,005	
Total Veteran's Service Office	141,900	161,507	161,507	-
Public Health-				
Personal services	230,195	391,244	373,481	17. 7 62
Materials and services	1,007,724	1,007,724	784,013	17,763
Transfer	80,244	85,942	85,627	223,711 315
Total Public Health	1,318,163	1,484,910	1,243,121	
	_,010,100	1,404,510	1,243,121	241,789
Court Mediation-				
Materials and services	34,000	*		
Transfer			6,151	(6,151)
Total Court Mediation	34,000		6,151	(6,151)
Emergency Services-				(=/===/
Personal services	252.404			
Materials and services	253,104	273,104	295,579	(22,475)
Capital outlay	49,923	64,923	64,813	110
Transfer	75 774	15,000	10,582	4,418
. Autore	75,774	75,774	77,090	(1,316)
Total Emergency Services	378,801	428,801	448,064	(19,263)
Finance Office-				
Personal services	682,079	682,079	557,790	174 700
Materials and services	590,149	299,266	206,543	124,289 92,723
Capital outlay	40,500	233,200	10,412	(10,412)
Transfer	54,297	191,792	183,759	(10,412) 8,033
Total Finance Office	1,367,025	1,173,137	958,504	
	, ,	-,-,0,10,	JJU,JU4	214,633

General Fund by Department Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original	Final		Variance With
_	Budget	Budget	Actual	Final Budget
Land Development Office-				
Personal services	818,438	701,959	654,076	47,883
Materials and services	39,946	54,921	83,447	(28,526)
Transfer	493,940	489,992	407,569	82,423
Total Land Development Office	1,352,324	1,246,872	1,145,092	101,780
Information Services-			504.467	22.256
Personal services	526,523	526,523	504,167	22,356
Materials and services	363,382	295,082	242,610	52,472
Capital outlay	100,000	45,000	44,992	(200)
Transfer	18,126	88,126	88,332	(206)
Total Information Services	1,008,031	954,731	880,101	74,630
Communications and Public Affairs-			110,000	2.170
Personal services	122,168	122,168	119,989	2,179
Materials and services	11,790	11,790	5,518	6,272
Transfer	4,047	4,047	4,252	(205)
Total Communications and Public Affairs	138,005	138,005	129,759	8,246
Human Resources/Civil Services-		_	225 225	15 103
Personal services	221,927	221,927	206,825	15,102
Materials and services	77,500	77,500	26,788	50,712
Transfer	7,428	7,428	7,927	(499)
Total Human Resources/Civil Services	306,855	306,855	241,540	65,315
General Services-		456.076	404,436	52,440
Personal services	456,876	456,876	203,601	(16,676)
Materials and services	186,925	186,925	203,001	(10,070)
Capital outlay	150,000	110.637	100.769	1,869
Transfer	13,663	110,637	108,768	
Total General Services	807,464	754,438	716,805	37,633
Nondepartmental-			042.506	526
Debt service	948,287	944,112	943,586	
Transfer	=	525,000	538,936	(13,936) 470,321
Contingency	1,181,462	470,321		
Unappropriated ending balance	1,500,000	1,500,000		1,500,000
Total Nondepartmental	3,629,749	3,439,433	1,482,522	1,956,911
Total Expenditures	\$ 23,247,704	\$ 22,628,259	\$ 19,195,015	5 3,433,244

Future Maturities of Long-Term Debt For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Voor		US	Bank			City of :	St. Hele	ens	
Year		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interes	
2019 - 2020	\$	80,741	\$	F 430					
2020 - 2021	Ţ	83,834	Ş	5,420	\$	5,380	\$	1,300	
2021 - 2022		03,034		1,926		5,542		1,138	
2022 - 2023		-		=		5,710		970	
2023 - 2024				2		5,883		797	
2024 - 2025				-		6,060		620	
2025 - 2026				-		6,244		436	
2026 - 2027		-		i e		6,432		248	
2027 - 2028		588		-		3,423		51	
2028 - 2029		-		•		190		-	
2023			_	- 2	-			15.	
	\$	164,575	\$	7,346	\$	44,674	\$	5,560	
						Business-Ty	ne Acti	vities	
.,		West I	Ranier		Transfer Station				
Year		Principal		Interest		Principal			
								Interest	
2019 - 2020	ć	22.700						Interest	
	\$	23,768	\$	8,746	\$	251,910	\$	71,750	
2020 - 2021	\$	23,976	\$	7,439	\$	251,910 264,430	\$		
2019 - 2020 2020 - 2021 2021 - 2022 2022 - 2023	\$	23,976 24,200	\$	7,439 6,090	\$	251,910 264,430 277,572	\$	71,750	
2020 - 2021 2021 - 2022 2022 - 2023	\$	23,976 24,200 24,436	\$	7,439 6,090 4,729	\$	251,910 264,430	\$	71,750 59,230	
2020 - 2021 2021 - 2022 2022 - 2023 2023 - 2024	\$	23,976 24,200 24,436 29,686	\$	7,439 6,090 4,729 3,354	\$	251,910 264,430 277,572	\$	71,750 59,230 46,088	
2020 - 2021 2021 - 2022 2022 - 2023 2023 - 2024 2024 - 2025	\$	23,976 24,200 24,436	\$	7,439 6,090 4,729	\$	251,910 264,430 277,572 291,368	\$	71,750 59,230 46,088 32,292	
2020 - 2021 2021 - 2022 2022 - 2023 2023 - 2024 2024 - 2025 2025 - 2026	\$	23,976 24,200 24,436 29,686	\$	7,439 6,090 4,729 3,354	\$	251,910 264,430 277,572 291,368 305,849	\$	71,750 59,230 46,088 32,292 17,811	
2020 - 2021 2021 - 2022 2022 - 2023 2023 - 2024 2024 - 2025 2025 - 2026 026 - 2027	\$	23,976 24,200 24,436 29,686	\$	7,439 6,090 4,729 3,354	\$	251,910 264,430 277,572 291,368 305,849	\$	71,750 59,230 46,088 32,292 17,811	
2020 - 2021 2021 - 2022 2022 - 2023 2023 - 2024 2024 - 2025 2025 - 2026 2026 - 2027 2027 - 2028	\$	23,976 24,200 24,436 29,686	\$	7,439 6,090 4,729 3,354	\$	251,910 264,430 277,572 291,368 305,849	\$	71,750 59,230 46,088 32,292 17,811	
2020 - 2021 2021 - 2022 2022 - 2023 2023 - 2024 2024 - 2025	\$	23,976 24,200 24,436 29,686	\$	7,439 6,090 4,729 3,354	\$	251,910 264,430 277,572 291,368 305,849	\$	71,750 59,230 46,088 32,292 17,811	

Future Maturities of Long-Term Debt (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		PERS B	ond 1	_	PERS E	ond 2	
/oor	-	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interes
/ear							
2019 - 2020	\$	97,625	\$	410,202	\$ 215,000	\$	142,552
2020 - 2021		295,000		235,430	245,000		132,106
2021 - 2022		340,000		215,223	275,000		119,846
2022 - 2023		385,000		191,933	305,000		106,085
2022 - 2023 2023 - 2024		440,000		165,560	345,000		90,823
2023 - 2024 2024 - 2025		495,000		135,420	380,000		73,559
2024 - 2023 2025 - 2026		555,000		102,750	420,000		54,544
2025 - 2020 2026 - 2027		625,000		64,733	465,000		33,52
2026 - 2027 2027 - 2028		320,000		21,920	205,000		10,25
2027 - 2028 2028 - 2029		**		191		71	
2028 - 2029	-		*				
	\$	3,552,625	\$	1,543,171	\$ 2,855,000	\$	763,30
		County	/ Leas				
Year		Principal		Interest			
	\$	29,434	\$	1,406			
2019 - 2020	Ş	29,434	7	1,406			
2020 - 2021		29,434		1,406			
2021 - 2022		10,347		494			
2022 - 2023		6,559		84			
2023 - 2024		0,555		-			
2024 - 2025				-			
2025 - 2026		-					
2026 - 2027		-					
2027 - 2028		=0					
		-					
2028 - 2029							

Schedule of Accountability for Elected Officials For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Assessor		County Clerk	District Attorney		Sheriff	Treasurer	rer	Justice of the Peace	Ţ	Total
On hand, July 1, 2018	<	⋄	175	\$	ν.	269,955	\$ 688,303	\$ 801	25,397	\$ 983.830	30
Receipts	(16)	47	476,817	1,400		1,642,290	77,147,866	99	724,334	79,992,707	07
Turnover and disbursements		(47	476,817)	(1,400)		(1,579,854)	(77,209,886)	(98	(742,338)	(80,010,295)	95)
On Hand, June 30, 2019	•		175	,		332,391	626,283	83	7,393	966,242	45
Change, petty cash, and revolving funds	,		175	•		800	626,283	83	7,393	634,651	51
Held in Trust for inmates	•		1			331,591		ŧ	10	331,591	1
On Hand, June 30, 2019	\$	w	175	٠. ج	w	332,391	\$ 626,283	\$ \$	7,393	\$ 966,242	1 2



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government provides and the activities it performs.

This part of the Government's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Page 106 - 114 **Financial Trends:** These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. 115 - 117 **Revenue Capacity:** These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax. 118 - 119 **Debt Capacity:** These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current level of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future. In addition, Levy Rate and other details are relevant to meeting continuing disclosure requirements to County debt. 120 **Demographic and Economic Information:** Help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place. 121 Operating Information: These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the

Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years Accrual Basis of Accounting For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

2009 - 2010	\$ 35,580,094 303,731 14314 189	\$ 50,198,014		\$ 861,024	\$ 1,108,562		\$ 36,441,118 303,731 14,561,727	\$ 51,306,576
2010 - 2011	\$ 33,027,026 9,451,867 2,371,432	\$ 44,850,325		\$ 840,833	\$ 892,227		\$ 33,867,859 9,451,867 2,422,826	\$ 45,742,552
2011 - 2012	\$ 30,651,937 10,354,152 1,923,848	\$ 42,929,937		\$ 826,738	\$ 1,030,141		\$ 31,478,675 10,354,152 2,127,251	\$ 43,960,078
2012 - 2013	\$ 28,465,134 9,273,509 1,971,572	\$ 39,710,215		\$ 825,874	\$ 1,097,375		\$ 29,291,008 9,273,509 2,243,073	\$ 40,807,590
2013 - 2014	\$ 27,421,467 10,606,224 2,581,472	\$ 40,609,163		\$ 844,006 2,143 507,914	\$ 1,354,063		\$ 28,265,473 10,608,367 3,089,386	\$ 41,963,226
2014 - 2015	\$ 35,611,296 9,255,648 (6,562,905)	\$ 38,304,039		\$ 869,345	\$ 2,034,745		\$ 36,480,641 9,255,648 (5,397,505)	\$ 40,338,784
2015 - 2016	\$ 37,507,256 10,233,711 (9,796,851)	\$ 37,944,116		\$ 1,359,090 300,000 929,490	\$ 2,588,580		\$ 38,866,346 10,533,711 (8,867,361)	\$ 40,532,696
2016 - 2017	\$ 38,350,270 13,103,799 (12,177,961)	\$ 39,276,108		\$ 1,791,685 500,000 1,088,260	\$ 3,379,945		\$ 40,141,955 13,603,799 (11,089,701)	\$ 42,656,053
2017 - 2018	\$ 41,393,408 14,561,736 (12,049,064)	\$ 43,906,080		\$ 2,167,675 700,000 1,345,480	\$ 4,213,155		\$ 43,561,083 15,261,736 (10,703,584)	\$ 48,119,235
2018 - 2019	\$ 39,688,516 18,163,941 (12,496,105)	\$ 45,356,352		\$ 2,362,566 5,256,465 (2,348,332)	\$ 5,270,699		\$ 42,051,082 23,420,406 (14,844,437)	\$ 50,627,051
Governmental Activities:	Net investment in capital- Assets Restricted Unrestricted	Total Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities: Net investment in capital-	Assets Restricted Unrestricted	Total Business-Type Activities	Primary Governmental Activities: Net investment in capital-	Assets Restricted Unrestricted	Total Primary Governmental Activities \$ 50,627,051 \$ 48,119,235

See independent auditor's report.

Changes in Net Position - Last Ten Fiscal Years Accrual Basis of Accounting For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2018 - 2019	2017 - 2018	2016 - 2017	2015 - 2016	2014 - 2015
Expenses:					
Governmental activities-					
General government	\$ 11.992,914	\$ 10,955,627	\$ 7,799,482	\$ 8,074,730	\$ 4,798,143
Roads and bridges	6,430,337	7,375,845	6,063,186	6,488,377	5,026,777
Public safety	14,669,414	13,469,977	12,064,715	12,281,630	8,124,493
Health and welfare	1,459,045	997,175	278,917	374,843	1,646,918
Culture and recreation	1,074,714	1,150,499	1,349,201	1,521,110	1,359,871
Economic development	1,766,835	1,976,470	2,260,997	2,224,564	3,069,194
Interest on long-term debt	583,536	655,597	1,426,769	1,942,940	1,938,588
Total governmental activities	37,976,795	36,581,190	31,243,267	32,908,194	25,963,984
Business-type activities-					
Transfer station	2,510,147	2,508,263	2,280,324	2,235,458	1,892,005
Total Primary Governmental Expenses	40,486,942	39,089,453	33,523,591	35,143,652	27,855,989
Program Revenues:					
Governmental activities-					
Charges for services:					
Public safety	5	4,306,891	3,057,136	3,367,883	3 <i>,</i> 496,260
Economic development	478,397	501,564	535,220	504,893	1,153,328
General governmental and					
other activities	4,964,216	4,935,490	5,337,555	4,423,147	4,075,375
Operating grants and contributions	11,120,529	11,203,222	8,812,503	8,470,573	9,812,491
Capital grants and contributions	1,972,123	3,620,919	727,476	403,179	263,997
Total governmental activities	18,535,265	24,568,086	18,469,890	17,169,675	18,801,451
Business-type activities-					
Charges for services:					
Transfer station	3,565,480	3,351,443	3,102,155	2,829,041	2,663,004
Total Primary Government Revenues	22,100,745	27,919,529	21,572,045	19,998,716	21,464,455
Net (Expense/Revenue):					
Governmental activities	(19,441,530)	(12,013,104)	(12,773,377)	(15,738,519)	(7,162,533)
Business-type activities	1,055,333	843,180	821,831	593,583	770,999
Total Primary Government Net			9 100 Sp. 30 ASS. 30 A A A	1 11 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ć /c 504 F341
(Expense/Revenue)	\$ (18,386,197)	\$ (11,169,924)	\$ (11,951,546)	\$ (15,144,936)	\$ (6,391,534)

Changes in Net Position - Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued) Accrual Basis of Accounting June 30, 2019

		2018 - 2019		2017 - 2018	_	2016 - 2017	-10	2015 - 2016		2014 - 2015
General Revenues and Other Changes										
in Net Position:										
Governmental activities-										
Property taxes	\$	13,283,942	\$	13,583,851	\$	13,038,852	Ś	12,512,709		12,507,248
Intergov state-collected tax		30,339		29,680		060	Г	448,100	,	390,476
Fees, royalties and miscellaneous		2,505,461		2,671,471		882,193		1,242,493		399,695
Interest and investment earnings		408,093		221,952		142,866		93,958		66,375
Transfers	_	44,075		36,003		41,460		47,295		50,105
Total governmental activities		16,271,910		16,542,957		14,105,371		14,344,555		13,413,899
Business-type activities-										
Interest and investment earnings		46,286		26,033						
Transfers		(44,075)		,		10,994		7,547		4,169
	-	(44,073)	-	(36,003)	_	(41,460)	_	(47,295)		(50,105)
Total business-type activities		2,211		(9,970)	_	(30,466)		(39,748)		(45,936)
Total Primary Government	\$	16,274,121	\$	16,532,987	\$	14,074,905	\$	14,304,807	\$	13,367,963
Extraordinary item	\$		۲.							
Government activities prior to	Ş	-	\$	•	\$	-	\$	543,139	\$	
period adjustment										
•	-		_		_		_	490,000	_	<u> </u>
GASB 68 beginning balance		- 4						=		(8,600,872)
Changes in net position-										(0,000,072)
Governmental activities		/2 160 620)								
Business-type activities		(3,169,620)		4,529,853		1,331,993		(850,824)		(2,305,123)
= assumes type detivities		1,057,544	_	833,210		791,365		553,835		680,682
Total Primary Government Change										
in Net Position	\$	(2,112,076)	\$	5,363,063	\$	2,123,358	\$	(296,989)	\$	(1,624,441)

Changes in Net Position - Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued) Accrual Basis of Accounting June 30, 2019

		2013 - 2014		2012 - 2013		2011 - 2012	_	2010 - 2011		2009 - 2010
Expenses:										
Governmental activities-				E 42E 63E	\$	5,565,525	\$	5,204,982	\$	9,515,950
General government	\$	5,985,721	\$	5,135,625	Þ	7,931,837	7	8,668,276	,	5,786,981
Roads and bridges		5,597,225		6,771,510		10,605,700		11,409,493		10,043,049
Public safety		9,631,594		9,777,279		22,577,239		7,661,353		4,729,646
Health and welfare		4,988,883		7,639,119				1,348,600		1,343,153
Culture and recreation		1,245,113		1,208,806		1,167,084		1,706,262		3,227,811
Economic development		2,609,894		3,231,451		2,943,900		1,278,588		1,654,028
Interest on long-term debt		1,219,416	_	829,337		753,912	_	1,270,300		1,054,020
Total governmental activities		31,277,846		34,593,127		51,545,197		37,277,554		36,300,618
Business-type activities-						2 205 200		2,550,968		2,266,472
Transfer station	_	2,098,406	-	2,198,988	_	2,305,098	_	2,550,508	_	2,200,172
Total Primary Governmental Expenses		33,376,252	_	36,792,115	_	53,850,295	_	39,828,522	-	38,567,090
Program Revenues:										
Governmental activities-										
Charges for services:		3,609,110		2,549,526		2,902,525		2,529,396		1,622,381
Public safety		1,273,585		412,633		738,486		1,037,722		1,598,033
Economic development		1,273,303		,,						
General governmental and		2,744,582		900,099		1,976,116		1,898,147		2,165,628
other activities		13,744,291		12,885,441		27,176,712		11,159,429		9,846,392
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions		993,004		1,065,840		2,805,314	_	789,698		1,637,139
Total governmental activities		22,364,572	-	17,813,539		35,599,153		17,414,392		16,869,573
Business-type activities- Charges for services:										
Transfer station	12-	2,385,001		2,353,436	_	2,425,241	_	2,323,926	-	2,029,076
Total Primary Government Revenues		24,749,573	_	20,166,975	_	38,024,394	_	19,738,318	_	18,898,649
Net (Expense/Revenue):		(8,913,274)	1	(16,779,588)		(15,946,044)		(19,863,162)		(19,431,045)
Governmental activities Business-type activities	_	286,595		154,448		120,143		(227,042)	-	(237,396)
Total Primary Government Net (Expense/Revenue)	_	(8,626,679	<u></u>	\$ (16,625,140)	: =	\$ (15,825,901)	= =	\$ (20,090,204)	. =	\$ (19,668,441)

Changes in Net Position - Last Ten Fiscal Years (Continued) Accrual Basis of Accounting June 30, 2019

	-	2013 - 2014	_	2012 - 2013	-	2011 - 2012	_	2010 - 2011		2009 - 2010
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position:										
Governmental activities-										
Property taxes	\$	9,392,595	\$	6,934,383	Ś	7,010,479	\$	7,295,383	\$	6,525,283
Intergov state-collected tax		379,421		366,189	ľ	3,497,531	Ψ.	4,448,773	Ų	3,686,403
Fees, royalties and miscellaneous		1,097,722		6,121,903		3,491,126		2,731,301		2,219,326
Interest and investment earnings		55,360		48,780		44,223		45,099		69,805
Transfers		32,155		88,611		(17,702)		(9,414)		09,005
Total governmental activities		10,957,253		13,559,866					_	40.000
b and a second second		10,557,255		13,333,000		14,025,657		14,511,142		12,500,817
Business-type activities-										
Interest and investment earnings		2,248		1.397		69		1 202		2.070
Transfers		(32,155)		(88,611)		17,702		1,293		3,078
		(32,133)	-	(00,011)	-	17,702	_	9,414	-	
Total business-type activities		(29,907)	_	(87,214)	_	17,771	_	10,707		3,078
Total Primary Government	\$	10,927,346	\$	13,472,652	\$	14,043,428	\$	14,521,849	\$	12,503,895
Extraordinary item	\$		\$		\$		\$	4.224	_	252.242
Government activities prior to	Ψ		Y		ڔ	•	Ş	4,331	\$	369,248
period adjustment	_	(1,145,032)	_				_		_	<u> </u>
GASB 68 beginning balance	_		_					- 4		2
Changes in net position-										
Governmental activities		898,948		(3,219,722)		(1.020.202)		/F 0.47 50=:		
Business-type activities		256,688				(1,920,387)		(5,347,689)		(6,560,980)
sypt doctories	_	230,000	_	67,234	_	137,914	_	(216,335)	_	(234,318)
Total Primary Government Change										
in Net Position	\$	1,155,636	\$	(3,152,488)	<u>\$</u>	(1,782,473)	\$	(5,564,024)	\$	(6,795,298)
						123				

Governmental Activities Tax Revenue by Source - Last Ten Fiscal Years Accrual Basis of Accounting June 30, 2019

Fiscal Year	Pr	roperty Taxes	S	Public ervice Taxes	Fran	nchise Taxes	 Mineral Royalties and Timber	 Total
2018 - 2019	Ś	13.283.942	\$	-	\$	50,335	\$ 1,875,161	\$ 15,209,438
2017 - 2018	T	13,583,851		-		157,614	1,315,356	15,056,821
2016 - 2017		13,038,852		÷		112,765	598,822	13,750,439
2015 - 2016		12,512,709		448,100		111,086	1,085,573	14,157,468
2014 - 2015		12,507,248		390,476		106,866	101,691	13,106,281
2014 - 2013		9,392,595		379,421		121,900	525,882	10,419,798
2013 - 2014		6,934,383		366,189		66,300	47,178	7,414,050
2012 - 2013		7,010,479		347,539		88,503	81,378	7,527,899
2010 - 2012		7,295,383		328,778		74,090	136,663	7,834,914
2010 - 2011		6,525,283		567,916		41,261	1,879,890	9,014,350

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

2009 - 2010	\$ 5.763.557	\$ 5,263,552	\$ [53,472] 303,731 4,578,294	\$ 4,828,553	\$ (53,472) 303,731 9,841,846	\$ 10,092,105
2010 - 2011	\$ 182,209 1,162,920 616,775 3,023,169	\$ 4,985,073	\$ 167,180 2,881,159 (49,816) 706,245	\$ 3,704,768	\$ 349,389 4,044,079 616,775 3,023,169 (49,816) 706,245	\$ 8,689,841
2011 - 2012	\$ 135,365 758,200 552,140 2,711,077	\$ 4,156,782	\$ 178,827 3,243,502 160,713 989,519	\$ 4,572,561	\$ 314,192 4,001,702 552,140 2,711,077 160,713 989,519	\$ 8,729,343
2012 - 2013	\$ 162,915 642,528 452,140 500,000 2,775,511	\$ 4,533,094	\$ 168,898 3,018,483 71,813 606,812	\$ 3,866,006	\$ 331,813 3,661,011 452,140 500,000 2,775,511 71813 606,812	\$ 8,399,100
2013 - 2014	\$ 143,084 654,555 271,823 232,055 3,856,674	\$ 5,158,191	\$ 143,668 4,551,156 101,224 74,659 729,293	\$ 5,600,000	\$ 286,752 5,205,711 271,823 333,279 3,856,674 74,659 729,293	\$ 10,758,191
2014 - 2015	\$ 47,453 893,838 226,823 26,500 3,548,781	\$ 4,743,395	\$ 269,678 7,595,625 699,007	\$ 8,564,310	\$ 317,131 8,489,463 226,823 725,507 3,548,781	\$ 13,307,705
2015 - 2016	\$ 36,215 701,859 167,423 17,400 3,935,174	\$ 4,858,071	\$ 173,670 8,261,340 1,085,688	\$ 9,520,698	\$ 209,885 8,963,199 167,423 1,103,088 3,935,174	\$ 14,378,769
2016 - 2017	\$ 56,180 512,453 278,391 3,253,140	\$ 4,100,164	\$ 176,744 10,020,528 1,386,032	\$ 11,583,304	\$ 232,924 10,532,982 278,391 1,386,032 3,253,140	\$ 15,683,469
2017 - 2018	\$ 10,157 431,724 368,845 3,026,587	\$ 3,837,313	\$ 195,774 12,356,726 1,404,441 (18,399)	\$ 13,938,542	\$ 205,931 12,788,450 368,845 1,404,441 3,008,188	\$ 17,775,855
2018 - 2019	\$ 172,429 42,729 166,619 3,733,801	\$ 4,115,578	\$ 204,174 16,511,677 49,869 1,393,047 (117,661)	\$ 18,041,106	\$ 376,603 16,554,406 49,869 1,559,666 3,616,140	\$ 22,156,684
	General Fund: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	Total General Fund	All Other Governmental Funds: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	Total Other Governmental Funds All Governmental Funds:	Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Reserved - debt service Reserved - system devel	Total Governmental Funds

COLUMBIA COUNTY, OREGON

Change in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2018 - 2019	2017 - 2018	2016 - 2017	2015 - 2016	2014 - 2015	2013 - 2014	2012 - 2013	2011 - 2012	2010 - 2011	2009 - 2010
Revenues:	\$ 14.369.316	\$14.667.171	\$ 17,403,435	\$ 16,956,599	\$12,857,129	\$ 9,773,845	\$ 7,379,918	\$ 7,303,478	\$ 7,578,484	\$ 6,994,433
laxes Intergovernmental		12,201,039	6,929,487	6,560,085	12,929,814	15,331,479	14,078,282	33,479,557	16,906,419	13,929,514
Charges for services	2,472,344	5,069,043	1,360,885	1,281,184	2,822,408	2,811,269	2,862,402	3,191,777	3,814,792	67/30/7
Licenses and permits	674,291	55,958	466,458	2,177,120	435,435	217,046	914,044	869,816	101,303	432,670
Fines, fees and forfeitures	1,955,728	4,426,938	6,773,896	4,749,555	3,192,971	3,438,749	2,262,485	5,551,625	2,230,030	160,600,2
Royalties, franchise, timber	1 861 509	2 645 193	1.045,287	1,759,894	543,233	964,864	3,817,501	1,488,800	4,341,731	5,318,309
and miscellaneous Interest and investment earnings	408,093	221,952	142,866	86,306	66,375	55,360	48,780	44,223	45,099	69,805
Total Revenues	39,691,726	39,287,294	34,122,314	33,570,743	32,847,365	32,592,612	31,363,412	49,929,476	35,024,486	32,129,307
Expenditures:		77.5	310 076 7	6 699 744	5 470 887	5.389.247	4.848,623	5,264,376	6,723,404	8,033,465
General government	9,163,408	5,392,372	4 309 314	4.280.757	3,887,440	3,208,727	3,864,936	4,267,460	4,391,843	4,967,600
Roads and bridges	13,204,217	12 502 436	10.787.336	9,837,013	9,193,989	8,557,751	8,979,316	9,756,585	10,773,853	8,621,050
Fublic safety	1 402 817	992,806	276,653	365,833	1,655,159	4,447,424	7,466,341	21,717,329	7,582,199	4,059,974
realth and wentale	1,046,600	961,521	1,187,440	1,311,833	1,241,376	1,177,630	1,044,367	1,008,772	1,189,309	1,141,187
Fronomic development	1,727,476	1,886,828	1,977,563	3,822,479	3,516,785	2,215,580	2,955,898	2,654,739	1,493,920	2,770,784
Special payments	3	1,192,852	ii)	6	•	Ī	3	*	*2	***
Capital outlay	1,147,490	1,667,471	1,191,133	1,969,613	527,525	1,898,158	753,234	3,389,387	2,086,207	1,796,069
Debt services - principal	363,834	2,838,713	5,104,027	2,859,900	2,973,136	2,151,744	1,040,938	1,084,925	919,842	432,801 1 654 028
Debt services - interest	586,511	1,115,597	754,664	1,942,940	1,938,588	1,219,416	829,337	733,317	1,270,300	1,004,020
Total Expenditures	34,755,716	37,230,912	32,859,076	33,090,112	30,404,885	30,265,677	31,782,990	49,897,485	36,439,165	33,476,958
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expo	4,936,010	2,056,382	1,263,238	480,631	2,442,480	2,326,935	(419,578)	31,991	(1,414,679)	(1,347,651)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			,	٠	2 010		730	7,510	17,500	3,400
Sale of capital assets Transfers in	5.369.607	6	6,455,455	6,094,108	5,473,607	4,155,299	3,706,907	3,552,956	1,428,901	921,622
Transfers out	(4,893,472)	36,003	(6,455,455)	(6,094,107)	(5,473,607)	(4,155,299)	(3,706,907)	(3,535,254)	(1,428,901)	(921,622)
Transfers in from business-type	44,075	*	41,460	47,295	50,105	40,144	95,712	42,210	(9,414)	0 9
Transfers out from business-type	i . 3	A	i: 9	543.139	54,918	(606'1)	(101)	(310,00)		
Insurance recovery	200	600.36	41.460	590 435	107.033	32.155	89,341	7,510	8,086	3,400
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	320,210	500,05	202.57				ı		¢ 11 ADE 502)	¢ (1 300 751)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 5,456,220	\$ 2,092,385	\$ 1,304,698	\$ 1,071,066	\$ 2,549,513	\$ 2,359,090	\$ (330,237)	10c,85 ¢	(1,400,333)	(דרשיה הביד) כ

See independent auditor's report.

Governmental Activities Tax Revenue by Source - Last Ten Fiscal Years Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Fiscal Year	Property Taxes	Public Service Taxes	Franchise Taxes	Mineral Royalties and Timber	Total
2018 - 2019	\$ 13,691,017	\$ 678,299	\$ 50,335	\$ 1,456,719	\$ 15,876,370
2017 - 2018	13,583,851	1,083,320	157,614	1,259,398	16,084,183
2016 - 2017	12,985,903	4,417,532	112,765	598,822	18,115,022
2015 - 2016	12,476,080	4,480,519	111,086	1,588,117	18,655,802
2014 - 2015	12,466,653	390,476	106,866	101,691	13,065,686
2013 - 2014	9,394,424	379,421	121,900	525,882	10,421,627
2012 - 2013	7,013,729	366,189	66,300	47,178	7,493,396
2011 - 2012	6,955,939	347,539	88,503	81,378	7,473,359
2010 - 2011	7,249,706	328,778	74,090	136,663	7,789,237
2009 - 2010	6,426,517	567,916	41,261	1,879,890	8,915,584

Assessed Values and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property - Last Ten Fiscal Years Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Manufactured	Personal		Utility	Total Assessed
Fiscal Year	Real Property	Structures	Property	-	Property	Value (AV)
		÷ 20.644.700	\$ 92,297,545	\$	746,443,720	\$ 5,352,321,813
2018 - 2019	\$ 4,473,965,759	\$ 39,614,789		Ç	688,809,560	5,109,900,511
2017 - 2018	4,295,809,019	37,708,762	87,573,170		683,273,590	4,911,758,978
2016 - 2017	4,111,802,008	35,521,190	81,162,190			4,715,689,821
2015 - 2016	3,973,171,766	28,452,197	77,403,758		636,662,100	4,559,943,062
2014 - 2015	3,754,796,301	26,526,533	74,220,759		704,399,469	
2013 - 2014	3,692,215,297	24,406,038	74,958,377		619,720,140	4,411,299,852
2012 - 2013	3,601,892,063	28,099,529	74,361,410		408,758,740	4,113,111,742
2011 - 2012	3,549,577,947	28,178,258	71,979,650		408,630,654	4,058,366,509
2010 - 2011	3,577,628,983	30,363,518	73,687,760		403,593,050	4,085,273,311
2009 - 2010	3,458,935,122	30,725,947	83,873,780		419,956,181	3,993,491,030
		Taxable Ratio	Real Market			Direct
Fiscal Year	_	(RMV to AV)	Value (RMV)	_	Taxes	Tax Rate
2010 2010		63.38%	\$ 8,445,319,627	\$	75,367,643	1.41%
2018 - 2019		60.91%	8,388,882,126	·	72,769,548	1.42%
2017 - 2018		66.59%	7,376,616,652		70,272,829	1.43%
2016 - 2017		71.91%	6,557,903,862		66,417,585	1.41%
2015 - 2016		77.60%	5,876,058,508		64,770,613	1.42%
2014 - 2015		77.23%	5,711,839,142		60,281,265	1.37%
2013 - 2014		74.88%	5,492,574,239		55,984,908	1.36%
2012 - 2013		74.38%	5,477,228,879		54,941,133	1.35%
2011 - 2012		64.85%	6,299,615,211		56,992,720	1.40%
2010 - 2011		59.66%	6,693,897,931		54,949,959	1.38%
2009 - 2010		33.00%	0,000,007,001		3 1,2 13,200	

Principal Property Taxpayers - Last Fiscal Year and Fiscal Year Ten Years Ago For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			FY 2	018 - 2019		_	FY 2	017 - 2018	
Taxpayer	Industry		Taxable Assessed Value (AV)	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable (AV)		Taxable Assessed Value (AV)	Rank	Percentage of Total Taxable (AV)
Portland General Electric Northwest Natural Gas Cascades Holdings US Inc Dyno Nobel, Inc. US Gypsum Cascade Tissue Group Longview Timberlands LLC Columbia River PUD Cascade Kelly Holdings Clatskanie PUD Century Link All others	Utility Utility Distribution Explosives Building Products Paper Products Wood Products Utility Distribution Utility Utility	4,2	640,192,000 157,972,423 56,010,175 53,515,250 50,014,964 41,945,130 40,415,500 36,505,000 26,892,000 25,394,700	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	11.96% 2.95% 1.05% 1.00% 0.93% 0.78% 0.76% 0.68% 0.50% 0.48% 78.91%		618,993,000 161,135,382 55,413,141 55,492,940 48,596,942 46,508,800 39,291,500 36,869,000 27,264,690 23,708,400 8,996,626,716	1 2 4 3 5 6 7 8	12.11% 3.15% 1.09% 1.09% 0.95% 0.91% 0.77% 0.72% 0.53% 0.47% 78.21%

Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Fiscal Year and Fiscal Year Ten Years Ago For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Collected Year of the			Total Collection Most Recent F	-		
Fiscal Year	Taxes Levied	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes	Percentage Delinguent
	A 40 007 FF2	\$ 9,543,771	95.1%	\$	\$ 9,543,771	95.1%	\$ 288,612	2.9%
2018 - 2019	\$ 10,037,553	\$ 9,543,771 10,125,562	93.1%	204,544	10,330,106	95.8%	158,107	1.5%
2017 - 2018	10,779,956	9,625,314	93.7%	263,642	9,888,956	96.2%	92,067	0.9%
2016 - 2017	10,276,520 9,957,733	9,339,821	93.8%	337,110	9,676,931	97.2%	33,981	0.3%
2015 - 2016	9,539,520	8,929,296	93.6%	383,030	9,312,326	97.6%	12,155	0.1%
2014 - 2015	6,966,083	6,496,561	93.3%	296,370	6,792,931	97.5%	3,394	0.0%
2013 - 2014	6,920,409	6,343,061	91.7%	361,654	6,704,715	96.9%	2,823	0.0%
2012 - 2013	6,902,573	6,331,768	91.7%	437,278	6,769,046	98.1%	2,502	0.0%
2011 - 2012	6,807,953	6,252,873	91.8%	394,816	6,647,689	97.6%	1,868	0.0%
2010 - 2011 2009 - 2010	6,725,147	5,772,981	85.8%	402,186	6,175,167	91.8%	860	0.0%
					Permanent		Local	Total
				Fiscal Year	Rate	Bond Levy	Option	County
				riscal feat	- Nate			
				2018 - 2019	1.3956	~	0.5797	1.9753
				2017 - 2018	1.3956	0.2438	0.5797	2.2191
				2016 - 2017	1.3956	0.2362	0.5797	2.2115
				2015 - 2016	1.3956	0.2605	0.5797	2.2358
				2014 - 2015	1.3956	0.2608	0.5797	2.2361
				2013 - 2014	1.3956	0.2691	-	1.6647
				2012 - 2013	1,3956	0.2876	30	1.6832
				2011 - 2012	1.3956	0.3041	*	1.6997
				2010 - 2011	1.3956	0.2859	200	1.6815
				2009 - 2010	1.3956	0.2822	77.	1.6778

Notes:

Outstanding Delinquent Taxes collected are posted to the year of the levy. The amount is not Taxes Levied minus Taxes Collected because some amount of adjustments to the original taxes levied will happen due to award of discounts, tax appeals, corrections of errors, etc.

Source: County Tax Collector tax roll records relating to Columbia County only, excluding component units County Assessor Table 4a Detail of District Levies.

Ratio of Outstanding Debt by Type - Last Ten Fiscal Years For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Go	vern	mental Activit	ies			
					General				Total
		Bonds	Notes		Obligation			(Governmental
Fiscal Year	_	Payable	 Payable		Bonds		Leases		Activity
2018 - 2019	\$	6,407,625	\$ 365,264	\$	2	\$	77,067	\$	6,849,956
2017 - 2018		6,669,870	466,853		2	•	56,923	•	7,193,646
2016 - 2017		6,905,311	1,683,132		1,090,000		99,864		9,778,307
2015 - 2016		7,119,369	3,203,641		2,135,000		99,930		12,557,940
2014 - 2015		7,308,605	4,808,761		3,135,000		143,680		15,396,046
2013 - 2014		7,475,976	6,589,456		4,090,000		23,256		18,178,688
2012 - 2013		7,625,883	7,014,721		5,005,000		960		19,645,604
2011 - 2012		7,758,798	7,098,931		5,885,000		9		20,742,729
2010 - 2011		7,869,091	6,937,065		6,725,000		9		21,531,156
2009 - 2010		7,966,095	6,192,211		7,530,000		-		21,688,306

Fiscal Year	Business Type Activities	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income	Per Capita (Estimate)	County Population		Per Capita Personal Income
2018 - 2019	\$ 1,443,659	\$ 1,443,659	0.06%	27	52,750	\$	44,312
2017 - 2018	1,723,074	1,723,074	0.08%	33	51,900	,	40,053
2016 - 2017	2,215,513	2,215,513	0.11%	43	51,345		40,080
2015 - 2016	2,753,581	2,753,581	0.14%	54	50,795		39,202
2014 - 2015	3,366,911	3,366,911	0.18%	67	50,390		36,784
2013 - 2014	3,515,834	3,515,834	0.20%	70	50,075		35.134
2012 - 2013	3,657,706	3,657,706	0.21%	74	49,520		34,863
2011 - 2012	3,792,861	3,792,861	0.23%	76	49,680		33.649
2010 - 2011	3,921,617	3,921,617	0.25%	79	49,625		32,248
2009 - 2010	4,044,275	4,044,275	0.25%	82	49,430		32,372

¹ Population Research Center, Portland State University.

Further information on long-term debt is found in the Notes to the Financials Statements, pages 50 - 53.

² Bureau of Economic Analysis, US Department of Commerce.

Legal Debt Margin Information - Last Ten Fiscal Years For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Coui	nty Debt Limits		_		Deb	ot at June 30	
Fiscal Year	Real Market Value	Debt for General Obligation (2% RMV)		Debt for Limited Bonds (1% RMV)	Total Debt Limit (3% RMV)	_	General Obligation Bonds		Revenue Bonds and Other Debt	Total Debt Subject to Debt Limits
2018 - 2019	\$ 8,445,319,627	\$ 168,906,393	\$	84,453,196	\$ 253,359,589	\$	72	\$	365,264	\$ 365,264
2017 - 2018	8,388,882,126	167,777,643		83,888,821	251,666,464		(4)		466,853	466,853
2016 - 2017	7,376,616,652	147,532,333		73,766,167	221,298,500		1,090,000		1,683,132	2,773,132
2015 - 2016	6,557,903,862	131,158,077		65,579,039	196,737,116		2,135,000		3,203,641	5,338,641
2014 - 2015	5,876,058,508	117,521,170		58,760,585	176,281,755		3,135,000		4,808,761	7,943,761
2013 - 2014	5,711,839,142	114,236,783		57,118,391	171,355,174		4,090,000		6,589,456	10,679,456
2012 - 2013	5,492,574,239	109.851.485		54,925,742	164,777,227		5,005,000		7,014,721	12,019,721
2011 - 2012	5,477,228,879	109,544,578		54,772,289	164,316,866		5,885,000		7,098,931	12,983,931
2010 - 2011	6,299,615,211	125,992,304		62,996,152	188,988,456		6,725,000		6,937,065	13,662,065
2009 - 2010	6,693,897,931	133,877,959		66,938,979	200,816,938		7,530,000		6,192,211	13,722,211

	Legal	Debt Margin at Ju	Percentage of Debt Margin Utilized			
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds and Other Debt	Total Unused Debt Limit	General Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds and Other Debt	Combined Percentage
2018 - 2019	\$ 168,906,393	\$ 84,087,932	\$ 252,994,325	0.0%	0.4%	0.1%
2017 - 2018	167.777.643	83,421,968	251,199,611	0.0%	0.6%	0.2%
2016 - 2017	146,442,333	72,083,035	218,525,368	0.7%	2.3%	1.3%
2015 - 2016	129,023,077	62,375,398	191,398,475	1.7%	4.9%	2.7%
2014 - 2015	114,386,170	53,951,824	168,337,994	2.7%	8.2%	4.5%
2013 - 2014	110,146,783	50,528,935	160,675,718	3.7%	11.5%	6.2%
2013 - 2014	104.846,485	47,911,021	152,757,506	4.8%	12.8%	7.3%
2012 - 2013	103.659.578	47,673,358	151,332,936	5.7%	13.0%	7.9%
2011 - 2012	119,267,304	56,059,087	175,326,391	5.6%	11.0%	7.2%
2009 - 2010	126,347,959	60,746,768	187,094,727	6.0%	9.3%	6.8%

ORS 287A.105(1) provides a debt limit on revenue bonds and other debt or liabilities of 1% of the real market value of all taxable property within the County's boundaries.

Note: Pension bonds are not subject to the County Debt Limit ORS 238.694.

This legal limit became effective January 1, 2008 superseding ORS 287.053.

Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal Years For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Income (Amounts Expressed in lousands) (2)		Per Capita Personal Income (2)	School Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
2018 - 2019	52,750	\$ 2,337,458	\$	44,312	7,472	4.8
2017 - 2018	51,900	2,078,737	·	40.053	7,598	4.9
2016 - 2017	51,345	2,057,908		40,080	7,699	4.5
2015 - 2016	50,795	1,991,266		39,202	7,697	6.1
2014 - 2015	50,390	1,853,546		36,784	7,684	7.4
2013 - 2014	50,075	1,759,316		35,134	7,802	7.5
2012 - 2013	49,520	1,726,405		34,863	7,838	8.2
2011 - 2012	49,680	1,671,676		33,649	8,142	9.9
2010 - 2011	49,625	1,600,317		32,248	8,244	10.7
2009 - 2010	49,430	1,600,164		32,372	8,290	12.1

Source:

- 1. Population Research Center, Portland State University.
- 2. Bureau of Economic Analysis, US Department of Commerce.
- 3. Oregon Department of Education: Columbia County School Districts.
- 4. Oregon Labor Market Information System, Oregon Employment Department. Seasonally Adjusted Unemployment Rates in June (end of FY).

Note: if updated data from prior years is available, that data is added to table so prior year numbers may vary from prior year CAFRs-

Full-Time Equivalent County Government - Last Ten Fiscal Years For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

2011 2009 - 2010	86.40 78.40		14.57 14.77 2.96 3.95		5.50 5.50 20.00 20.00 3.70 4.95	4.45 4.45 1.00 1.00	174.89
2011 - 2012 2010 - 2011	75.44		13.78 1 2.57		5.50 20.00 2.95	4.30	167.28
2012 - 2013 2011	63.13	31.25 7.54	14.07 1.98	1.80	5.00 18.00 1.59	4.90	149.26
2013 - 2014 2	63.01	27.50 6.98	13.30	2.70	5.00 16.00 1.59	3.00	140.08
2014 - 2015	68.02	32.24 8.64	12.15	1.91	5.00 18.00 0.93	3.00	150.89
2015 - 2016	70.74	38.53	12.15	1.94	5.00 16.50 1.19	2.50	157.15
2016 - 2017	80.66	42.70	12.91	2.00	5.00 16.50 1.35	2.42	173.74
2017 - 2018	143.35	1 1	13.71	2.49	5.00 16.50 1.70	2.20	185.95
2018 - 2019	150.08	1 1	13.96	2.49	5.00 16.50 1.55	3.10	193.68
	Function: General government Public safety-	Sheriff: Officers	Parole/probation	Animal control Emergency management	Highways and streets- Engineering/administration Maintenance Transfer station/solid waste	Culture and recreation- Parks Fairgrounds	Total Function

REPORTS REQUIRED BY FEDERAL AND STATE REGULATIONS



Independent Auditor's Report Required by Oregon State Regulations

To the County Commissioners Columbia County St. Helens, Oregon

We have audited the basic financial statements of Columbia County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and have issued our report thereon dated January 8, 2020. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Columbia County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statues as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).
- Schedule of Accountability of Elected Officials.

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe Columbia County was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, except as follows:

 Expenditures of the various funds were within authorized appropriations, except as noted on page 44.



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OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

Mittell L. Lance

In planning and performing our audit, we considered internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting.

Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Commissioners, management and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

For Clark Nuber P.S.

Bellevue, Washington

January 8, 2020

Clark Nuber PS

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

To the County Commissioners Columbia County St. Helens, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Columbia County (the County) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 8, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

Clark Waber P.S.

January 8, 2020



Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditor's Report

To the County Commissioners Columbia County St. Helens, Oregon

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Columbia County's (the County) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.



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Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Certified Public Accountants

Clark Waber P.S.

January 8, 2020

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Program Title	Pass-Through Organization	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Number	Evpandit	Pass-Through
US Department of Transportation: Highway Planning and Construction		20.205	- Homes	Expenditures	to subrecipient
Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster		20.203		\$ 169,827	\$
Passed through Oregon Department of Transportation- Formula Grants for Rural Areas Formula Grants for Rural Areas		20.509	31911-5311	169,827 361,454	-
Formula Grants for Rural Areas		20.509	30801-5311	60,700	
Total CFDA #20.509		20.509	31970-5311	65,434	
				487,588	
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals With Disabilities		20.513	30741	92,046	ia ia
Total Transit Services Programs Cluster				92,046	
Bus and Bus Facilities Formula Program		20,526	31454-5339	125,072	
otal Federal Transit Cluster				125,072	
otal US Department of Transportation				874,533	
ieneral Services Administration: lassed through Oregon Department of Administrative Services- Donation of Federal Surplus Personal Property		39.003	C00055		
otal General Services Administration and CFDA #39.003		15,003	C00055	1,727	
epartment of the Interior:				1,727	(6)
istribution of receipts to state and local governments .S. Fish and Wildlife Service- Boating infrastructure grant		15.227		493,829	
		15.622		12,243	
otal Department of the Interior				506,072	
ational Environmental Planning Agency: Issed through Oregon Health Authority- State Public Water System Supervision		65 A60			
tal National Environmental Planning Agency and Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Cluster		66.468	IGA #154105	6,258	6,258
Department of Justice:				6,258	6,258
ssed through Oregon Department of Justice-					
Crime Victim Assistance		16.575	VOCA/CFA-2017- ColumbiaCo.DAVAP-		
tal US Department of Justice and CFDA #16.575			00010	85,369	*
Department of Health and Human Services: used through Oregon Department of Justice				85,369	
hild Support Enforcement sed through Oregon Health Authority-		93.563	1804 ORCSES	161,855	
ublic Health Emergency Preparedness amily Planning Services		93.069	IGA #154105	79,620	79,620
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States		93.217	IGA #154105	10,336	10,336
Medical Assistance Program		93.994	IGA #154105	28,622	28,622
al Medicaid Cluster		93.778	IGA #154105	11,984	11,984
al US Department of Health and Human Services				11,984	11,984
Department of Homeland Security: ed through Oregon Office of Emergency Management-				292,417	130,562
nergency Management Performance Grants		97.042	17.505	76,613	
I US Department of Homeland Security and CFDA #97.042			-	76,613	
l Federal Assistance			-	\$ 1,842,989 \$	136,820

See independent auditor's reports and notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards,

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes federal grant activity under programs of the federal government. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations, it is not intended to and does not present the net position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the entity.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Note 3 - Indirect Costs

The County has elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results		
Financial Statements		
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements were prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP:	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting:		
- Material weaknesses identified?	Yes	⊠ No
- Significant deficiencies identified?	Yes	igwedge None reported.
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	⊠ No
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs:		
- Material weaknesses identified?	Yes	⊠ No
- Significant deficiencies identified?	Yes	None reported.
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200 516(a)?	☐ Yes	⊠ No
Identification of Major Programs		
CFDA Number	Name of Feder	al Program or Cluster
20.509	Formula Gra	nts for Rural Areas
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$	750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		☐ No

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None reported.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.