

**OREGON DEPARTMENT OF EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT
EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT PERFORMANCE GRANT PROGRAM
GRANT AGREEMENT**

Project Name: Columbia County

Grant Number: 25-504

This grant agreement (“Agreement”), is between the State of Oregon, acting through its Oregon Department of Emergency Management (“OEM”), and Columbia County (“Subrecipient”) for the project referred to above and described in Exhibit A (“Project”). This Agreement becomes effective only when fully signed and approved as required by applicable law. Notwithstanding the effective date of this agreement, Project activities may begin on July 1, 2025.

This Agreement includes the following parts, listed in descending order of precedence for purposes of resolving any conflict between two or more of the parts:

- Exhibit A Project Description and Budget
- Exhibit B Terms and Conditions
- Exhibit C Federal Requirements and Certifications
- Exhibit D Reserved
- Exhibit E Information Required by 2 CFR § 200.332(a)(1)
- Exhibit F Reserved

Pursuant to Oregon Laws 2022, Chapter 110 (the “Act”), OEM is authorized to award grants and enter into grant agreements as part of the Emergency Management Performance Grant Program (“EMPG” or “Program”).

SECTION 1 - KEY GRANT TERMS

The following capitalized terms have the meanings assigned below.

Grant Amount: \$73,643.

Period of Performance: July 1, 2025 – June 30, 2026.

SECTION 2 - GRANT

OEM shall provide Subrecipient, and Subrecipient shall accept from OEM, an EMPG grant (the “Grant”) not to exceed \$73,643 in Grant funds for eligible costs (the “Grant Funds”). If applicable, Subrecipient shall provide matching funds for all project costs as described in Exhibit A.

OEM’s obligations are subject to the receipt of the following items, in form and substance satisfactory to OEM and its Counsel:

- (1) This Agreement duly signed by an authorized officer of Subrecipient; and
- (2) Such other certificates, documents, opinions and information as OEM may reasonably require.

Subrecipient shall complete the Project and use its own fiscal resources or money from other sources to pay for any costs of the Project in excess of the total amount of financial assistance provided pursuant to this Agreement.

SECTION 3 - DISBURSEMENTS

A. Reimbursement Basis. The Grant Funds shall be disbursed to Subrecipient on an expense reimbursement or cost-incurred basis.

B. Disbursement Requirements.

- (1) Subrecipient must submit each disbursement request for eligible Project Costs on a Request for Reimbursement form (“RFR”), provided by OEM electronically through grants management software.
- (2) Subrecipient must submit a signed RFR, that includes supporting documentation for all grant expenditures. RFRs may be submitted monthly or quarterly during the term of this Agreement. The final RFR must be submitted no later than 30 days following the end of the Period of Performance (“RFR Deadline”). OEM has no obligation to reimburse Subrecipient for any RFR submitted after the RFR Deadline.
- (3) Reimbursements for expenses will be withheld if performance reports are not submitted by the specified dates or are incomplete.
- (4) Reimbursement rates for travel expenses shall not exceed those allowed by the State of Oregon. Requests for reimbursement for travel must be supported with a detailed statement identifying the person who traveled, the purpose of the travel, the dates, times, and places of travel, and the actual expenses or authorized rates incurred.
- (5) Reimbursements will only be made for actual expenses incurred during the Period of Performance. Subrecipient agrees that no grant may be used for expenses incurred before or after the Period of Performance.
- (6) Subrecipient must pay its contractors, consultants, and vendors before submitting a RFR to OEM for reimbursement. Eligible costs are the reasonable and necessary costs incurred by Subrecipient for the Project, in accordance with the EMPG guidance and application materials, including without limitation the Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO), that are not excluded from reimbursement by OEM, either by this Agreement or by exclusion as a result of financial review or audit. The guidance, application materials and NOFO are available at:

EMPG: <https://www.oregon.gov/oem/emresources/Grants/Pages/EMPG.aspx>

C. Financing Availability. Subrecipient must incur eligible costs under this Agreement on or before the Period of Performance Deadline. Subrecipient’s right to request disbursements for eligible costs under this Agreement terminates 30 days following the end of the RFR Deadline.

D. Conditions to Disbursements. As to any disbursement, OEM has no obligation to disburse funds unless all following conditions are met:

- (1) OEM (a) has received a completed RFR on an OEM provided electronic form, (b) has received an accounting of how all prior disbursements have been expended, including written evidence of materials and labor furnished to or work performed upon the Project, including itemized receipts or invoices for payment, and releases, satisfactions or other signed statements or forms as OEM may require, (c) is satisfied that all items listed in the RFR are reasonable, and (d) has determined that the disbursement is only for eligible costs that are in accordance with Exhibit A Project Description and Project Budget.

- (2) The representations and warranties made in this Agreement are true and correct on the date of disbursement as if made on such date.
- (3) OEM has sufficient funds currently available and authorized for expenditure to finance the costs of this Agreement within OEM's biennial appropriation or limitation. Notwithstanding the preceding sentence, payment of funds by OEM is contingent on OEM receiving appropriations, limitations, allotments or other expenditure authority sufficient to allow OEM, in the exercise of its reasonable administrative discretion, to continue to make payments in accordance with the terms of this Agreement, and notwithstanding anything in this Agreement, occurrence of such contingency does not constitute a default. Upon occurrence of such contingency, OEM has no further obligation to disburse funds to Subrecipient.
- (4) All other conditions precedent under this Agreement are met.
- (5) There is no Event of Default by Subrecipient.

SECTION 4 - USE OF GRANT

- A. Eligible Use. Subrecipient's use of the Grant Funds is limited to those expenses that are both reasonable and necessary to complete the Project and that are in accordance with Exhibit A Project Description and Budget.
- B. Ineligible Use. Subrecipient shall not use the Grant Funds to retire any debt or to lobby, influence or attempt to influence, any federal, state or local government official.
- C. Misexpended or Unexpended Grant Funds. Any Grant Funds disbursed to Subrecipient, or any interest earned by Subrecipient on the Grant Funds, that is not used according to this Agreement and approved by OEM or that remain unexpended after the earlier of the Period of Performance Deadline, the date the Project is completed or the date that this Agreement is terminated, shall be immediately returned to OEM, unless otherwise directed by OEM in writing.

The Subrecipient shall be responsible for pursuing recovery of monies paid under this Agreement in providing disaster assistance against any party that might be liable, and further, the Subrecipient shall cooperate in a reasonable manner with the State of Oregon and the Federal Government in efforts to recover expenditures under this Agreement.

In the event the Subrecipient obtains recovery from a responsible party, the Subrecipient shall first be reimbursed its reasonable costs of litigation from such recovered funds. The Subrecipient shall pay to OEM the proportionate Federal share, as defined in Exhibit D, of all project funds recovered in excess of costs of litigation.

SECTION 5 - REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES OF SUBRECIPIENT

- A. Existence and Power. Subrecipient represents and warrants to OEM that Subrecipient is a municipality, education service district, fire protection district, or domestic water supply district duly organized under the laws of Oregon, and has full power, authority and legal right to make this Agreement and to incur and perform its obligations under this Agreement.
- B. Authority, No Contravention. The making and performance by Subrecipient of this Agreement: (a) have been duly authorized by all necessary action of Subrecipient; (b) do not and will not violate any provision of any applicable law, rule, regulation or order of any court, regulatory commission, board

or other administrative agency or any provision of its organizational documents; and (c) do not and will not result in the breach of, or constitute a default or require any consent, under any other agreement or instrument to which Subrecipient is a party or by which Subrecipient or any of its properties may be bound or affected.

- C. Binding Obligation. This Agreement has been duly executed and delivered by Subrecipient and when duly executed and delivered by OEM, constitutes legal, valid, and binding obligations of Subrecipient, enforceable in accordance with its terms, subject to the laws of bankruptcy, insolvency, or other similar laws affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally.
- D. Approvals. No authorization, consent, license, approval of, filing or registration with, or notification to any governmental body or regulatory or supervisory authority is required for the execution, delivery, or performance by Subrecipient of this Agreement.
- E. Misleading Statements. The Subrecipient has made no false statements of fact, nor has it omitted information necessary to prevent any statements from being misleading, in this Agreement or any document submitted by or on behalf of the Subrecipient to OEM. The information contained in this Agreement is true and accurate in all respects.
- F. Debarment or Suspension. Neither Subrecipient nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, or voluntarily excluded from any federally assisted transaction, or proposed for debarment, declared ineligible or voluntarily excluded from participating in this Agreement by any state or federal agency. Subrecipient agrees to notify OEM immediately if it is debarred, suspended or otherwise excluded from any federally assisted transaction for any reason or if circumstances change that may affect this status, including without limitation upon any relevant indictments or convictions of crime.
- G. No Solicitation. Subrecipient's officers, employees, and agents shall neither solicit nor accept gratuities, favors, or any item of monetary value from contractors, potential contractors, or parties to sub-agreements. No member or delegate to the Congress of the United States shall be admitted to any share or part of this Agreement or any benefit arising therefrom.
- H. NIMS Compliance. By accepting funds, Subrecipient certifies that it has met National Incident Management System (NIMS) compliance activities outlined in the Oregon NIMS Requirements located through OEM at http://www.oregon.gov/ODEM/emresources/Plans_Assessments/Pages/NIMS.aspx. The warranties set forth in this section are in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other warranties set forth in this Agreement or implied by law. Subrecipient agrees to complete the annual OEM NIMS Assessment.

SECTION 6 - COVENANTS OF SUBRECIPIENT

The Subrecipient covenants as follows:

- A. Period of Performance Deadline. Subrecipient shall complete the Project by the Period of Performance Deadline unless the total amount of the Grant is not available because one or more of the conditions in Section 3.D. are not satisfied.
- B. Reporting Requirements. Subrecipient shall submit periodic reports to OEM. The reports shall consist of the following:
 - 1) Performance Reports.

- a) Subrecipient shall submit Programmatic Performance Reports, using an electronic form provided by OEM, on its progress in meeting each of its agreed upon goals and objectives. The narrative reports will address specific information regarding the activities carried out under the Fiscal Year 2025
- b) Reports are due to OEM on or before the 15th day of the month following the end of each calendar quarter (ending on March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31). The start date may vary depending on contract terms and will be communicated by OEM.
- c) Subrecipient may request from OEM prior written approval to extend a performance report requirement past its due date. OEM, in its sole discretion, may approve or reject the request.

2) Financial Reports

- a) Subrecipient shall submit fiscal reports, using an electronic form provided by OEM, on the amount of Grant Funds used towards completion of the Project, as established in Exhibit A of this agreement.
- b) Fiscal reports are due to OEM on or before the 30th day of the month following the end of each calendar quarter (ending on March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31).
- c) Subrecipient may request from OEM prior written approval to extend a fiscal report requirement past its due date. OEM, in its sole discretion, may approve or reject the request.

3) Close-Out Report.

- a) Subrecipient shall submit a final close-out report to OEM for review which must include a financial performance report, construction reports (if applicable), invention disclosure (if applicable), Federally owned property report (if applicable), and final request for reimbursement (if applicable).
- b) Failure of Subrecipient to submit the required program, financial, or audit reports, or to resolve program, financial, or audit issues, may result in the suspension of grant payments, termination of this Agreement, or both.

C. Subrecipient Procurements.

- (1) Sub Agreements. Subrecipient may enter into agreements (hereafter “sub agreements”) for performance of the Project. Subrecipient shall use its own procurement procedures and regulations, provided that the procurement conforms to applicable Federal and State law (including but not limited to the Build America, Buy America Act (BABAA) 2 CFR Part 184, ORS chapters 279A, 279B, 279C), and that for contracts for more than \$150,000, the contract shall address administrative, contractual or legal remedies for violation or breach of contract terms and provide for sanctions and penalties as appropriate, and for contracts for more than \$10,000 address termination for cause or for convenience including the manner in which termination will be effected and the basis for settlement.
 - a. Subrecipient shall provide to OEM copies of all Requests for Proposals or other solicitations for procurements anticipated to be for \$100,000 or more and to provide to OEM, upon request by OEM, such documents for procurements for less than \$100,000. Subrecipient shall include with its RFR a list of all procurements issued during the period covered by the report.
 - b. All sub agreements, whether negotiated or competitively bid and without regard to dollar value, shall be conducted in a manner that encourages fair and open competition to the

maximum practical extent possible. All sole-source procurements in excess of \$100,000 must receive prior written approval from OEM in addition to any other approvals required by law applicable to Subrecipient. Justification for sole-source procurement in excess of \$100,000 should include a description of the program and what is being contracted for, an explanation of why it is necessary to contract noncompetitively, time constraints and any other pertinent information. Interagency agreements between units of government are excluded from this provision.

- c. Subrecipient shall be alert to organizational conflicts of interest or non-competitive practices among contractors that may restrict or eliminate competition or otherwise restrain trade. Contractors that develop or draft specifications, requirements, statements of work, or Requests for Proposals (RFP) for a proposed procurement shall be excluded from bidding or submitting a proposal to compete for the award of such procurement. Any request for exemption must be submitted in writing to OEM.
 - d. Subrecipient agrees that, to the extent it uses contractors, such contractors shall use small, minority, women-owned or disadvantaged business concerns and contractors or subcontractors to the extent practicable.
 - e. In the event that Subrecipient subcontracts for engineering services, Subrecipient shall require that the engineering firm be covered by errors and omissions insurance in an amount not less than the amount of the firm's contract. If the firm is unable to obtain errors and omissions insurance, the firm shall post a bond with Subrecipient for the benefit of Subrecipient of not less than the amount of its subcontract. Such insurance or bond shall remain in effect for the entire term of the subcontract. The subcontract shall provide that the subcontract shall terminate immediately upon cancellation or lapse of the bond or insurance and shall require the subcontractor to notify Subrecipient immediately upon any change in insurance coverage or cancellation or lapse of the bond.
- (2) Purchases and Management of Property and Equipment: Records. Subrecipient agrees to comply with all applicable federal requirements referenced in Exhibit B, Section II.C.1 to this Agreement and procedures for managing and maintaining records of all purchases of property and equipment will, at a minimum, meet the following requirements:
- a. All property and equipment purchased under this agreement, whether by Subrecipient or a contractor, will be conducted in a manner providing full and open competition and in accordance with all applicable procurement requirements, including without limitation ORS chapters 279A, 279B, 279C, and purchases shall be recorded and maintained in Subrecipient's property or equipment inventory system.
 - b. Subrecipient's property and equipment records shall include: a description of the property or equipment; the manufacturer's serial number, model number, or other identification number; the source of the property or equipment, including the Assistance Listing Number (ALN) (formerly CFDA); name of person or entity holding title to the property or equipment; the acquisition date; cost and percentage of Federal participation in the cost; the location, use and

condition of the property or equipment; and any ultimate disposition data including the date of disposal and sale price of the property or equipment.

- c. For acquisition projects, Subrecipient shall retain real estate transaction and property tracking records indefinitely to enable FEMA to track the use of real property acquired with Grant Funds and ensure that the property is maintained for open space in perpetuity (see 44 CFR Part 80).
- d. A physical inventory of the property and equipment must be taken, and the results reconciled with the property and equipment records at least once every two years.
- e. Subrecipient must develop a control system to ensure adequate safeguards to prevent loss, damage, or theft of the property and equipment. Subrecipient shall investigate any loss, damage, or theft and shall provide the results of the investigation to OEM upon request.
- f. Subrecipient must develop, or require its contractors to develop, adequate maintenance procedures to keep the property and equipment in good condition.
- g. If Subrecipient is authorized to sell the property or equipment, proper sales procedures must be established to ensure the highest possible return.
- h. Subrecipient agrees to comply with 2 CFR 200.313 pertaining to use and disposal of equipment purchased with Grant Funds, including when original or replacement equipment acquired with Grant Funds is no longer needed for the original project or program or for other activities currently or previously supported by a Federal agency.
- i. Subrecipient shall require its contractors to use property and equipment management requirements that meet or exceed the requirements provided herein applicable to all property and equipment purchased with Grant Funds.
- j. Subrecipient shall, and shall require its contractors to, retain, the records described in this Section 9.b. for a period of six years from the date of the disposition or replacement or transfer at the discretion of OEM. Title to all property and equipment purchased with Grant Funds shall vest in Subrecipient if Subrecipient provides written certification to OEM that it will use the property and equipment for purposes consistent with the EMPG.

D. Compliance with Laws. Subrecipient shall comply with the requirements of all applicable laws, rules, regulations and orders of any governmental authority, except to the extent an order of a governmental authority is contested in good faith and by proper proceedings.

Specifically, Subrecipient acknowledges and agrees to follow constitutional Equal Protection requirements. Subrecipient shall consider all eligible beneficiaries (meeting 2 or more economic equity risk factors) as described in Exhibit A and shall not refuse to work with individuals, families, businesses, or communities based on protected class considerations.

E. Notice of Adverse Change. The Subrecipient shall promptly notify OEM of any adverse change in the activities, prospects or condition (financial or otherwise) of Subrecipient, or the Project related to the ability of Subrecipient to perform all obligations required by this Agreement.

F. Notice of Event of Default. The Subrecipient shall give OEM prompt written notice of any Event of Default, or any circumstance that with notice or the lapse of time, or both, may become an Event of Default, as soon as Subrecipient becomes aware of its existence or reasonably believes an Event of Default is likely.

G. Contributory Liability and Contractor Indemnification.

(1) If any third party makes any claim or brings any action, suit or proceeding alleging a tort as now or hereafter defined in ORS 30.260 (“Third Party Claim”) against a party (the “Notified Party”) with respect to which the other party may have liability, the Notified Party must promptly notify the other party in writing and deliver a copy of the claim, process, and all legal pleadings related to the Third Party Claim. Either party is entitled to participate in the defense of a Third Party Claim, and to defend a Third Party Claim with counsel of its own choosing. The foregoing provisions are conditions precedent for either party’s liability to the other in regards to the Third Party Claim.

If the parties are jointly liable (or would be if joined in the Third Party Claim), the parties shall contribute to the amount of expenses (including attorneys' fees), judgments, fines and amounts paid in settlement actually and reasonably incurred and paid or payable in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect their respective relative fault. The relative fault of the parties shall be determined by reference to, among other things, the parties' relative intent, knowledge, access to information and opportunity to correct or prevent the circumstances resulting in such expenses, judgments, fines or settlement amounts. Each party’s contribution amount in any instance is capped to the same extent it would have been capped under Oregon law if that party had sole liability in the proceeding. This Section shall survive termination of this Contract.

(2) Subrecipient shall take all reasonable steps to require its contractor(s) that are not units of local government as defined in ORS 190.003, if any, to indemnify, defend, save and hold harmless the State of Oregon and its officers, employees and agents (“Indemnitee”) from and against any and all claims, actions, liabilities, damages, losses, or expenses (including attorneys’ fees) arising from a tort (as now or hereafter defined in ORS 30.260) caused, or alleged to be caused, in whole or in part, by the negligent or willful acts or omissions of Subrecipient’s contractor or any of the officers, agents, employees or subcontractors of the contractor (“Claims”). It is the specific intention of the parties that the Indemnitee shall, in all instances, except for Claims arising solely from the negligent or willful acts or omissions of the Indemnitee, be indemnified by the contractor from and against any and all Claims. This Section shall survive termination of this Contract.

Subrecipient shall require the other party, or parties, to each of its sub agreements that are not units of local government as defined in ORS 190.003 to obtain and maintain insurance of the types and in the amounts provided in Exhibit C to this Agreement.

H. Disadvantaged and Emerging Small Business. ORS 200.090 states public policy is to “aggressively pursue a policy of providing opportunities for available contracts to emerging small businesses.” OEM encourages Subrecipient, in its contracting activities, to follow good faith efforts described in ORS 200.045. The Governor’s Policy Advisor for Economic & Business Equity provides additional resources and the Certification Office for Business Inclusion and Diversity at the Oregon Business Development Department maintains a list of certified firms and can answer questions. Search for

certified firms on the web at:

<https://oregon4biz.diversitysoftware.com/FrontEnd/VendorSearchPublic.asp>.

- I. Inspections; Information. The Subrecipient shall permit OEM, and any party designated by OEM: (i) to inspect, at any reasonable time, the property, if any, constituting the Project; and (ii) at any reasonable time, to inspect and make copies of any accounts, books and records, including, without limitation, its records regarding receipts, disbursements, contracts, investments and any other related matters. The Subrecipient shall supply any related reports and information as OEM may reasonably require.
- J. Records, Access to Records and Facilities. Subrecipient shall make and retain proper and complete books of record and account and maintain all fiscal records related to this Agreement and the Equipment in accordance with all applicable generally accepted accounting principles, generally accepted governmental auditing standards, and state minimum standards for audits of municipal corporations. OEM, the Secretary of State of the State of Oregon (“Secretary”), and their duly authorized representatives shall have access to the books, documents, papers, and records of Subrecipient that are directly related to this Agreement or the Equipment provided for the purpose of making audits and examinations. In addition, OEM, Oregon Secretary of State (Secretary), Office of Inspector General (OIG), Department of Homeland Security (DHS), Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), or any of their authorized representatives may make and retain excerpts, copies, and transcriptions of the foregoing books, documents, papers, and records.
- K. Retention of Records. Subrecipient shall retain and keep accessible all books, documents, papers, and records that are directly related to this Agreement, the Grant Funds or the Project for until the latest of (a) six years following termination, completion or expiration of this Agreement, (b) upon resolution of any litigation or other disputes related to this Agreement, or (c) as required by 2 CFR 200.333. It is the responsibility of Subrecipient to obtain a copy of 2 CFR Part 200, and to apprise itself of all rules and regulations set forth. If there are unresolved issues at the end of such period, Subrecipient shall retain the books, documents, papers and records until the issues are resolved.
- L. Reserved
- M. Continued Tax Compliance. Subrecipient shall, throughout the duration of this Agreement, comply with all tax laws of this state and all applicable tax laws of any political subdivision of this state. OEM does not provide tax advice and OEM is not responsible for any tax consequences or compliance requirements associated with the Grant award to Subrecipient, including but not limited to 1099 Requirements and tax reporting requirements. Subrecipient is advised to consult with their own tax advisor or legal counsel.
- N. Tax Notice to Beneficiaries. Subrecipients that provide direct funding to beneficiaries shall provide notice to beneficiaries to the effect that OEM has not provided any tax advice to the beneficiaries of Program funds and OEM is not responsible for tax consequences, if any, to beneficiaries in connection with receipt of Program funding. Beneficiaries are advised to consult with their own tax advisor or legal counsel regarding tax consequences, if any, of accepting funds.
- O. Federal Audit Requirements. The Grant is federal financial assistance, and the Assistance Listing (formerly CFDA) number and title is “97.042 Emergency Management Performance Grants”.
 - (1) If Subrecipient receives federal funds in excess of \$750,000 in the Subrecipient’s fiscal year, it is subject to audit conducted in accordance with the provisions of 2 CFR part 200, subpart F.

Subrecipient, if subject to this requirement, shall at its own expense submit to OEM a copy of, or electronic link to, its annual audit subject to this requirement covering the funds expended under this Contract and shall submit or cause to be submitted to OEM the annual audit of any Subrecipient(s), contractor(s), or subcontractor(s) of Subrecipient responsible for the financial management of funds received under this Contract.

- (2) Audit costs for audits not required in accordance with 2 CFR part 200, subpart F are unallowable. If Subrecipient did not expend \$750,000 or more in Federal funds in its fiscal year but contracted with a certified public accountant to perform an audit, costs for performance of that audit shall not be charged to the funds received under this Contract.
- (3) Subrecipient shall save, protect and hold harmless OEM from the cost of any audits or special investigations performed by the Federal awarding agency or any federal agency with respect to the funds expended under this Contract. Subrecipient acknowledges and agrees that any audit costs incurred by Subrecipient as a result of allegations of fraud, waste or abuse are ineligible for reimbursement under this or any other agreement between Subrecipient and the State of Oregon.

SECTION 7 - DEFAULT

Any of the following constitutes an “Event of Default”:

- A. Misleading Statement. Any material false or misleading representation is made by or on behalf of Subrecipient, in this Agreement or in any document provided by Subrecipient related to this Grant or the Project.
- B. The Subrecipient fails to perform any obligation required under this Agreement, other than those referred to in subsection A of this section, and that failure continues for a period of 30 calendar days after written notice specifying such failure is given to Subrecipient by OEM. OEM may agree in writing to an extension of time if it determines Subrecipient instituted and has diligently pursued corrective action.

SECTION 8 - REMEDIES

Upon the occurrence of an Event of Default, OEM may pursue any remedies available under this Agreement, at law or in equity. Such remedies include, but are not limited to, termination of OEM’s obligations to make the Grant or further disbursements, return of all or a portion of the Grant amount, payment of interest earned on the Grant amount, and declaration of ineligibility for the receipt of future awards from OEM. If, as a result of an Event of Default, OEM demands return of all or a portion of the Grant amount or payment of interest earned on the Grant amount, Subrecipient shall pay the amount upon OEM’s demand. OEM may also recover all or a portion of any amount due from Subrecipient by deducting that amount from any payment due to Subrecipient from the State of Oregon under any other contract or agreement, present or future, unless prohibited by state or federal law. OEM reserves the right to turn over any unpaid debt under this Section 8 to the Oregon Department of Revenue or a collection agency and may publicly report any delinquency or default. These remedies are cumulative and not exclusive of any other remedies provided by law.

In the event OEM defaults on any obligation in this Agreement, Subrecipient’s remedy will be limited to a claim for reimbursement or disbursement of funds authorized under this Agreement. In no event will

OEM be liable to Subrecipient for any expenses related to termination of this Agreement or for anticipated profits or loss.

SECTION 9 - TERMINATION

In addition to terminating this Agreement upon an Event of Default as provided in Section 8, OEM may terminate this Agreement with notice to Subrecipient under any of the following circumstances:

A. Termination by OEM.

- (1) The Oregon Department of Administrative Services notifies OEM of an anticipated shortfall in applicable revenues or OEM fails to receive sufficient funding, appropriations or other expenditure authorizations to allow OEM, in its reasonable discretion, to continue making payments under this Agreement;
- (2) There is a change in federal or state laws, rules, regulations or guidelines so that the Project funded by this Agreement is no longer eligible for funding;
- (3) Subrecipient fails to perform the Project within the time specified herein or any extension thereof or commencement, continuation or timely completion of the Project by Subrecipient is, for any reason, rendered improbable, impossible, or illegal;
- (4) The Project would not produce results commensurate with the further expenditure of funds;
- (5) Subrecipient takes any action pertaining to this Agreement without the approval of OEM and which under the provisions of this Agreement would have required the approval of OEM; or
- (6) OEM determines there is a material misrepresentation, error or inaccuracy in Subrecipient's application.

B. Termination by Subrecipient. Subrecipient may terminate this Agreement effective upon delivery of written notice of termination to OEM, or at such later date as may be established by Subrecipient in such written notice, if:

- (1) The requisite local funding to continue the Project becomes unavailable to Subrecipient; or
- (2) Federal or state laws, rules, regulations or guidelines are modified or interpreted in such a way that the Project is no longer allowable or no longer eligible for funding under this Agreement.

C. Termination by Either Party. Either Party may terminate this Agreement upon at least ten days notice to the other Party and failure of the other Party to cure within the ten days, if the other Party fails to comply with any of the terms of this Agreement.

D. Termination by Mutual Consent. The Agreement may be terminated by mutual written consent of the parties.

E. Effect of Termination. In the event of termination of this Agreement, each party shall be liable only for Project Costs and allowable expenses incurred by the other party, prior to the effective date of termination, and Subrecipient will return all Federal funds paid to Subrecipient for the Project which have not been expended or irrevocably committed to eligible activities.

F. Settlement Upon Termination. Immediately upon termination under Sections 9.A.(1), (4) or (5), no Grant Funds shall be disbursed by OEM, and Subrecipient shall return to OEM Grant Funds previously disbursed to Subrecipient by OEM in accordance with Section 4.C and the terminating

party may pursue additional remedies in law or equity. Upon termination pursuant to any other provision in this Section 10, no further Grant Funds shall be disbursed by OEM and Subrecipient shall return funds to OEM in accordance with Section 6.c, except that Subrecipient may pay, and OEM shall disburse, funds for obligations incurred and approved by OEM up to the day that the non-terminating party receives the notice of termination. Termination of this Agreement does not relieve Subrecipient of any other term of this Agreement that may survive termination, including without limitation Sections 10.D and G.

SECTION 10 - MISCELLANEOUS

- A. No Implied Waiver. No failure or delay on the part of OEM to exercise any right, power, or privilege under this Agreement will operate as a waiver thereof, nor will any single or partial exercise of any right, power, or privilege under this Agreement preclude any other or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any other such right, power, or privilege.
- B. Choice of Law; Designation of Forum; Federal Forum. The laws of the State of Oregon (without giving effect to its conflicts of law principles) govern all matters arising out of or relating to this Agreement, including, without limitation, its validity, interpretation, construction, performance, and enforcement.

Any party bringing a legal action or proceeding against any other party arising out of or relating to this Agreement shall bring the legal action or proceeding in the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Marion County (unless Oregon law requires that it be brought and conducted in another county). Each party hereby consents to the exclusive jurisdiction of such court, waives any objection to venue, and waives any claim that such forum is an inconvenient forum.

Notwithstanding the prior paragraph, if a claim must be brought in a federal forum, then it must be brought and adjudicated solely and exclusively within the United States District Court for the District of Oregon. This paragraph applies to a claim brought against the State of Oregon only to the extent Congress has appropriately abrogated the State of Oregon's sovereign immunity and is not consent by the State of Oregon to be sued in federal court. This paragraph is also not a waiver by the State of Oregon of any form of defense or immunity, including but not limited to sovereign immunity and immunity based on the Eleventh Amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

- C. Notices and Communication. Except as otherwise expressly provided in this Agreement, any communication between the parties or notices required or permitted must be given in writing by personal delivery, email, or by mailing the same, postage prepaid, to Subrecipient or OEM at the addresses set forth below, or to such other persons or addresses that either party may subsequently indicate pursuant to this Section.

Any communication or notice by personal delivery will be deemed effective when actually delivered to the addressee. Any communication or notice so addressed and mailed will be deemed to be received and effective five (5) days after mailing. Any communication or notice given by email becomes effective 1) upon the sender's receipt of confirmation generated by the Subrecipient's email system that the notice has been received by the Subrecipient's email system or 2) the Subrecipient's confirmation of receipt, whichever is earlier. Notwithstanding this provision, the following notices may not be given by email: notice of default or notice of termination.

If to OEM: Preparedness Director
Oregon Department of Emergency Management
3930 Fairview Industrial Drive SE
Salem OR 97302

If to Subrecipient: Emergency Manager
Columbia County
230 Strand St. St. Helens OR 97051

- D. Amendments. This Agreement may not be altered, modified, supplemented, or amended in any manner except by written instrument signed by both parties.
- E. Severability. If any provision of this Agreement will be held invalid or unenforceable by any court of competent jurisdiction, such holding will not invalidate or render unenforceable any other provision.
- F. Successors and Assigns. This Agreement will be binding upon and inure to the benefit of OEM, Subrecipient, and their respective successors and assigns, except that Subrecipient may not assign or transfer its rights, obligations or any interest without the prior written consent of OEM.
- G. Counterparts. This Agreement may be signed in several counterparts, each of which is an original and all of which constitute one and the same instrument. Copies of signature by facsimile, electronic scan, or other electronic means will be considered original signatures.
- H. Integration. This Agreement (including all exhibits, schedules or attachments) constitutes the entire agreement between the parties on the subject matter. There are no unspecified understandings, agreements or representations, oral or written, regarding this Agreement.
- I. No Third-Party Beneficiaries. OEM and Subrecipient are the only parties to this Agreement and are the only parties entitled to enforce the terms of this Agreement. Nothing in this Agreement gives or provides, or is intended to give or provide, to third persons any benefit or right not held by or made generally available to the public, whether directly, indirectly or otherwise, unless such third persons are individually identified by name herein and expressly described as intended beneficiaries of the terms of this Agreement.
- J. Survival. All provisions of this Agreement that by their terms are intended to survive shall survive termination of this Agreement.
- K. Time is of the Essence. Subrecipient agrees that time is of the essence under this Agreement.
- L. Public Records. OEM's obligations under this Agreement are subject to the Oregon Public Records Laws.
- M. Dispute Resolution. The Parties shall attempt in good faith to resolve any dispute arising out of this Agreement. In addition, the Parties may agree to utilize a jointly selected mediator or arbitrator (for non-binding arbitration) to resolve the dispute short of litigation. Each party shall bear its own costs incurred under this Section 6.C.
- N. Duplicate Payment. Subrecipient is not entitled to compensation or any other form of duplicate, overlapping or multiple payments for the same work performed under this Agreement from any agency of the State of Oregon or the United States of America or any other party, organization or individual.

- O. Independent Contractor. Subrecipient shall perform the Project as an independent contractor and not as an agent or employee of OEM. Subrecipient has no right or authority to incur or create any obligation for or legally bind OEM in any way. Subrecipient acknowledges and agrees that Subrecipient is not an “officer”, “employee”, or “agent” of OEM, as those terms are used in ORS 30.265, and shall not make representations to third parties to the contrary.
- P. Insurance; Workers’ Compensation. All employers, including Subrecipient, that employ subject workers who provide services in the State of Oregon shall comply with ORS 656.017 and provide the required Workers’ Compensation coverage, unless such employers are exempt under ORS 656.126. Employer’s liability insurance with coverage limits of not less than \$500,000 must be included. Subrecipient shall ensure that each of its Subrecipient(s), contractor(s), and subcontractor(s) complies with these requirements.

Signature page follows.

The Subrecipient, by its signature below, acknowledges that it has read this Agreement, understands it, and agrees to be bound by its terms and conditions.



STATE OF OREGON
acting by and through its
Oregon Department of Emergency Management

COLUMBIA COUNTY

By: _____
Alaina Calhoun, Preparedness Director

By: _____
Corey Padron, Emergency Manager

Date: _____

Date: _____

APPROVED AS TO LEGAL SUFFICIENCY

APPROVED AS TO LEGAL SUFFICIENCY
(If required for Subrecipient)

By: Not Required per OAR 137-045-0030

By: _____
Subrecipient's Legal Counsel

Date: _____

Date: _____

EXHIBIT A - PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND PROJECT BUDGET

Subrecipient’s Project Summary:

The FY2025 EMPG Program focuses on the development and sustainment of core capabilities as outlined in the National Preparedness Strategy. Particular emphasis is placed on building and sustaining capabilities that address high consequence events that pose the greatest risk to the security and resilience of the United States. Capabilities are the means to accomplish a mission, function, or objective based on the performance of related tasks, under specified conditions, to target levels of performance. The FY2025 EMPG Work Plan identifies the specific tasks to be performed towards the development and sustainment of core capabilities in Subrecipient’s jurisdiction. The funds from this agreement are meant to supplement Subrecipient’s day-to-day operational costs for Emergency Management, as outlined in Subrecipient’s approved Work Plan. The Work Plan may be updated upon approval by OEM.

Line Item Activity	OEM Funds	Other / Matching Funds
Personnel	\$66,143	\$66,143
Travel		
Training		
Supplies		
Rent		
Utilities		
Phone		
Other		
Contractual		
Indirect Costs	\$7,500	\$7,500
Equipment		
Total	\$73,643	\$73,643

EXHIBIT B – TERMS AND CONDITIONS

- A. All Programmatic Performance Reports (PPR) and Requests for Reimbursement (RFR) must be submitted through OEM's grant management system. Any additional requirements based on federally provided changes may be included in RFR reporting.
- B. The use of OEM's grant management system may require additional time for training, submissions, approvals, and reimbursements.
- C. Subrecipient shall attend required meetings which could include but are not limited to technical assistance meetings.
- D. Subrecipient shall be responsive and involve other staff from their agency as needed to ensure grant compliance.

EXHIBIT C – FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS AND CERTIFICATIONS

Article 1

Assurance, Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, Representations, and Certifications

I. Recipients must complete either the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Standard Form 424B Assurances – Non- Construction Programs, or OMB Standard Form 424D Assurances – Construction Programs, as applicable. Certain assurances in these documents may not be applicable to your program and the DHS financial assistance office (DHS FAO) may require applicants to certify additional assurances. Applicants are required to fill out the assurances, as instructed.

Article 2

General Acknowledgements and Assurances

Recipients are required to follow the applicable provisions of the Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards in effect as of the federal award date and located in Title 2, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200 and adopted by DHS at 2 C.F.R. § 3002.10. All recipients and subrecipients must acknowledge and agree to provide DHS access to records, accounts, documents, information, facilities, and staff pursuant to 2 C.F.R. §200.337. I. Recipients must cooperate with any DHS compliance reviews or compliance investigations. II. Recipients must give DHS access to examine and copy records, accounts, and other documents and sources of information related to the federal award and permit access to facilities and personnel. III. Recipients must submit timely, complete, and accurate reports to the appropriate DHS officials and maintain appropriate backup documentation to support the reports. IV. Recipients must comply with all other special reporting, data collection, and evaluation requirements required by law, federal regulation, Notice of Funding Opportunity, federal award specific terms and conditions, and/or DHS Component program guidance. Organization costs related to data and evaluation are allowable. The definition of data and evaluation costs is in 2 C.F.R. § 200.455(c), the full text of which is incorporated by reference. V. Recipients must complete DHS Form 3095 within 60 days of receipt of the Notice of Award for the first award under which this term applies. For further instructions and to access the form, please visit: [HTTPS://www.dhs.gov/civil-rightsresources-recipients-dhs-financial-assistance](https://www.dhs.gov/civil-rightsresources-recipients-dhs-financial-assistance).

Article 3

Acknowledgement of Federal Funding from DHS

Recipients must acknowledge their use of federal award funding when issuing statements, press releases, requests for proposal, bid invitations, and other documents describing projects or programs funded in whole or in part with federal award funds.

Article 4

Activities Conducted Abroad

Recipients must coordinate with appropriate government authorities when performing project activities outside the United States obtain all appropriate licenses, permits, or approvals.

Article 5

Age Discrimination Act of 1975

Recipients must comply with the requirements of the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, Pub. L. No. 94-135 (codified as amended at Title 42, U.S. Code § 6101 et seq.), which prohibits discrimination on the basis of age in any program or activity receiving federal financial assistance.

Article 6

Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990

Recipients must comply with the requirements of Titles I, II, and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, Pub. L. No. 101-336 (1990) (codified as amended at 42 U.S.C. §§ 12101– 12213), which prohibits recipients from discriminating on the basis of disability in the operation of public entities, public and private transportation systems, places of public accommodation, and certain testing entities.

Article 7

Best Practices for Collection and Use of Personally Identifiable Information

(1) Recipients who collect personally identifiable information (PII) as part of carrying out the scope of work under a federal award are required to have a publicly available privacy policy that describes standards on the usage and maintenance of the PII they collect. (2) Definition. DHS defines “PII” as any information that permits the identity of an individual to be directly or indirectly inferred, including any information that is linked or linkable to that individual. Recipients may also find the DHS Privacy Impact Assessments: Privacy Guidance and Privacy Template as useful resources respectively.

Article 8

CHIPS and Science Act of 2022, Public Law 117-167 CHIPS

(1) Recipients of DHS research and development (R&D) awards must report to the DHS Component research program office any finding or determination of sex based and sexual harassment and/or an administrative or disciplinary action taken against principal investigators or co-investigators to be completed by an authorized organizational representative (AOR) at the recipient institution. (2) Notification. An AOR must disclose the following information to agencies within 10 days of the date/the finding is made, or 10 days from when a recipient imposes an administrative action on the reported individual, whichever is sooner. Reports should include: (a) Award number, (b) Name of PI or Co-PI being reported, (c) Awardee name, (d) Awardee address, (e) AOR name, title, phone, and email address, (f) Indication of the report type: (i) Finding or determination has been made that the reported individual violated awardee policies or codes of conduct, statutes, or regulations related to sexual harassment, sexual assault, or other forms of harassment, including the date that the finding was made. (ii) Imposition of an administrative or disciplinary action by the recipient on the reporting individual related to a finding/determination or an investigation of an alleged violation of recipient policy or codes of conduct, statutes, or regulations, or other forms of harassment. (iii) The date and nature of the administrative/disciplinary action, including a basic explanation or description of the event, which should not disclose personally identifiable information regarding any complaints or individuals involved. Any description provided must be consistent with the Family Educational Rights in Privacy Act. (3) Definitions. (a) An “authorized organizational representative (AOR)” is an administrative official who, on behalf of the proposing institution, is empowered to make certifications and representations and can commit the institution to the conduct of a project that an agency is being asked to support as well as adhere to various agency policies and award requirements. (b) “Principal investigators and co-principal investigators” are award personnel supported by a grant, cooperative agreement, or contract under Federal law. (c) A “reported individual” refers to recipient personnel who have been reported to a federal agency for potential sexual harassment violations. (d) “Sex based

harassment” means a form of sex discrimination and includes harassment based on sex, sex stereotypes, sex characteristics, pregnancy or related conditions, sexual orientation, and gender identity. (e) “Sexual harassment” means unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature when this conduct explicitly or implicitly affects an individual’s employment, unreasonably interferes with an individual’s work performance, or creates an intimidating, hostile, or offensive work environment, whether such activity is carried out by a supervisor or by a co-worker, volunteer, or contractor.

Article 9

Civil Rights Act of 1964 – Title VI

Recipients must comply with the requirements of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Pub. L. No. 88-352 (codified as amended at 42 U.S.C. § 2000d et seq.), which provides that no person in the United States will, on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving federal financial assistance. DHS implementing regulations for the Act are found at 6 C.F.R. Part 21.

Recipients of a federal award from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) must also comply with FEMA’s implementing regulations at 44C.F.R. Part 7.

Article 10

Civil Rights Act of 1968

Recipients must comply with Title VIII of the Civil Rights Act of 1968, Pub. L. No. 90-284 (codified as amended at 42 U.S.C. § 3601 et seq.) which prohibits recipients from discriminating in the sale, rental, financing, and advertising of dwellings, or in the provision of services in connection therewith, on the basis of race, color, national origin, religion, disability, familial status, and sex, as implemented by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development at 24 C.F.R. Part 100. The prohibition on disability discrimination includes the requirement that new multifamily housing with four or more dwelling units— i.e., the public and common use areas and individual apartment units (all units in buildings with elevators and ground-floor units in buildings without elevators)—be designed and constructed with certain accessible features. (See 24 C.F.R. Part 100, Subpart D.)

Article 11

Reserved

Article 12

Copyright

Recipients must affix the applicable copyright notices of 17 U.S.C. §§ 401 or 402 to any work first produced under federal awards and also include an acknowledgement that the work was produced under a federal award (including the federal award number and federal awarding agency). As detailed in 2 C.F.R. §200.315, a federal awarding agency reserves a royalty-free, nonexclusive, and irrevocable right to reproduce, publish, or otherwise use the work for federal purposes and to authorize others to do so.

Article 13

Debarment and Suspension

Recipients must comply with the non-procurement debarment and suspension regulations implementing Executive Orders 12549 and 12689 set forth at 2 C.F.R. Part 180 as implemented by DHS at 2 C.F.R. Part 3000. These regulations prohibit recipients from entering into covered transactions (such as subawards and contracts) with certain parties that are debarred, suspended, or otherwise excluded from or ineligible for participation in federal assistance programs or activities.

Article 14

Drug-Free Workplace Regulations

Recipients must comply with drug-free workplace requirements in Subpart B (or Subpart C, if the recipient is an individual) of 2 C.F.R. Part 3001, which adopts the Government-wide implementation (2 C.F.R. Part 182) of the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988 (41 U.S.C. §§ 8101-8106).

Article 15

Duplicative Costs

Recipients are prohibited from charging any cost to this federal award that will be included as a cost or used to meet cost sharing requirements of any other federal award in either the current or a prior budget period. See 2 C.F.R. § 200.403(f). However, recipients may shift costs that are allowable under two or more federal awards where otherwise permitted by federal statutes, regulations, or the federal award terms and conditions.

Article 16

Education Amendments of 1972 (Equal Opportunity in Education Act) –Title IX

Recipients must comply with the requirements of Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, Pub. L. No. 92-318 (codified as amended at 20 U.S.C. §1681 et seq.), which provide that no person in the United States will, on the basis of sex, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any educational program or activity receiving federal financial assistance. DHS implementing regulations are codified at 6 C.F.R. Part 17. Recipients of a federal award from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) must also comply with FEMA's implementing regulations at 44 C.F.R. Part19.

Article 17

Energy Policy and Conservation Act

Recipients must comply with the requirements of the Energy Policy and Conservation Act, Pub. L. No. 94-163 (1975) (codified as amended at 42 U.S.C. §6201 et seq.), which contain policies relating to energy efficiency that are defined in the state energy conservation plan issued in compliance with this Act.

Article 18

Equal Treatment of Faith-Based Organizations

It is DHS policy to ensure the equal treatment of faith-based organizations in social service programs administered or supported by DHS or its component agencies, enabling those organizations to participate in providing important social services to beneficiaries. Recipients must comply with the equal treatment policies and requirements contained in 6 C.F.R. Part 19 and other applicable statutes, regulations, and guidance governing the participations of faith-based organizations in individual DHS programs.

Article 19

Anti-Discrimination

Recipients must comply with all applicable Federal anti-discrimination laws material to the government's payment decisions for purposes of 31 U.S.C. § 372(b)(4). (1) Definitions. As used in this clause – (a) DEI means “diversity, equity, and inclusion.” (b) DEIA means “diversity, equity, inclusion, and accessibility.” (c) Discriminatory equity ideology has the meaning set forth in Section 2(b) of Executive Order 14190 of January 29, 2025. (d) Federal anti-discrimination laws mean Federal civil rights law that protect individual Americans from discrimination on the basis of race, color, sex, religion, and national origin. (e) Illegal immigrant means any alien, as defined in 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(3), who has no lawful immigration status in the United States. (2) Grant award certification. (a) By accepting the grant award, recipients are certifying that: (i) They do not, and will not during the term of this financial assistance award, operate any programs that advance or promote DEI, DEIA, or discriminatory equity ideology in violation of Federal anti-discrimination laws; and (ii) They do not engage in and will not during the term of this award engage in, a discriminatory prohibited boycott. (iii) [removed by *State of Illinois v. FEMA Injunction*] (3) DHS reserves the right to suspend payments in whole or in part and/or terminate financial assistance awards if the Secretary of Homeland Security or her designee determines that the recipient has violated any provision of subsection (2). (4) Upon suspension or termination under subsection (3), all funds received by the recipient shall be deemed to be in excess of the amount that the recipient is determined to be entitled to under the Federal award for purposes of 2 C.F.R. § 200.346. As such, all amounts received will constitute a debt to the Federal Government that may be pursued to the maximum extent permitted by law.

Article 20

False Claims Act and Program Fraud Civil Remedies

Recipients must comply with the requirements of the False Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. §§ 3729- 3733, which prohibit the submission of false or fraudulent claims for payment to the Federal Government. (See 31 U.S.C. §§ 3801-3812, which details the administrative remedies for false claims and statements made.)

Article 21

Federal Debt Status

All recipients are required to be non-delinquent in their repayment of any federal debt. Examples of relevant debt include delinquent payroll and other taxes, audit allowances, and benefit overpayments. See OMB Circular A-129.

Article 22

Federal Leadership on Reducing Text Messaging while Driving

Recipients are encouraged to adopt and enforce policies that ban text messaging while driving recipient-owned, recipient-rented, or privately owned vehicles when on official government business or when performing any work for or on behalf of the Federal Government. Recipients are also encouraged to conduct the initiatives of the type described in Section 3(a) of Executive Order 13513.

Article 23

Fly America Act of 1974

Recipients must comply with Preference for U.S. Flag Air Carriers (a list of certified air carriers can be found at: [Certificated Air Carriers List | US Department of Transportation, https://www.transportation.gov/policy/aviation-policy/certificated-aircarriers-list](https://www.transportation.gov/policy/aviation-policy/certificated-aircarriers-list)) for international air transportation of people and property to the extent that such service is available, in accordance with the International Air Transportation Fair Competitive Practices Act of 1974, 49 U.S.C. § 40118, and the interpretative guidelines issued by the Comptroller General of the United States in the March 31, 1981, amendment to Comptroller General Decision B-138942.

Article 24

Hotel and Motel Fire Safety Act of 1990

Recipients must ensure that all conference, meeting, convention, or training space funded entirely or in part by federal award funds complies with the fire prevention and control guidelines of Section 6 of the Hotel and Motel Fire Safety Act of 1990, 15 U.S.C. § 2225a.

Article 25

John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act of Fiscal Year 2019

Recipients, subrecipients, and their contractors and subcontractors are subject to the prohibitions described in section 889 of the John S. McCain National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2019, Pub. L. No. 115-232 (2018) and 2 C.F.R. §§200.216, 200.327, 200.471, and Appendix II to 2 C.F.R. Part 200. The statute – a sit applies to DHS recipients, subrecipients, and their contractors and subcontractors– prohibits obligating or expending federal award funds on certain telecommunications and video surveillance products and contracting with certain entities for national security reasons.

Article 26

Limited English Proficiency (Civil Rights Act of 1964, Title VI)

Recipients must comply with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. §2000d et seq.) prohibition against discrimination on the basis of national origin, which requires that recipients of federal financial assistance take reasonable steps to provide meaningful access to persons with limited English proficiency (LEP) to their programs and services. For additional assistance and information regarding language access obligations, please refer to the DHS Recipient Guidance: <https://www.dhs.gov/guidance-published-help-department-supported-organizationsprovide-meaningful-access-people-limited> and additional resources on <http://www.lep.gov>.

Article 27

Lobbying Prohibitions

Recipients must comply with 31 U.S.C. § 1352 and 6 C.F.R. Part 9, which provide that none of the funds provided under a federal award may be expended by the recipient to pay any person to influence, or attempt to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with any federal action related to a federal award or contract, including any extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification. Per 6 C.F.R. Part 9, recipients must file a lobbying certification form as described in Appendix A to 6 C.F.R. Part 9 or available on Grants.gov as the Grants.gov Lobbying Form and file a lobbying disclosure form as described in Appendix B to 6 C.F.R. Part 9 or available on Grants.gov as the Disclosure of Lobbying Activities (SF-LLL).

Article 28

National Environmental Policy Act

Recipients must comply with the requirements of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, Pub. L. No. 91-190 (1970) (codified as amended at 42 U.S.C. § 4321 et seq.) (NEPA) and the Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ) Regulations for Implementing the Procedural Provisions of NEPA, which require recipients to use all practicable means within their authority, and consistent with other essential considerations of national policy, to create and maintain conditions under which people and nature can exist in productive harmony and fulfill the social, economic, and other needs of present and future generations of Americans.

Article 29

National Security Presidential Memorandum-33 (NSPM-33) and provisions of the CHIPS and Science Act of 2022, Pub. L. 117-167, Section 10254

(1) Recipient research institutions (“covered institutions”) must comply with the requirements in NSPM-33 and provisions of Pub. L. 117-167, Section 10254 (codified at 42 U.S.C. § 18951) certifying that the institution has established and operates a research security program that includes elements relating to: (a) cybersecurity; (b) foreign travel security; (c) research security training; and (d) export control training, as appropriate. (2) Definition. “Covered institutions” means recipient research institutions receiving federal Research and Development (R&D) science and engineering support “in excess of \$50 million per year.”

Article 30

Non-Supplanting Requirement

Recipients of federal awards under programs that prohibit supplanting by law must ensure that federal funds supplement but do not supplant non-federal funds that, in the absence of such federal funds, would otherwise have been made available for the same purpose.

Article 31

Notice of Funding Opportunity Requirements

All the instructions, guidance, limitations, scope of work, and other conditions set forth in the Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) for this federal award are incorporated by reference. All recipients must comply with any such requirements set forth in the NOFO. If a condition of the NOFO is inconsistent with these terms and conditions and any such terms of the federal award, the condition in the NOFO shall be invalid to the extent of the inconsistency. The remainder of that condition and all other conditions set forth in the NOFO shall remain in effect.

Article 32

Patents and Intellectual Property Rights

Recipients are subject to the Bayh-Dole Act, 35 U.S.C. § 200 et seq. and applicable regulations governing inventions and patents, including the regulations issued by the Department of Commerce at 37 C.F.R. Part 401 (Rights to Inventions Made by Nonprofit Organizations and Small Business Firms under Government Awards, Contracts, and Cooperative Agreements) and the standard patent rights clause set forth at 37 C.F.R. § 401.14.

Article 33

Presidential Executive Orders

Recipients must comply with the requirements of Presidential Executive Orders related to grants (also known as federal assistance and financial assistance), the full text of which are incorporated by reference.

Article 34

Procurement of Recovered Materials

States, political subdivisions of states, and their contractors must comply with Section 6002 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act, Pub. L. No. 89-272 (1965) (codified as amended by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act at 42 U.S.C. § 6962) and 2 C.F.R. § 200.323. The requirements of Section 6002 include procuring only items designated in guidelines of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) at 40 C.F.R. Part 247 that contain the highest percentage of recovered materials practicable, consistent with maintaining a satisfactory level of competition.

Article 35

Rehabilitation Act of 1973

Recipients must comply with the requirements of Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Pub. L. No. 93-112 (codified as amended at 29 U.S.C. § 794), which provides that no otherwise qualified handicapped individuals in the United States will, solely by reason of the handicap, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be subjected to discrimination under any program or activity receiving federal financial assistance.

Article 36

Reserved

Article 37

Reserved

Article 38

Required Use of American Iron, Steel, Manufactured Products, and Construction Materials

(1) Recipients of a federal award from a financial assistance program that provides funding for infrastructure are hereby notified that none of the funds provided under this federal award may be used for a project for infrastructure unless: (a) all iron and steel used in the project are produced in the United States—this means all manufacturing processes, from the initial melting stage through the application of coatings, occurred in the United States; (b) all manufactured products used in the project are produced in the United States—this means the manufactured product was manufactured in the United States; and the cost of the components of the manufactured product that are mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States is greater than 55 percent of the total cost of all components of the manufactured product, unless another standard for determining the minimum amount of domestic content of the manufactured product has been established under applicable law or regulation; and (c) all construction materials are manufactured in the United States—this means that all manufacturing processes for the construction material occurred in the United States. (2) The Buy America preference only applies to articles, materials, and supplies that are consumed in, incorporated into, or affixed to an infrastructure project. As such, it does not apply to tools, equipment, and supplies, such as temporary scaffolding, brought to the construction site and removed at or before the completion of the infrastructure project. Nor does a Buy America preference apply to equipment and furnishings, such as movable chairs, desks, and portable

computer equipment, that are used at or within the finished infrastructure project but are not an integral part of the structure or permanently affixed to the infrastructure project. (3) Waivers When necessary, recipients may apply for, and the agency may grant, a waiver from these requirements. The agency should notify the recipient for information on the process for requesting a waiver from these requirements. (a) When the Federal agency has determined that one of the following exceptions applies, the federal awarding official may waive the application of the domestic content procurement preference in any case in which the agency determines that: (i) applying the domestic content procurement preference would be inconsistent with the public interest; (ii) the types of iron, steel, manufactured products, or construction materials are not produced in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available quantities or of a satisfactory quality; or (iii) the inclusion of iron, steel, manufactured products, or construction materials produced in the United States will increase the cost of the overall project by more than 25 percent. (b) A request to waive the application of the domestic content procurement preference must be in writing. The agency will provide instructions on the format, contents, and supporting materials required for any waiver request. Waiver requests are subject to public comment periods of no less than 15 days and must be reviewed by the Made in America Office. (c) There may be instances where a federal award qualifies, in whole or in part, for an existing waiver described at “Buy America” Preference in FEMA Financial Assistance Programs for Infrastructure | FEMA.gov. (4) Definitions. The definitions applicable to this term are set forth at 2 C.F.R. § 184.3, the full text of which is incorporated by reference.

Article 39

SAFECOM

Recipients receiving federal awards made under programs that provide emergency communication equipment and its related activities must comply with the SAFECOM Guidance for Emergency Communication Grants, including provisions on technical standards that ensure and enhance interoperable communications. The SAFECOM Guidance is updated annually and can be found at Funding and Sustainment | CISA.

Article 40

Subrecipient Monitoring and Management

Pass-through entities must comply with the requirements for subrecipient monitoring and management as set forth in 2 C.F.R. §§ 200.331-333.

Article 41

System for Award Management and Unique Entity Identifier Requirements

Recipients are required to comply with the requirements set forth in the governmentwide federal award term and condition regarding the System for Award Management and Unique Entity Identifier Requirements in 2 C.F.R. Part 25, Appendix A, the full text of which is incorporated reference.

Article 42

Reserved

Article 43

Terrorist Financing

Recipients must comply with Executive Order 13224 and applicable statutory prohibitions on transactions with, and the provisions of resources and support to, individuals and organizations associated with terrorism. Recipients are legally responsible for ensuring compliance with the Executive Order and laws.

Article 44

Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (TVPA)

Recipients must comply with the requirements of the government-wide federal award term and condition which implements Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000, Pub. L. No. 106-386, § 106 (codified as amended at 22 U.S.C. § 7104). The federal award term and condition is in 2 C.F.R. § 175.105, the full text of which is incorporated by reference.

Article 45

Uniting and Strengthening America by Providing Appropriate Tools Required to Intercept and Obstruct Terrorism (USA PATRIOT) Act of 2001, Pub. L. 107-56

Recipients must comply with the requirements of Pub. L. 107-56, Section 817 of the USA PATRIOT Act, which amends 18 U.S.C. §§ 175–175c.

Article 46

Use of DHS Seal, Logo and Flags

Recipients must obtain written permission from DHS prior to using the DHS seals, logos, crests, or reproductions of flags, or likenesses of DHS agency officials. This includes use of DHS component (e.g., FEMA, CISA, etc.) seals, logos, crests, or reproductions of flags, or likenesses of component officials.

Article 47

Whistleblower Protection Act

Recipients must comply with the statutory requirements for whistleblower protections in 10 U.S.C § 470141 U.S.C. § 4712.

Article 48

Environmental Planning and Historic Preservation (EHP) Review

DHS/FEMA funded activities that could have an impact on the environment are subject to the FEMA EHP review process. This review does not address all federal, state, and local requirements. Acceptance of federal funding requires the recipient to comply with all federal, state, and local laws. DHS/FEMA is required to consider the potential impacts to natural and cultural resources of all projects funded bids/FEMA grant funds, through its EHP review process, as mandated by: the National Environmental Policy Act; Endangered Species Act; National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, as amended; Clean Water Act; Clean Air Act; National Flood Insurance Program regulations; and any other applicable laws, regulations and executive orders. General guidance for FEMA's EHP process is available on the DHS/FEMA Website. Specific applicant guidance on how to submit information for EHP review depends on the individual grant program. Applicants should contact their grant Program Officer to be put into contact with EHP staff responsible for assisting their specific grant program. The FEMA EHP review process must be completed before funds are released to carry out the proposed project,

otherwise, DHS/FEMA may not be able to fund the project due to noncompliance with EHP laws, executive orders, regulations, and policies. DHS/FEMA may also need to perform a project closeout review to ensure the applicant complied with all required conditions identified in the initial review. If ground disturbing activities occur during construction, the applicant will monitor the ground disturbance, and if any potential archaeological resources are discovered, the applicant will immediately cease work in that area and notify the pass-through entity, if applicable, and DHS/FEMA. EO 11988, Floodplain Management, and EO 11990, Protection of Wetlands, require that all federal actions in or affecting the floodplain or wetlands be reviewed for opportunities to relocate, and be evaluated for social, economic, historical, environmental, legal, and safety considerations. FEMA's regulations at 44 C.F.R. Part 9 implement the EOs and require an eight-step review process if a proposed action is in a floodplain or wetland or has the potential to affect or be affected by a floodplain or wetland. The regulation also requires that the federal agency provide public notice of the proposed action at the earliest possible time to provide the opportunity for public involvement in the decision-making process (44 C.F.R. § 9.8). Where there is no opportunity to relocate the federal action, FEMA is required to undertake a detailed review to determine what measures can be taken to minimize future damages to the floodplain or wetland.

Applicability of DHS Standard Terms and Conditions to Tribal Nations

The DHS Standard Terms and Conditions are a restatement of general requirements imposed upon recipients and flow down to sub-recipients as a matter of law, regulation, or executive order. If the requirement does not apply to Tribal Nations, or there is a federal law or regulation exempting its application to Tribal Nations, then the acceptance by Tribal Nations, or acquiescence to DHS Standard Terms and Conditions does not change or alter its inapplicability to a Tribal Nation. The execution of grant documents is not intended to change, alter, amend, or impose additional liability or responsibility upon the Tribal Nations where it does not already exist.

Article 50

Reserved

Article 51

Disposition of Equipment Acquired Under the Federal Award

When original or replacement equipment acquired under this award is no longer needed for the original project or program or for other activities currently or previously supported by a federal awarding agency, the non-state recipient or subrecipient (including subrecipients of a State or Tribal Nation), must request instructions from FEMA to make proper disposition of the equipment pursuant to 2 C.F.R. section 200.313(e). State recipients must follow the disposition requirements in accordance with State laws and procedures. 2 C.F.R. section 200.313(b). Tribal Nations must follow the disposition requirements in accordance with Tribal laws and procedures noted in 2 C.F.R. section 200.313(b); and if such laws and procedures do not exist, then Tribal Nations must follow the disposition instructions in 2 C.F.R. section 200.313(e).

Article 52

Reserved

Article 53

Reserved

Article 54

Build America, Buy America Act (BABAA) Required Contract Provision & Self-Certification

In addition to the DHS Standard Terms & Conditions regarding Required Use of American Iron, Steel, Manufactured Products, and Construction Materials, recipients and subrecipients of FEMA financial assistance for programs that are subject to BABAA must include a Buy America preference contract provision as noted in 2 C.F.R. section 184.4 and a self-certification as required by the FEMA Buy America Preference in FEMA Financial Assistance Programs for Infrastructure (FEMA Interim Policy #207-22-0001). This requirement applies to all subawards, contracts, and purchase orders for work performed, or products supplied under the FEMA award subject to BABAA.

EXHIBIT D – RESERVED

EXHIBIT E - INFORMATION REQUIRED BY 2 CFR § 200.332(A)(1)

Federal Award Identification:

- (i) Subrecipient* name (which must match registered name in SAM): Columbia County
 - (ii) Subrecipient's Unique Entity Identifier (SAM): Columbia County
 - (iii) Federal Award Identification Number (FAIN): EMS-2025-EP-05002
 - (iv) Federal Award Date: February 6, 2026
 - (v) Sub-award Period of Performance Start and End Date: July 1, 2025 to June 30, 2026.
 - (vi) Sub-award budget period start and end dates: July 1, 2025 to June 30, 2026.
 - (vii) Amount of Federal Funds Obligated by this action by the pass-through entity to the subrecipient: \$73643
 - (viii) Total Amount of Federal Funds Obligated to the subrecipient by the pass-through entity including the current financial obligation: \$73643
 - (ix) Total Amount of the Federal Award committed to the subrecipient by the pass-through entity: \$73643
 - (x) Federal award project description as required to be responsive to the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (FFATA): The Fiscal Year (FY) 2025 Emergency Management Performance Grant (EMPG) Program is one of the grant programs that constitute DHS/FEMA's focus on all-hazards emergency preparedness. These grant programs are part of a comprehensive set of measures authorized by Congress and implemented by DHS/FEMA to assist state, local, tribal, and territorial emergency management agencies to implement the National Preparedness System and the National Preparedness Goal of a secure and resilient nation (xi) Name of Federal awarding agency, pass-through entity, and contact information for awarding official of the Pass-through entity:
 - (a) Name of Federal awarding agency: U.S. Department of Homeland Security, Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)/Grant Programs Directorate (GPD)
 - (b) Name of pass-through entity: Oregon Department of Emergency Management
 - (c) Contact information for awarding official of the pass-through entity: Erin McMahon, Director
 - (xii) The Federal Assistance Listing (formerly CFDA) Number and Name: 97.042 Emergency Management Performance Grant
Amount: \$4,779,512.00
 - (xiii) Is Award R&D? No
 - (xiv) Indirect cost rate for the Federal award: N/A
- * For the purposes of this Exhibit E, "pass-through entity" refers to OEM.

EXHIBIT F – RESERVED